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Germans Advance on Direct Road to Russian Capital

London, Oct. 10.

FLINGING fresh thousands of men, tanks and planes into the field without regard to losses, the Germans have made further advances in several sectors of the Viazma area on the direct road to Moscow.

This is admitted in Moscow where the official news agency states that numerically superior German forces have surrounded or pushed back some of the units defending the capital.

The battle is raging with almost unparallelled ferocity in the Viazma area. The Russians are resisting tenaciously and with grim determination, even surrounded units fighting on and often firing their guns at point blank range on German tanks and separating advancing infantry from their tanks.

One Soviet unit when surrounded launched a counter-attack and routed a mechanized force, killing 4,000 Germans, according to the Soviet news agency. Another unit in this area is said to have killed 1,000.

The discipline of the Soviet troops, who are now accustomed to German methods, enables them to remain calm despite the surrounding of individual units by the enemy.

This comment in the Soviet army newspaper "Red Star," both editorially and in despatches, is an interesting feature of today's news. The leader states: "Stubbornly defending themselves and incessantly counter-attacking they hit hard at the enemy's technical and human strength. If forced to withdraw under pressure of the numerically superior enemy a retreat is organized in a manner to fulfill the orders of the High Command and to preserve both their material and discipline. Taking up new position they continue to ward off the assault."

Mass Raids on Nazis

The "Red Star" tells of a successful mass air raids on armoured columns and the appearance of more Soviet reserves in the gigantic struggle. The editorial gives an absolute denial of Dr. P. Josef Goebbels' claim that Marshal Timoshenko's armies are surrounded.

A despatch from the Orel sector to the "Red Star" states that the southern claw of Herr Hitler's huge pincer movement against the capital has been held. This is a result of determined resistance just north of Orel, the German columns having turned north after taking the city. The way northward here is now blocked, states the despatch and the situation now requires consolidation.

Wave after wave of Soviet dive bombers (and Russia's newer model dive bomber is acknowledged to be of very high quality) have been bombing incessantly armoured and mechanized columns concentrated in the Viazma and Briansk sectors.

The daily "Pravda" states that owing to present weather conditions these attacks frequently have to be

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Nazis Biting Off More Than They Can Chew

By "Annalist"

London, Oct. 10.

There is a homely American popular saying which is as true dietetically as it is strategically. It is: "Don't bite off more than you can chew." Its application to conditions on the eastern front is obvious.

If pincers try to nip off too big a portion of the front they cannot easily close and, therefore, cannot encircle the enemy. The present German thrust is being made at Viazma and Briansk, the two places being about 120 miles apart. One would have expected from the sensational claims of the German propaganda bureau and the statements by Dr. Otto Dietrich (press chief) in particular that these two arms of the pincers were closing behind the main forces of Marshal Semyon Konstantinovitch Timoshenko, who would thus be trapped.

Pincers Opening—Not Closing

But the latest Russian communique, while admitting a big setback, shows that the southern arm of the pincers is opening wider rather than closing as Orel is south-east of Briansk. It would almost appear as though, following the line of least resistance, the Germans were having to move rather away from Moscow in order to outflank the Russian forces, with the necessary consequence that the process of mastication will be more and more difficult.

There is nothing to show that the northern arm of the pincer at Viazma has been able to bend southwards. Therefore to claim that Marshal Timoshenko's forces are enveloped is, to say the least, premature.

Some Significant Hedging

It will be noticed, too, that Dr. Dietrich hedges very significantly in his talk to foreign press representatives because he says: "If we consider that the armies of Voroshilov are enclosed in Leningrad and the armies of Budienny practically settled, there can be no doubt that the whole of the Soviet front is smashed." This is a very big "if," and the whole claim is reminiscent of the previous German boast that the road to Moscow was open, and that the Russians were "practically" non-existent. It is a characteristic boast which is chiefly wishful thinking with the object of stimulating German moral.

That the German threat is very serious and has achieved big results is unquestionable, but it is too early to speak of annihilation of Russian resistance. The Russians have disclosed astounding powers of fighting and recuperation in this campaign, and their communiques have been the only absolutely reliable guide to the progress of operations.—Reuter.

British, U.S. Missions Back In England

London, Oct. 10.

The British and American missions to Russia arrived back in this country yesterday and strolled about the platform of a British railway station unrecognised by hurrying crowds making their way to and from trains.

Lord Beaverbrook and his party were in the best of spirits. He would not talk about the conference, but said the "Russians are stout-hearted people. For obvious reasons I cannot tell you anything about what happened in Moscow, but I can tell you that we have had a very pleasant journey home."

Admiral Standley, a member of the American mission, was more talkative, having some encouraging words to say about the moral of the Russians. "The Russians are determined to fight this through," he said. "My impression is that if the Nazis succeed in taking Moscow, the Russians are prepared to move their line back and continue the struggle."

Not Downhearted

They are not downhearted," the Admiral continued. "The Germans may have temporary successes, but I do think that these successes will not discourage the Russians. I am sure that they will fight to the finish."

He added that the moral of the Russians surprised him. "They are standing up to the strain much better than I expected."

Reporters found it amusing to hear the single eager question asked by all members of the mission, which has been making headlines for weeks —"What is the latest news?"—Reuter.

Press Demands Aid for Russia

London, Oct. 10.

The British press today took up the cry of "Can't we do something," which is echoing throughout the country in a wave of national frustration regarding Russia's grave situation.

From the conservative "Times" to the blatant "Daily Sketch," every newspaper demanded some action—anything—to relieve the pressure on the desperately fighting Russians.

Several newspapers hinted that there would be a grave Government crisis if Russia falls.

"The Times" called for "boldness within bounds of reason," while the "Daily Express" called for "enterprise and work."

The "Daily Sketch" demanded that Britain "carry the fight into France. Let us fight on beaches and everywhere the German raises his beastly head."

With the failure of the Russians to better their positions, with Anglo-American aid many months off and with the British apparently unable to send a striking force to the Continent, the unanimous tone of the nation's press opinion was that Britain and not Germany had "missed the bus" this time.—United Press.

Full Statement Expected

London, Oct. 10.

The Government, it is believed, will be asked in the House of Commons shortly to give a full statement on the military situation in Russia. Lord Beaverbrook, who returned today, will be in a position to place before the War Cabinet first-hand information regarding the Soviet Government's policy, and this will enable the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, to frame an appropriate answer.

The diplomatic correspondent of the "Daily Mail" says: "The Government have not spared themselves to make the biggest possible effort to aid Russia, but this will not satisfy opinion in the House of Commons. If Mr. Churchill's answer should lead to a general debate, we shall hear insistent demands for immediate British military action on the continent. There are many members who believe the best way to help Russia would be to begin such operations which might cause Hitler to reduce the power behind his attack on Russia."—Reuter.

Woodrum Lauds Red Army

Washington, Oct. 10.

Mr. Clifton Woodrum, Democratic Representative of Virginia, yesterday during a debate on the lend-lease supplemental bill said that he hoped that a "sizeable and effective portion of lend-lease materials will find its way to Russia."

He also lauded the Red Army as the first and only force displaying the ability to "halt or slow up the hordes of Chancellor Adolf Hitler." He also predicted that historians would record that President Roosevelt and Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, have "done a splendid job in this black period."—United Press.

Harriman's Tribute to Lord Beaverbrook

A tribute to Lord Beaverbrook's work during the recent Moscow conferences was paid by Mr. Averill Harriman, head of the United States Mission to Moscow, when he returned to London with Lord Beaverbrook and the British Mission yesterday.

After refusing to comment on the Moscow talks until Lord Beaverbrook had made a statement, Mr. Harriman said that the success of the recent talks in Moscow was a great achievement on the part of Lord Beaverbrook.

French Study Factory Closure

Vichy, Oct. 10.

Committees composed of workers, employers and engineers, designated by heavy industries, met in Paris yesterday to study methodically the closing of a high proportion of industries because of the lack of coal, coke, iron, steel and other raw materials.

The delegates met with the Secretary of State for industrial production, M. Francois le Hideaux. The lack of materials is due to almost total suspension of deliveries from Germany, Luxembourg, Belgium and Holland or other countries under German control.

The committee will seek to eliminate those industries whose operating methods are not economical or not sufficiently modern. However, they hope to keep open as many factories as raw materials will permit but to scatter them so as to prevent too widespread unemployment.—United Press.

Soviet Tanks Reoccupy Village

One of a column of Soviet tanks as it entered a village from which the Germans had just been chased out. Thousands of these vehicles are now locked in battle on the central Russian front, and are giving a good account of themselves against huge forces which the Nazis have massed and are using without any regard for losses.

Ichang City Entered Chinese Claim; Japanese "Disarmed"

Chungking, Oct. 10.

CHINESE troops broke into Ichang on two routes two days ago and engaged the Japanese in front of the Customs House, according to a communique issued here at midnight.

The Chinese occupied sections of the waterfront and disarmed 150 Japanese, the statement declares.

Six more points round Ichang have been captured and Tanyang, northeast of the city, is at present being attacked by Chinese troops, the communique added.—Reuter.

Japan Believed Seeking Limited Trade Agreement

Washington, Oct. 10.

Apparently facing failure in the "peace talks" with the United States, the Japanese Government today was reported to be concentrating its efforts toward working out a limited commercial agreement to help its crippled economy.—United Press.

In State of Suspense

Washington, Oct. 10.

As reports from the Far East again show the Japanese press to be in a belligerent mood toward the United States, some quarters prominent a few weeks ago in asserting that a Japanese-American comprehensive agreement was near are again declaring that such an agreement is near signature.

Strangely enough, Mr. Cordell Hull, at a press conference yesterday, seemed unaware of this, and no State Department source seems to have heard of the alleged forthcoming agreement.

On the contrary, there is every indication that the conversations, which have never reached the state of being negotiations, are still in a state of suspense.

There was some comment yesterday on the reported appeal of the Japanese news agency that Germany should halt the war in Russia and concentrate on Britain.

Why?

The "New York Times" asks why, when German armies appear to be driving right to the Kremlin, does Japan urge Berlin to end the war with Russia before her resources are exhausted? The paper says the Japanese news agency could not speak as it did without official approval, and thinks that either watchful Japanese believe that Samson is being shorn of his strength in Russia, exposing his allies to the danger of facing the Western Powers alone, or they advise the Germans to turn toward the Suez and engage the British because they fear that a Hitler victory in Russia will bring the Nazis too close to the gates of Asia.

"It sounds as if if they prefer at least the width of a continent between themselves and their western ally," adds the paper.

A Scripps-Howard editorial thinks that the Battle of Russia may decide the issue of war or peace in the Pacific, and that, now that Germany is advancing, the Japanese generals are preparing for an attack in Siberia.

A Petain Peace

A Nazi victory in European Russia and Japanese gains in the East, the paper asserts, might force Stalin to accept a Petain peace, but if Hitler fails to win a decisive battle within two or three weeks the Japanese will have lost their best chance for a victorious war.

The editorial says that though Tokyo militarists accuse the United States of stringing out the talks with

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 4 *)

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Japanese troops taking part in the Changsha operations have "returned to their original positions following completion of the Changsha campaign," it was announced from the headquarters of the Japanese expeditionary forces in central China yesterday.

"The Japanese army is always prepared to strike and crush Chiang Kai-shek's forces again in the Changsha region if and when Chungking is ready," said a spokesman of the Japanese forces, according to a Hankow despatch to the Japanese news agency. He made his statement in connection with the return of Japanese forces to their original positions and imputed inaccuracy to Chungking claims that Japanese casualties were 40,000.—Reuter.

Japanese Changsha Claims

Hankow, Oct 9.

Chinese forces in the Changsha campaign lost 82,837 men killed in action, while 8,296 were taken prisoner by the Japanese, according to an announcement by the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in Central China.

The announcement said that Chungking threw into the battle 34 divisions, composed of 450,000 troops.

War equipment captured included 105 cannons, 60,000 rounds of ammunition, 244 heavy machine-guns, 802 light machine guns, 532 trench mortars, 13,653 rifles, 8,291,190 rounds of machine-gun and rifle bullets as well as vast quantities of other war materials, the announcement added —Domei.

Press Party Flight

Changsha, Oct. 10.

The areas to the south of the Sintsiang river are at present cleared of Japanese troops, according to the headquarters of General Hsueh Yo, Commander-in-Chief of the Changsha area, which claims that Japanese troops, withdrawing to the north after the Changsha battle, crossed the Sintsiang river on Wednesday night.

The Chinese and Japanese forces are said to be at present facing each other in their original positions prior to the Japanese offensive of September 17, or approximateley 90 miles to the north of Changsha city.

It is added that the Chinese vanguard have crossed the Sintsiang river, reaching points in the vicinity of Tayunshan.

The inhabitants of Changsha gave Reuter yesterday their version of the story of the Japanese press party flight over Changsha. They said that a large number of the Chinese population took refuge in the compounds of German and Italian missionaries when the situation was critical, and alleged that the German and Italian missionaries here organized these refugees and made them gather in the open and wave their hands when the Japanese press party flew overhead.

As soon as the situation was stabilized the Hunan Provincial Government ordered the deportation of the German and Italian missionaries here on a charge of "subversive activities." Twelve of them have already left Changsha, encountering the press party early Wednesday morning in Siangtang.

The issue threatens the status of other German and Italian missionaries in Free China, who were permitted by the Chinese Goverrment to remain, after the breaking off of diplomatic relations, on the condition that they obeyed Chinese laws.—Reuter.

Nazis Fail to Get Chrome From Turkey

Ankara, Oct. 10.

Behind the vagueness and restraint which are the keynote of the trade agreement between Turkey and Germany issued on Thursday night, it is clear that the Germans failed to obtain their valuable chrome requirements from Turkey next year.

The communique itself, which contains no reference to chrome, makes no mention of either the method of payment under the agreement, nor of the exchange rate, although it is understood that deliveries and clearing, which are on a strictly barter basis, are to be made at the Turkish border.—Reuter.

R.A.F. Takes Sharp Revenge on Nazi Raiders

London, Oct. 10.

Hurtling into the air after the night dive-bombing on Tuesday of a southeast coast town, a stream of British fighters amounting to several squadrons took off at dawn and surprised the Junkers 87s which carried out the raid, it was learned today.

The British found the German planes dispersed around a French airfield, and shot them up while murderously demolishing anti-aircraft posts with cannon fire. At least 10 Stukas were destroyed, most of them burned up or torn to bits by cannon fire.—United Press.

Successful Night In Middle East

Cairo, Oct. 10.

The R.A.F. in the Middle East had a successful and busy night on October 7/8, "Many bombs were dropped on Tripoli harbour during the night," a communique reads. "One merchant vessel was repeatedly hit and set on fire. It was burning fiercely when the last of our aircraft left the target.

"The Spanish Quay and the seaplane base also suffered direct hits, and some lighters moored to the quay were destroyed. One merchant vessel some miles west of Tripoli was attacked in the light of the moon. Two hits were observed, and subsequent explosions occurred. The ship was also machine-gunned, and left with her stern under water, and the crew pulling away in boats.

Motor Transport Attacked

"Motor transport on the road between Misurata and Sirte was attacked during the day of October 8, and many lorries were destroyed, severely damaged or forced off the road. One large petrol tanker blew up.

"On the night of October 7/8 naval aircraft carried out dive-bombing attacks on the north and south landing grounds at Gazala. Explosions and fires occurred, and a number of enemy aircraft dispersed on the ground were severely damaged.

"From all operations one of our aircraft is missing.

"During the night of October 7/8 two German aircraft attempted to raid the Suez Canal zone. Both of them were brought down and their crews captured."—Reuter.

Successes Of British Fighters

London, Oct. 10.

British fighters carried out a number of offensive patrols over the Channel and occupied territory yesterday. An Air Ministry communique states that in the Calais area an enemy fighter was destroyed as it was taking off. At Ostend an enemy seaplane was destroyed at its mooring, and shipping in the harbour attacked. One supply ship was set on fire and another damaged. A flak ship was also damaged.

Off the Cherbourg peninsula a small enemy tanker was set on fire. No British aircraft are missing from these operations.

An enemy bomber which approached the south coast yesterday afternoon was shot down into the Channel by R.A.F. fighters. Otherwise there was nothing to report during daylight.

Two Nazi Planes Shot Down

A Junkers 88 which approached the south coast yesterday afternoon was shot down in the Channel by British fighters. Another British fighter on offensive patrol in the Calais area destroyed a Messerschmitt 109.

Single Nazi Plane Over Britain

"Early last night a single enemy aircraft dropped bombs at one place on the south-west coast of England," says an Air Ministry communique issued this morning. "A few houses were damaged and a small number of people sustained slight injuries."—Reuter.

Germans in Middle East Worried By British Control of "No-Man's-Land"

Cairo, Oct. 10.

"The Germans surrounding Tobruk are obviously most worried by our control of 'no man's land' and have resorted, for the first time, to the use of tanks at night in order to combat our patrols," declared a British military spokesman yesterday in commenting on the British Middle East communique issued yesterday.

He added that the terrific morale of the Tobruk garrison was demonstrated by the fact that they show indifference to the enemy, and do not hesitate to attack tanks, even by hand.

Sequel to Tank Attack

A German tank attack against the eastern sector of the defences of the Tobruk garrison had an immediate sequel in new deep penetrations by Tobruk patrols. This is disclosed in the latest G.H.Q. communique, which states:

"Libya, Tobruk: With the object of trying to limit our patrol activity and regain from our troops their mastery of the no-man's-land, the Germans during the night of October 7-8 employed a number of tanks in areas facing the eastern sector of our Tobruk defences.

"Undeterred by this new feature, our patrols again penetrated deeply into enemy positions, seriously damaging one German tank by the use of hand-grenades.

"In the frontier area, our patrols again scoured the country, and our artillery successfully engaged and dispersed a party of the enemy."—Reuter.

Arming of Merchant Ships Asked By FDR In Note to Congress

Washington, Oct. 10.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt yesterday urgently asked Congress to authorize the arming of American merchantships by annulling provisions of the Neutrality Law, declaring that "we will not let Chancellor Adolf Hitler prescribe the waters of the world on which our ships may travel."

In a special message to Congress, the President declared: "I recommend repeal of Section VI of the Act of November 4, 1939 which prohibits the arming of American flagships engaged in foreign commerce.

"We cannot permit the affirmative defence of our rights to be annulled and diluted by sections of the Neutrality Act which have no realism in the light of unscrupulous ambitions of mad men," the message added.

The President declared that "there are other phases of the Neutrality Act to the correction of which I hope Congress will give earnest and early attention," apparently an indication he would ask for permission to send American ships into belligerent ports, thereby opening new routes for the flow of supplies to Britain.

"We intend to maintain a policy of protecting freedom of the seas against domination by any foreign power which has become crazed with the desire to control the world," he declared.

Repeal of Section 6 Recommended

Senator Tom Connally, Democrat of Texas and Chairman of the powerful Foreign Relations Committee, and Representative Sol Bloom, Democrat of New York and Chairman of the similar House Committee, introduced in both houses immediately after the clerks had read the President's message bills providing for simple and outright repeal of Section VI of the Act.

In his message to Congress, the President declared that in addition to the present change in the Act that he desired, "one of these provisions (of the Neutrality Act) is of more importance. I believe that it is essential to proper defence of our country that we cease giving definite assistance which we are now giving to aggressors. For, in effect, we are inviting their control of the seas by keeping our ships out of ports of our own friends."

The statement apparently referred to his desire to repeal provisions of the Act setting up combat zones into which American ships cannot enter.

"It is time for this country to stop playing into Herr Hitler's hands and

[United Press.

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Enough Guns to Arm All Merchantmen

Washington, Oct. 10.

There are enough guns to arm all American merchantmen as soon as Congress gives the word, state administration leaders. Leading editorials approve President Roosevelt's message to Congress urging speedy revision of the Neutrality Act to permit the arming of merchantmen, but several papers demand more.

The "New York Herald-Tribune" also urges removal of the ban on the sailing of United States ships to foreign ports. The "Washington Post" demands outright repeal of the Neutrality Act.—Reuter.

Senators Comment On Roosevelt's Message

Washington, Oct. 10.

President Roosevelt's message to Congress leaves no doubt regarding the Administration's intention to seek later on the abrogation of other clauses of the Neutrality Act.

In order not to meet with any delay in Congress, the President merely asked for authorization to arm merchantmen, and the general opinion is that he will obtain satisfaction without much opposition.

A Complete Picture

Commenting on his message, Representative Sam Rayburn, Speaker of the House of Representatives, termed it "a complete picture of the situation."

"Congress must act and I believe that it will act speedily," he added.

Senator Tom Connally, Chairman of the powerful Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said the message "eloquently defined what the foreign policy of the United States should be."

Isolationist Opposition

The isolationist opposition, on the other hand, criticizes the President for his tactics in merely asking abrogation of Clause Six of the Neutrality Act when he intends really to repeal virtually the whole Act.

Representative Melvin J. Mass, Minnesota Republican, said it would have been "more honest" if the President had placed the whole problem before Congress.

Informed quarters believe that a major battle in Congress will be fought when the Administration asks for permission to send American merchant ships to war zones and belligerent ports.

Significant Point

However, they add, speed developments in the international situation and incidents which may crop up in the meantime, will modify the conditions in which the debates will be engaged.

It is considered particularly significant that the President asserted that "if Hitler's present military plans succeed, we Americans will be forced to fight for the defence of our hearths and freedom in a war as onerous and devastating as that being fought at present on the Russian front."—Havas Telemondial.

Soviet War is Going on Next Year—Fact, Not Prediction

New York, Oct. 10.

ASIDE from military implications, the interesting point in today's war news is Chancellor Adolf Hitler's tacit admission that he plans no further major move until 1942, least of all an attack on Britain.

Russia is one the verge of being completely knocked out of the war before winter, according to jubilant German claims.

The Russian situattion admittedly is serious. The cream of her army and her equipment are threatened by Chancellor Hitler's all-out drive on the central front, which has developed into one of history's greatest battles.

Counted in terms of men, arms and machines, it is probably on a larger scale than any ever fought.

Chancellor Hitler's objective, as pointed out previously, is not primarily Moscow's capture but to break the central Russian army. Once that is done the armies of the north and south will be separated. Then they can be dealt with separately and probably with success. But not necessarily now.

Russian tenacity is such that the armies of Marshal Klementi Voroshilov and Marshal Semion Budenny might continue fighting even if Marshal Semion Timoshenko is knocked out.

If hard pressed they could conceivably withdraw to the Urals. Annihilation of Marshal Timoshenko's forces, as the Germans predict, is not necessarily in prospect. He has long known what he is up against.

A good general allows for the possibility of defeat and maps his plans for retreat in the best possible order.

May Withdraw

So even if he is defeated, Marshal Timoshenko may be able to withdraw a sizable remnant of his forces to the East. That would imply a Russian stand in the Urals, although it would be almost a hopeless one if Chancellor Hitler overruns all of European Russia, depriving the Soviet Union of the bulk of its industrial resources.

Having thrust the Russians from Europe, Chancellor Hitler probably would not attempt to advance to the Urals, but would be content to hold what he has taken.

Suppose the picture develops thus —Russia is defeated and eliminated as Britain's "second front." The situation would not be worse than before last June 22 when Russia was Chancellor Hitler's ally. In some ways it would be better.

Chancellor Hitler unquestionably has used up a staggering amount of man power, equipment, planes, tanks, guns and reserves—notably oil—in the Russian campaign. He will have to pause for breath before undertaking another major venture.

It is true he would have added a vast source of potential supply in western Russia and the Ukraine, but it will be of little immediate value. The Russians have destroyed and are destroying factories, power sources and anything else of value to the Germans as they retreat. It will take a long while to get those things back into useful production. As to food, the Germans are likely to have a hard time getting the Russian peasant to produce for them.

So the war is going into the next year whether or not the Russians are defeated. That is less a prediction than a statement of obvious fact.

Britain, meanwhile, gets stronger and the restless European people become more rebellious. Invasion of Britain seems less remote than ever and the progress of the battle of the Atlantic indicates she is not likely to be starved out as long as American supplies keep coming.—United Press.

"Not the End" Say Nazis

Berlin, Oct. 10.

Nazi quarters and the Berlin press today admitted that the conclusion of Chancellor Adolf Hitler's "last great decisive battle of this year" does not mean the termination of the Soviet campaign.

Although detailed reports were lacking, it was assumed that the German armoured brigades and infantry divisions now were whittling down the huge pockets in which Marshal Semion Timoshenko's armies were trapped.

German quarters believed that communiques soon would reveal the re-enactment of previous battles of envelopment on a scale comparable to that east of Kiev.

It was assumed that Marshal Timoshenko's forces will make the same desperate attempts to break out as those tried by previously encircled troops and still going on in the Leningrad sector.

But German quarters were highly confident that the outcome again will result in hundreds of thousands of Russians falling prisoners and the destruction and capture of immense quantities of material and that the Soviets will suffer terrific casualties. —United Press.

De La Guardia New President Of Panama After Coup d'Etat

Panama, Oct. 10.

SR. Ricardo Adolfo de la Guardia yesterday was sworn in as new president of Panama after the government headed by Dr. Arnulfo Arias was overthrown as the result of a *coup d' état*.

The Second Designate, Sr. Ernesto Jaen Guardia, previously was sworn in by the Supreme Court but remained in office only a few hours, then resigned in favour of Sr. de la Guardia, apparent leader of the coup.

Sr. de la Guardia, with one exception retained all of Sr. Jean Guardia's Cabinet. He then issued a manifesto explaining the reasons for the change in government.

The manifesto said that Dr. Arias' absence from the Republic was "against the constitution and laws" of Panama.

National police patrolled the streets entering the city from the canal zone and guards were placed around the presidential palace and government buildings.

U.S. Troops Return to Posts

The coup occurred about 11 a.m., and apparently was led by Sr. Adolfo de la Guardia, Secretary of the Panamanian Government.

The first indication of unusual activity Wednesday night came when United States troops and sailors were ordered to leave Panama and return to their posts in the Canal Zone.

The coup apparently took place without violence or bloodshed. President Arias was reported to have enplaned for Cuba on Tuesday, which precipitated the coup.

(Havana reported that Sr. Arias arrived from Panama yesterday morning.)

Arias Regarded as Pro-German

Panama was declared out-of-bounds for United States troops in the Canal Zone and all United States forces were prohibited from entering Panama.

Some observers regarded Sr. Arias as being pro-German during the European war. He recently promoted legislation that Panamanian registered ships could not be armed. The regulation forbidding arming of ships when the United States was considering such action aroused wide comment among anti-axis sources.

The Supreme Court swore in Second Designate Sr. Ernesto Guardia as President. The First Designate, Sr. Jose Pezet, could not be found.

Newspaper Staff Arrested

All staff members of the "La Tribuna," Government newspaper and organ of Sr. Arias, were arrested.

Meanwhile, reliable circles said that Herr Deeds, Secretary-General to the German Minister for Central America, arrived by aeroplane, but it was unknown where the flight originated. These circles said that Herr Rheinbeck, German Minister, planned to fly to Panama but changed his plans at the last minute.

All Panama radio stations were closed.

Guardia Expected to Resign

Informed circles assumed that Sr. Guardia will be in power for several hours and will then resign in favour of another.

Reliable circles said that those arrested included Sr. Antonio Izasa, private secretary to Sr. Arias, Sr. Almedo Fabrega, Aide-to-the-President, Sr. Nicholas Barletta, Mayor of Panama City, and Sr. Cristobal Rodriguez, Secreary of the Presidencia.—United Press.

President Arias Surprised

Havana, Oct. 10.

Complete surprise at the news of the coup d'etat in Panama was expressed by President Arias when interviewed by Reuter last night, as he said he had left Panama last Tuesday for Havana in order to consult an eye specialist.

"I have been greatly surprised at the news from Panama, and do not wish to make comments now," he said. "I have not escaped. I have always held the interests of my country and my people, and they will as I do, feel proud of our conduct."

The President said he had his suspicions as to the source of the agitation, adding that he would not charge the authors. "I am only sorry that these incidents occurred, as they will hurt the interests and prestige of my beloved Panama."

The President indicated that he was prepared to return immediately, but that his advisers are trying to prevent this step in order to prevent the possibility of bloodshed.—Reuter.

Arias To Go To Madrid

Havana Oct. 9.

President Arias who has been just overthrown as a result of the coup in Panama, intends to leave incognito for Madrid.

President Arias came here by plane from Panama.

Reports from Washington state that political observers there do not con-

Japan Press Attacks U.S. "Encirclement" Activity

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

THE Tokyo press today strongly condemned United States participation in an alleged movement to encircle Japan.

Apparently irked by Washington reports that the United States, Britain and the Netherlands East Indies had completely halted oil exports to Japan, the "Kokumin," after several days of silence, resumed a bitter attack on the United States.

The ultra-nationalistic "Hochi" and the English-language "Japan Times and Advertiser," the latter regarded as reflecting Foreign Office opinion, strongly condemned the alleged encirclement of Japan.

The "Yomiuri" prominently featured a statement by Lieutenant-General Heisuke Yanagawa, Minister-without-Portfolio, on the "ABCD encirclement."

Worsening of Relations

The "Kokumin" said that Japanese-American negotiations were doomed to failure and that a worsening of relations between the two would probably be unavoidable.

The "Kokumin" said the United States' "continental policy is demonstrated in Central and South America where it is violating the United States own advocated principles of territorial integrity and non-intervention in other countries' domestic affa'rs.'

The "Kokumin" said that in the event the United States was insisting that Japan adhere to the Nine Power Treaty, current Washington negotiations would be preposterous because the United States itself was violating the treaty's spirit."

The newspaper said that Prince Fumimaro Konoye's message to President Roosevelt was motivated by a desire to readjust issues in the Pacific "however, there is a limit to Japan's patience."

"Menacing Machine"

The "Japan Times and Advertiser" said that the "whole situation in the Pacific shows that the United States and Britain are building a great and menacing machine for employment against Japan.

"Designation of such a scheme as the A.B.C.D. front as defensive cannot mislead Japan as to its real purposes," the newspaper said. "The protectives steps already taken or contemplated by Japan are seen to be justified by the aggressive nature of these demonstrations."

The "Times and Advertiser" said that continuous conferences at Singapore, Hongkong, Rangoon and Chungking "under the aegis of Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper" really are offensive in purpose, although it was alleged they are of a defensive nature."

The newspaper asked if Japan could "regard with equanimity" movements to tighten the encirclement. A reported proposal of Alaska's representative in Congress that the United States acquire bases off Kamchatka was characterized as "another feature of the offensive movement."

Advice to Moscow

The "Times and Advertiser" said that "Moscow should steer clear of any committment of this entangling character."

The "Hochi," asserting that Japan's lifeline was in the southern regions but that the northern zones cannot be neglected, said that the "ABCD anti-Japanese encirclement front steadily is closing in on us and with the Moscow conference as the turning point the Soviet and American combination is threatening to plunge Siberia and the Far East into a storm."

The "Yomiuri" prominently featured a statement of Gen. Yanagawa which he was quoted as having made last night at Okayama while en route to Shikoku. Gen. Yanagawa was quoted as having said that the Japanese people should be calm and that they place absolute faith in the Government under the present pressing international conditions "when the Germans are resorting to large-scale tactics in an effort to capture Moscow, while on the other hand secret manœuvres of countries hostile to Japan forming the ABCD front have become more intense."—United Press.

FDR's Message Along Expected Lines

Washington, Oct. 10.

President Roosevelt's neutrality message to Congress is generally along expected lines and, while its requests will disappoint some quarters, it is generally recognized as about the maximum he can expect to pass through Congress comfortably at this moment.

Any additional request, such as the freedom of American vessels to enter British ports, would inevitably cause a terrific fight in Congress, much delay, and possible filibustering.

Congressional leaders expect a strong fight from the isolationists even on this message, but they are confident that the necessary legislation can be passed without much delay.

Unanswerable Case

It is generally recognized that President Roosevelt has built up an unanswerable case for the arming of American vessels for their own protection, and his stressing of the perils to America implicit in the world situation of today is widely welcomed by thinking Americans.

There is bound to be overwhelming newspaper support for his cry that it is time America stopped playing into Hitler's hands and unshackled her own, while his reference to reliance on the strained shipping resources of countries like Norway and Holland to deliver American goods to Britain and other nations, touches on a point about which an increasing number of Americans are becoming rather uncomfortable.

Pending the Presidential message there has been little newspaper comment, but Raymond Clapper, a converted isolationist commentator who recently went to Britain, writes that if Hitler got a foothold on British soil the ensuing struggle would decide whether Britain would survive or perish, and in such a desperate emergency it was possible that a relatively small amount of war material might turn the scale, and the Administration wanted to be able to meet that possible emergency.

Administration Must be Free

"It does not want to come to that desperate eventuality and find it must fail in the crisis because the law says no American ship can put in at a belligerent port with war supplies.... The Administration wants to be free to run every ship it can lay hands on into the northern ports of Britain."

Mr. Clapper also points out the absurdity of the law which says that ships cannot go into a port with supplies necessary to win victory, for which vast expenditure has been made.

The general feeling here is that if the arming of merchantmen passes Congress, the provision in the Neutrality Law preventing American ships entering belligerent ports will be next for repeal in a White House request.

President Roosevelt is again seen as an astute politician in getting things done piece-meal in Congress rather than attempting at this moment to sweep the whole Act away.—Reuter.

New Cabinet Formed In Iraq

Baghdad, Oct. 10.

General Nuri es Said, the Iraqi soldier and statesman who negotiated the Anglo-Iraqi treaty of alliance, has formed a new Cabinet. Nuri es Said has thrice been Premier of Iraq.

It was stated some days ago that the change in the Iraqi Cabinet was expected. General Nuri succeeds Jamal al Madfai who took office following the collapse of the rebel government of Rashid Ali el Gailani. In June, General Nuri was appointed Iraqi Minister in Cairo.—Reuter.

35 Said Drowned In River Accident

About 35 persons were reported to have been drowned off Woosung on Thursday morning when the ss. Taira Maru of the Nomo Shosen Kaisha was caught in the wash of a large steamer as she was entering the Whangpoo, it was learned yesterday. A number of passengers are still missing and searches for their bodies are being conducted by crews of Japanese naval launches.

The Taira Maru, a 75-foot long boat plying between Shanghai and river ports in the vicinity, was loaded with passengers at the time of the accident. As she was entering the Whangpoo she was passed by the large steamer. The splash caused water to get into the engine room through port-holes and the little boat rolled over on her keel. This resulted in more than 35 persons, of both sexes, being swept overboard.

Rescue work was immediately undertaken by ships of the Japanese Navy and many bodies were recovered.

Russian Arrested for Fraudulent Affair

Valentin Kultiaeff, 30-year old unemployed Russian, was arrested by Det. Insp. V. I. Ovsiannikoff, in Yuenfong Road at 11.45 a.m. yesterday in connection with a case in which Mr. G. M. Liebenson, a Russian-Jewish broker at 149 Route Pere Robert, was defrauded of $380 on September 16.

The accused, it was learned, approached Mr. Liebenson on September 14, and told him that he could buy 2,000 lb. of wire at $38 a pound. He then asked the complainant to lend him $380 to purchase ten pounds, promising him fifty cents commission from each pound of wire sold later on. The wire, Mr. Liebenson was told, was stored in a Japanese godown in Hongkew.

Two days later, Kultiaeff met Mr. Liebenson and the two proceeded to an office on the third floor of 17 the Bund where the latter was asked to wait a little while Kultiaeff got the wire. When the accused failed to reappear after two hours had passed, Mr. Liebenson realized that he had been duped and reported the case to police.

*Germans Advance To Moscow

(Continued from page 1)

made from the lowest altitudes. The result of these raids has been to slow down considerably the progress of Marshal Fedor von Bock's army and destroy much of it, according to the "Pravda."

The Russians are fighting back tirelessly by day and night, savagely contesting every inch of the way.

Viazma, key town in the path of the invaders about 130 miles west of Moscow, is still holding out and latest despatches state that several attempts by the Nazis to take the town have been repulsed.

200-Mile Battle Front

The battle front in this colossal struggle is about 200 miles in length. It forms an arc drawn from Viazma to Briansk, the big railway junction 230 miles southwest of Moscow, and then 80 miles eastward to Orel, due south of the capital. This arc is the traditional German pincer movement but inside it are a number of smaller local pincer operations designed to break up resistance.

The Germans claim to have encircled by these means large units of the Russian army. This is probably true, but it is pointed out that these isolated pockets, varying considerably in size, are still able to put up considerable resistance.

A German High-Command communique claims that a 500-kilometre wide breach on the central front has been pushed farther eastward and that surrounded troops at Viazma, Briansk and along the sea of Azov have been hemmed in closer. In recent fighting on the islands of Oesel and Moon 12,500 prisoners were taken, according to the statement.

On Thursday night German aircraft attacked aerodromes in the Crimea, railways in southern and central sectors of the front and military installations at Leningrad the announcement adds.

Russians "Written Off"

Berlin claims that German forces have virtually written off the gigantic forces of Russia as a danger to the Reich "in coming decades" The Nazi press joins in a victory chorus as Herr Hitler's war machine continued what official German quarters describe as the "last decisive battle of the year which shall crush the enemy before winter."

The Soviet mid-day communique states: "During the night of October 9 our troops fought the enemy along the entire front and with particular stubbornness at Briansk and Viazma."

Soviet troops under Gen. Boldin in the Viazma region before Moscow have in the past five days destroyed about 220 tanks and 140 lorries and "annihilated" 7,000 to 8,000 German troops, according to the official Russian news agency.

It is known that there are large pockets behind the two main thrusts which the Germans have not been able to break up. North of Orel, at the far end of the main arc, the German advance is being strongly held. The Russians withdrew from the town in good order after destroying all industrial installations.

Farther south in the Ukraine it is confirmed that the Germans have taken Melitopol, 30 miles north of the Sea of Azov, and Mariupol and Berdiansk, both on the coast.

There is little reliable news of the fighting in this sector and reports that Russian forces have been cut off there still lack confirmation.

Germany's central army is reported to be making a big push on Moscow from the south. Panzer units are driving up the valley of the Oka River which runs through Orel toward Bolkov, 150 miles from Moscow.

Others are reported to have forced salients into the Red Army lines around Briansk although the town itself is apparently still in Russian hands. In the Viazma sector tank spearheads are said to be jabbing forward along Napoleon's route to Moscow.

Evidence of Soviet initiative in the Leningrad sector is given in a supplement to the mid-day communique which says the Russians destroyed 65 tanks and wiped out 1,000 men. Of aerial participation in the fierce central front fighting it says, Soviet planes destroyed 54 lorries with ammunition, six trench mortars and three field batteries.

No change is reported either in the Perekop Isthmus or at Odessa.

The drive for Moscow seems to have relieved pressure in the Leningrad area and the Russians say they have made a series of successful counter-attacks. In a raid on an aerodrome near Leningrad they claim to have destroyed 40 German aircraft in 20 minutes.

It is possible that a considerable pocket of Russian resistance exists west of the area of Melitopol, Berdiansk and Mariupol. The Germans admit that large units of Russian troops exist in the rear of both advances in the Viazma and Orel areas. The Germans are probably making strenuous efforts to annihilate these forces and the Russians are trying to fight their way out.

The drive from Poltava toward Kharkov continues but is meeting with extremely stiff resistance and is making only slow progress.

On the Central front the advance in the direction of Rzhev continues. No further news is available from Murmansk.—Reuter.

Nazis Pay Dearly For Orel

Moscow, Oct. 10.

The heavy cost to the Germans of the capture of Orel, for which the battle raged for three days, is shown in the first account of the struggle published in the "Red Star" yesterday.

The Germans entered the western suburbs while the east was still held until the Germans brought up more heavy artillery and tanks. A mass onslaught lasting all day by Soviet planes resulted in the town being retaken. Meanwhile, defensive positions were prepared and the Soviet troops withdrawn. The Germans battered on the new positions and lost an enormous number of men.

On Wednesday, the Germans tried to move northward from Orel, but were countered by Soviet tanks. The clash lasted for hours and the Germans squandered many tanks and anti-tank guns, the Soviet army paper adds.—Reuter.

Rich Donetz, Don Areas Entered

New York, Oct. 10.

Chancellor Hitler's armies are entering the rich Donetz and Don industrial and mining areas which are responsible for at least 40 per cent. of the Soviet heavy industry's output.

In these areas, in the basins of the Donetz and Don rivers, are 61 per cent. of Russia's coal, 63 per cent. of Russia's iron ore, 33 per cent. of her power, and great steel mills and factories now turned to production of tanks, trucks, cannon and armour plate.

These areas also produce 33 per cent. of Russia's manganese 62 per per cent. of her pig iron, 43 per cent. of her steel, 72 percent. of her aluminium, 70 per cent. of her agricultural machinery and 20 per cent. of other heavy machines.

The loss of these important industrial centres would be a severe blow to the Russian war effort, but according to British and Russian sources, it would not be fatal. Ore resources of the Urals and Siberia, which now supply one third of Russia's needs, are virtually limitless. Also the Russians have been concentrating industrial development east of the Urals since 1937. It is estimated that production of the Don and Donetz areas already has been reduced one third by the sweep of the German armies across the southern Ukraine.—United Press.

More Executions By Nazis

Berlin, Oct. 10.

Curfew hours in the state of emergency districts of the protectorate of Bohemia-Moravia were to be lifted experimentally last night, according to the official German news agency.

Heydrich, Gestapo Chief who was recently appointed Reich "Protector" of the country, has issued the order "in view of the circumstances and the attitude of the overwhelming part of the Czech population in districts in which state civil emergency has been declared," states a despatch from Prague.

A Prague despatch to the official German news agency states that twelve more persons were executed yesterday. Ten of them were sentenced by the Prague and Brno courts-martial for "economic sabotage." Five of these were Jews.

Two more were condemned to death at Brno on a charge of high treason and the illicit possession of arms.—Reuter.

Twelve More Executed

Berlin, Oct. 10.

D.N.B., official German news agency, reported from Prague that 12 persons were executed in Prague and Bruenn yesterday.

Nine of the 12 were sentenced to death on Wednesday, while an additional group of 14 was executed on the previous day, said D.N.B. The nine persons consisted of eight butchers and one merchant sentenced by the summary courts in the two cities for continued illegal food dealings.

The defendants were charged with slaughtering or offering on the "black market" for extortionary prices a total of 684 hogs, 42 calves, 40 oxen, 7,580 kilogrammes of meat, 110 kilogrammes of fats, 20 geese and 72,688 eggs.

Two of those condemned further illegally obtained, ground and sold for high prices 18½ carloads of grain.—United Press.

German Reprisals For Sabotage

Ankara, Oct. 10.

In revenge for local sabotage, the Germans have razed to the ground the village of Sabac, 90 miles to the west of Belgrade. All surviving males have been sent to a concentration camp.—Reuter.

Dr. Grady Leaves For San Francisco

Hongkong, Oct. 10.

Dr. Henry Grady, President Roosevelt's personal economic envoy, left Hongkong by Clipper today for Manila en route for San Francisco.—Reuter.

British Still Harassing Nazis in Crete

London, Oct. 10.

Very considerable detachments of British troops have been left in Crete and those who have evaded capture are co-operating with Cretans and remnants of the Greek Army, declared the Greek Minister of Information today. They operate from mountains and descend from hills continually to harass the German garrisons who are limited to the coastal areas.—Reuter.

*Roosevelt Asks For Arming of Merchant Ships

(Continued from page 1)

to unshackle our own....therefore this is our duty, as never before, to extend more and more assistance and ever more swiftly to Britain, to Russia, to all peoples and individuals fighting slavery."

"I say to you solemnly that if Herr Hitler's present military plans are brought to successful fulfillment, we Americans shall be forced to fight in defence of our own homes, our own freedom, in a war as costly and as devastating as that which now rages on the Russian front.

"The revisions which I suggest do not call for a declaration of war any more than the Lend-and-Lease Act called for a declaration of war. This is a matter of essential defence of American rights. The arming of our ships is a matter of immediate necessity and extreme urgency.

True Intent of Lend-Lease Act

"I earnestly trust that Congress will carry out the true intent of the Lend-Lease Act by making it possible for the United States to help deliver articles to those who are in a position to effectively use them.

"In other words, I ask for Congressional action to implement Congressional policy."

"We cannot and should not depend on the strained resources of the exiled nations of Norway and Holland to deliver our goods nor should we be forced to masquerade American-owned ships behind the flags of our sister republics.

"The Neutrality Act was passed at a time when the true magnitude of the Nazi attempt to dominate the world was visualized by few persons.....

Increasingly Aware of Peril

"Increasingly we have become aware of the peril to ourselves and to our democratic traditions and institutions, to our country and our hemisphere....it is American policy to defend ourselves wherever such defence becomes necessary under the complex conditions of modern warfare.

"Most of the vital goods authorized by Congress are being delivered. Yet many of them are being sunk; and if we approach full production requiring use of more ships now being built it will be increasingly necessary to deliver American goods under the American flag.

"Our merchant ships are sailing the seas on missions connected with defence of the United States. It is not just that the crews of these vessels should be denied means of defending their lives and their ships," he urged.—United Press.

Senators Submit Resolution

Washington, Oct. 9.

A few minutes after President Roosevelt's message had been read in the Senate and House of Representatives, a resolution providing for the suppression of Clause Six prohibiting the arming of American merchantmen was submitted in the two houses by Senator Tom Connally and Representative Sol Bloom, Chairmen of the Senate and House Foreign Relations Committee respectively.

The resolution stressed that the President "is authorized, for the duration of the state of national emergency, to take whatever measures he deems necessary for the arming of American merchantmen or permitting them to be armed".

The Navy Department will probably be entrusted with carrying out instructions regarding the arming of American merchantships.

"Important and Urgent"

The abrogation of Clause Six of the Neutrality Act, prohibiting the arming of American merchantmen, is "extremely important and urgent", Secretary of State Cordell Hull declared at his press conference here today.—Havas Telemondial.

*Japan Believed Seeking Limited Trade Agreement

(Continued from page 1)

Tokyo, the fact is that they "have been afraid to jump at the Russian bear until Hitler chains it."

The same article sees in the Japanese news agency appeal to Berlin a fear that if Hitler gets too mired in Russia, Japan would be left to face Britain and the United States alone. It sees time working against Japan and foresees that, if Hitler fails to reach Moscow in October, Japan will polish up her friendship pact with Moscow and seek one with Washington.—Reuter.

Nothing New

Washington, Oct. 9.

Questioned at today's press conference regarding the "New York Herald Tribune" Washington report stating that the Japanese and American governments were at present endeavouring to work out a *modus vivendi* in the Pacific, Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, declared that he had heard rumours of that nature a short time ago, but had nothing new to tell reporters concerning the progress of the two governments' conversations.

Further asked about reports alleging that the United States, Britain and the Netherlands East Indies had agreed to terminate all oil shipments to Japan following the freezing of Japanese assets, Mr. Hull replied that he did not think there was any agreement of that kind. At least, he knew nothing about it, he added.—Domei.

*Coup d'Etat in Panama

(Continued from page 1)

ceal their satisfaction in connection with the departure of Senor Arias who was considered as opposed to the United States and favouring the Axis. Official quarters of the American capital refrained from comment.—Havas Telemondial.

Washington Interested in Coup

Washington, Oct. 10.

United States officials yesterday showed great interest in the overthrow of the Panamanian Government.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, at a press conference yesterday told reporters that he had only heard rumours or reports that something had occurred affecting the Panamanian Government situation, but he said that he had no tangible facts.—United Press.

Hull Stresses Importance

Washington, Oct. 9.

If true, the coup d'etat in Panama is an affair interesting the entire Western Hemisphere, Secretary of State Cordell Hull declared at his press conference today, before confirmation of the coup d'etat had been received.

Later in the day, when the uprising was confirmed, official quarters failed to react, but political quarters here openly expressed their satisfaction at the departure of President Arnulfo Arias, who was considered as opposed to the United States and in favour of the Axis.—Havas Telemondial.

Finns Said Ready To Withdraw From Karelian Isthmus

Stockholm, Oct. 9.

According to unconfirmed but reliable reports, the Finns are said to be prepared to withdraw their troops from the Karelian Isthmus front and the Svir area and have them relieved by German forces.

This would enable the Wehrmacht to attack Leningrad from two more sides, the north-west and north-east.

In this connection, it is pointed out that the Finnish forces on the Karelian Isthmus and the Svir area have hardly advanced since they reached these positions.

On the other hand, it is considered here that the 163rd Division of the German Army, which now occupies a position between Lakes Onega and Ladoga, may be sent to the Svir area without much delay. The Germans may also decide to leave this division where it is and to merely occupy present Finnish positions in the Karelian Isthmus about 20 miles from Leningrad, a good base for an attack on this city.

Swedish correspondents with the troops in the Karelian Isthmus confirm that the Finns, since the recapture of important territories, do not seem to wish to advance much more and are fortifying positions for a war of trenches. They are transferring their best troops from the Karelian Isthmus to the fronts near lakes Ladoga and Onega. They may, therefore, merely fortify the positions recently captured and not advance any further.—Havas Telemondial.

Recent War Time Shipping Losses Reported

New York, Oct. 10.

Marine sources yesterday reported the following recent war time shipping casualties:

The French Tanker Capitaine Damiani, reported torpedoed and sunk in the Mediterranean by a British submarine.

The Swedish steamship Hangfors, collided with a German submarine in the port of Kiel during an air raid alarm Sept. 7 and the Hangfors was seriously damaged.

The French steamship Isac from Bordeaux bound for Casablanca, Dakar and West African ports was intercepted by a British destroyer July 19. The Isac's officers ordered the crew to scuttle the ship but a British boarding party prevented damage.

The French motorship Theophile Gautier from Salonica, bound for Marseilles was torpedoed and sunk Oct. 4 in the Aegean sea while sailing in an Italian convoy. The vessel was sunk off the southern tip of the island of Evrola, Greece, and 20 lives were lost.—United Press.

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"RAYMONDA"

Thursday, Saturday, Sunday October 23, 25, 26 at 9.15 p.m.

Sunday, October 26, matinee at 2.15 p.m. LYCEUM

Booking Opens To-morrow

"Billy The Kid"

Billy Bonney	Robert Taylor
Jim Sherwood	Brian Donlevy
Eric Keating	Ian Hunter
Edith Keating	Mary Howard
Dan Hickey	Gene Lockhart
"Spike" Hudson	Lon Chaney, Jr.
Tim Ward	Henry O'Neil
Ed Bronson	Guinn Williams
Cass McAndrews, Sheriff	Cy Kendall
"Buz" Cobb	Ted Adams
Judge Blake	Frank Conlan
Pedro Gonzales	Frank Puglia

Mr. Robert Taylor, screendom's handsomest profile, makes a departure from his usual run when he dons the dark apparel of that romanticized killer, "Billy the Kid," in the film of that name which started at the Roxy yesterday. Surpassing the hopes of even his most ardent fans, Taylor turns in a capable, highly convincing performance in the role of the colourful desperado who lived out his hour of defiance in the sunset of Western outlawry. Watching this film, living once again in the wild and woolly paradise of bad men whose only credo is the law of the gun, it is impossible not to come under the spell of the suave deadliness of the cold-blooded Kid, who combines something of the appeal of Robin Hood with the ruthless efficiency of a Dillinger. Taylor draws a fine distinction here, a nice touch between the inherent decency of the man and the warped streak of savagery against the injustice of a legal code that allowed the murderer of his father to go unpunished. Hunted himself from the time when he took the law into his own hands on that occasion, Taylor gives an excellent portrayal of the bitterness that has gradually developed into a hatred of all law and so-called order. Yet he does not overdo the part. Underlying his characterization there is always the likeableness which is the main clue to the psychological riddle of that twisted soul. The story in itself is well told and the essential contrasts are clear-cut and definite. Brilliant scenery in colour (there are lovely shots of the red-soiled, cactus-ridden desert) alternates with cold, dirty killing. every detail is pin-sharp with suspicion as the hero careers towards his bullet. There is no happy ending here. Sentiment creeps in, but it is not allowed to intervene between the inevitable conclusion towards which the story moves inexorably. In support of Taylor a fine cast headed by Brian Donlevy and Ian Hunter helps to complete a picture that is really excellent entertainment.—C.E.M.B.

AN earth tremor occurred in Chengtu, provincial capital of Szechuen, at 10.10 p.m. on October 8, states the "Cheng Yien Pao." Although several houses were shaken by the quake, it was nevertheless very short, lasting only three seconds, and no damage was reported.

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Think what this means to you! Dental Cream for the whole family at half the cost. And children don't have to be coaxed to use Kolynos because they love its cool, pleasant taste.
So start saving with Kolynos today and keep the entire family's smile bright and happy.
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Costs less because you use less ... it's concentrated!
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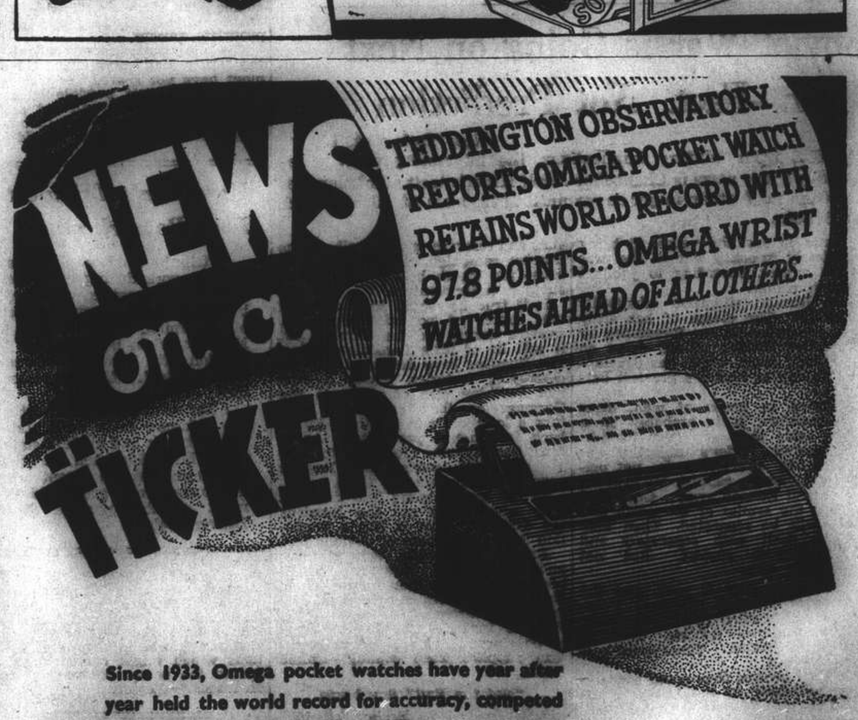
NEWS on a TICKER
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THE WATCH THAT HOLDS THE WORLD'S PRECISION RECORD

Shanghai Stock Exchange Official Weekly Share Report with Opening Quotations, Oct. 9, 1941

REPORT No. 40/1941 for week ending October 9 (Thursday), compiled by the Shanghai Stock Exchange

Comparative Opening Cash Prices — Quotations in Chinese Dollars unless otherwise stated • H'kong $ — This Thursday Morning October 9, 1941: Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nom.	Last Friday Morning October 3, 1941: Buyers	Sellers	Last Sales	Nom.	Business Recorded During Week Closing Friday: Highest	Lowest	Stocks	Authorised Capital (No. of Shares)	Issued Capital (No. of Shares)	Paid up Value (or Face Value)	Fin. Year ends	Last Dividends, etc.	Paid or due	Business Done Year 1940: Highest	Lowest	Business Done Year 1941: Highest	Lowest	Total No. of Shares Done for: Last Week	This Week	Total Amount of Sales Reported: 1940	9-10-41
										Banks, Finance Companies														
....	....	27½	....	25½	25½	25½	....	28½	27½	Central Properties, Ltd.	5,000,000	180,000	$10	Dec.	Int. $3.00 a/c 1941	15-7-41	25½ May	12 May	28½ Oct	17.00 Feb	1,900	2,600	138,950	107,445
....	....	....	12	....	....	....	12	....	....	China Bond & Shares Co., Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	300,000	120,000	$10	Dec.	Fin. 6% (Mkg. 12% a/c 1940)	10-3-41	12 Mar	12 Mar	....	....	....	....	500	....
....	3.10	3.15	....	2.50	....	2.55	....	3.30	2.95	China Finance Corp. Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	400,000	400,000	T5	Dec.	Div. $0.07½ a/c 1940	15-3-41	3.60 Jan	65 May	3.30 Oct	0.90 Feb	53,538	62,000	1,511,910	686,238
....	....	•7,050	....	....	....	•7,050	....	....	....	Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corp.	400,000	165,000	H$125	Dec.	Int. $2-10-0 Less I/T a/c 1941	Pending	41½ May	10.40 May	49½ Jan	15.40 Feb	64,200	152,790	3,037,502	560
....	....	21.00	....	....	....	21.00	....	....	....	Shanghai Loan & Investment Co., Ltd.	700,000	350,000	T5	Dec.	2nd Int. $1.00 (Mkg. $2.00 a/c 1941)	5-5-41	....	....	21.00 May	21.00 May	....	....	....	2,951,536
35½	36.00	36.00	....	28½	29.00	28½	....	37.00	31½	Union Mobiliere	100,000	100,000	$20	Dec.	15% a/c 1940	11-9-41	24½ Apr	7.05 June	29½ Sept	13.20 Feb	93,310	108,100	4,901,308	2,010
....	....	21.00	....	....	....	21.00	....	....	....	Yangtsze Finance Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	417,500	T10	Mar.	2nd Int. $0.75 (Mkg. $1.50 a/c 1941-42)	....	....	....	....	....	123,000	48,900	....	3,733,055
28.00	28½	28.00	....	24½	25.00	24½	....	29.00	27.00															48,900
28.00	....	28½	....	6.75	6.80	6.70	....	28½	27½	Yangtsze Finance Co., Ltd. Rights	....	....	....	Sept.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
										Insurances														
....	....	....	29.00	....	....	....	29.00	....	....	American-Asiatic Underwriters (ord.)	75,000	75,000	T10	Dec.	Tax Div. $6.50 a/c 1940	30-4-41	26 Sept	5 Jan	....	....	....	....	7,431	....
....	....	....	200.00	....	....	....	200.00	....	....	Asia Life Insurance Co.	100,000	40,000	•U.S. $5	Dec.	Div. 10% = G$0.50. a/c 1940	12-5-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	90.00	....	....	....	90.00	....	....	Assurance Franco-Asiatique	70,000	70,000	F100	Dec.	Div. 5% 1938	10-5-39	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	37.00	....	33.00	....	35.00	....	37.00	37.00	International Assurance Co., Ltd.	933,333	280,000	10/-	Dec.	Div. $6.50, 1933 (Nil 1939)	18-5-34	19.70 May	8.90 Jan	37.00 Oct	19 Feb	....	500	1,024,876	31,437
....	....	•430.00	....	....	....	•430.00	....	....	....	Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.	800,000	135,000	$5	Dec.	Fin. 12/6 (Mkg. 25/- a/c 1940)	20-6-41	530 Apr	345 July	440 Apr	395 July	....	....	1,379	823
										Lands														
....	....	....	175	....	....	....	175	....	....	Anglo-French Land Invest. Co., Ltd.	25,000	19,335	T100	Feb.	Int. $10.00 a/c 1941-42	12-9-41	200 Jan	200 Jan	1.75 Mar	175 Mar	....	....	100	33
....	....	3.40	....	3.60	....	3.40	....	....	....	Cathay Land Co., Ltd.	500,000	480,374	T10	Dec.	Final 2½ = $0.26 (Mkg. 6% 1939) (Nil 1939)	5-5-34	5.10 Feb	1.70 No	5.20 July	2 Jan	5,500	....	38,150	47,700
18.00	18.30	18½	....	17.10	17.50	17.00	....	18.50	17.50	China Realty Co. Fed. Inc., U.S.A.	1,250,000	880,000	$10	Dec.	Int. $0.50 a/c 1941	10-5-41	10.90 Jan	6.30 Oct	18.50 Oct	8.00 Feb	50,000	58,008	3,471,916	1,748,161
....	....	....	450	....	....	....	450	....	....	Fonciere et Immobiliere de Chine	20,000	20,000	T100	Dec.	2nd Int. $20.00 (Mkg. $35.00 a/c 1941)	28-8-41	275 Feb	275 Feb	....	....	....	....	905	....
....	20.00	19½	....	17.50	....	17.20	....	20.00	19.50	Metropolitan Land Co., Ltd. "A"	500.000	39,800	T10	Sept.	Int. $0.40 a/c 1940-41	7-8-41	15.70 Feb	9 Jan	20.00 Oct	12 Mar	10,290	2,000	119,686	78,090
....	20.00	19½	....	17.50	....	17.20	....	....	....	do. "B"			T10	Sept.	Int. $0.40 a/c 1940-41	7-8-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	45,500	5,000
....	....	....	9.00	....	....	....	9.00	....	....	San Sing Properties, Ltd.	2,000,000	805,007	$7	Mar.	Int. $1.50 a/c 1941-42	14-7-41	10.00 Nov	7.50 Oct	6.00 Jan	6.00 Feb	....	....	4,007,892	6,199,724
27½	27½	28½	....	25.00	25½	25.00	....	29½	27½	Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd.	2,386,800	2,386,800	(87) T5	Dec.	Div. 6% a/c 1940	22-4-41	....	....	29½ Oct	10.50 Feb	325,600	289,200	....	....
....	F.R.B.	320	....	....	F.R.B.	320	....	....	....	Tientsin Land Investment Co., Ltd.	120,000	84,281	$50	Dec.	Int. F.R.B. $2.00 a/c 1941	16-6-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
										Docks, Wharves and Transport														
16.70	16.90	18.00	....	16.60	16.70	16.60	....	18.10	16.70	Asia Navigation Co., Ltd.	10,000,000	3,000,000	$10	Dec.	....	....	....	....	18.10 Oct	10.30 Apr	358,700	345,300	....	7,731,735
50.00	50½	52½	....	46½	46½	46½	....	54.00	49½	Shanghai Dockyards, Ltd.	2,000,000	1,125,000	$10	Sept	Int. $1.00 a/c 1940-41	30-6-41	75 May	19.10 June	54.00 Oct	23 July	301,242	173,244	7,454,687	4,805,152
....	....	580.00	....	582.00	....	580.00	....	585.00	585.00	Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.	80,000	60,000	T100	Dec.	Int. $12.00 a/c 1941	17-9-41	560 May	267 Jan	585.00 Oct	490 July	50	10	9,947	2,497
125½	126	130.00	....	121½	122.00	122½	....	133.00	126.00	Wheelock & Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	478,720	T10	Mar.	Fin. $10.00 (Mkg. $20.00 a/c 1940-41)	11-8-41	272 Apr	38 July	133.00 Oct	78.00 Feb	95,860	69,675	2,960,262	3,720,503
										Utilities														
....	....	22½	....	21½	22.00	21½	....	23½	21.00	China General Omnibus Co., Ltd.	500,000	200,000	T10	Dec.	Fin. Div. $0.70 (Mkg. $1.26 a/c 1938) (Nil 1939)	20-4-39	37 May	15 June	23½ Oct	13.30 Feb	20,514	11,600	844,224	462,176
....	....	20½	....	19.40	19.80	19.60	....	20½	19.80	Shanghai Gas Co., Ltd.	700,000	700,000	$10	Dec.	Div. $0.80 a/c 1940	4-4-41	37 May	12.30 Jan	21½ Jan	12.80 May	12,845	16,575	631,429	333,254
40.00	....	13½	....	41½	42½	42.00	....	45.00	41½	Shanghai Telephone Company Fed. Inc. U.S.A.	2,000,000	1,151,420	$10	Dec.	Div. $0.75 a/c 1940	15-1-41	55 May	23 Jan	45.00 Oct	29½ July	27,740	7,510	1,644,952	304,906
....	....	40½	....	....	....	40½	....	....	....	S'hai Electric Construction Co., Ltd. "Reg."	706,000	670,000	£1	Dec.	Div. 2% a/c 1940 Coupon 58	29-4-41	{54 Apr	41½ Oct	45 Jan	38.00 June	46	....	13,829	5,014
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	do. "Bear"							{69½ May	40 June	55½ Oct	40 July	7,970	4,200	328,640	117,540
52½	54½	55½	....	....	52½	52.00	....	55½	53½	S'hai Waterworks Co., Ltd. "A"	40,236	40,236	£20	Dec.	Int. 8/-a/c 1941	30-8-41	1.250 May	797 Aug	1,200 Oct	750 Mar	30	200	1,160	1,318
1,200	....	1,200	....	1,150	....	1,150	....	....	....	do. "B"	359,280	108,505	£1	Dec.	Int. 4.8d. a/c 1941	30-8-41	46 Feb	32½ Jan	43.00 Oct	30 Mar	....	100	1,980	3,917
....	....	43.00	....	....	....	43.00	....	43.00	43.00	do. "C"		250,000	£1	Dec.	Int. 4.8d. a/c 1941	30-8-41	50 Mar	32½ Jan	42 May	30 Mar	....	....	3,815	2,804
....	....	....	42.00	....	....	....	42.00	....	....															98,210
										Miscellaneous														
....	....	....	25.00	....	....	....	25.00	....	....	Auto Palace Co., Ltd.	150,000	118,500	$8	Dec.	2nd Int. $2.00 (Mkg. $4.00 a/c 1941)	12-9-41	24 Dec	16 Jan	26½ Mar	25 Feb	....	....	11,255	7,810
30	....	25½	....	....	....	25½	....	....	....	Bakerite Co., Fed. Inc., U.S.A. "B"	50,000	49,703	$10	Dec.	Tax. Div. $2.50 on record 31/12/40	10-3-41	24 May	15.50 Oct	19.00 June	16.00 Apr	....	....	5,245	915
....	....	45.00	....	....	....	45.00	....	....	....	Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd. (ord.)	200,000	140,000	T10	Dec.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg. 7.50 a/c 1940)	30-4-41	38 Apr	18 Jan	47½ June	40 Mar	....	....	13,928	550
83.00	....	38½	....	85	85½	85½	....	91.00	86½	China Import & Export Lumber Co., Ltd.	500,000	231,803	T10	Feb.	Bonus $15.00 (Mkg. $15.00 a/c 1941-42)	12-9-41	81 May	30 May	93½ Aug	41½ Feb	63,975	29,600	744,234	1,500,307
49½	....	55½	....	50.00	52.00	50½	....	56½	53½	Chinese Eng. & Mining Co., Ltd. "Bearer"	2,000,000	1,960,000	£1	June	Div. 9d. a/c 1939-40 Coupon 47	1-4-41	84 May	35½ Oct	57 Jan	36.00 May	9,600	4,900	168,146	83,907
....	....	....	4.00	....	....	....	4.00	....	....	Chosen Corporation, Ltd.	750,000	725,000	£1	June	Div. 1/-(Mkg. 1/9d. 1937) Less Tax (Nil 1939)	15-1-35	....	....	....	....	....	....	5,432	350
40.00	....	....	....	40.00	....	....	....	....	....	Cnlty Dairy Co. Ltd.	40,000	40,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $2.50 a/c 1940	8-4-41	44 May	35 Aug	39½ Aug	35.00 May	....	....	....	500
....	....	50.00	....	....	....	50.00	....	....	....	Champ de Course: French	30,000	30,000	$20	Dec.	Div. $4.50 a/c 1934 (Nil 1939)	1-3-35	15 Sept	15 Sept	50.00 July	50.00 July	....	....	....	30
....	....	50.00	....	....	....	50.00	....	....	....	non-French	....	27,380	....	Dec.	Div. $4.50 a/c 1934 (Nil 1939)	1-3-35	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	10.00	10.40	....	9.65	9.70	9.55	....	10.90	9.00	Ewo Breweries, Ltd.	4,000,000	1,400,000	$5	Dec.	Div. $0.25 a/c 1940	22-4-41	8.25 Dec	6.50 Nov	10.90 Oct	6.15 May	254,650	261,200	1,774,305	4,932,053
....	....	....	34½	....	....	....	34½	....	....	Hall & Holtz, Ltd.	28,000	26,342	$20	Feb.	Div. 15% = $3, a/c 1940-41	29-5-41	34 Aug	25 Feb	....	....	....	....	1,532	....
....	....	....	3.00	....	....	....	3.00	....	....	Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.	1,500,000	1,193,867	H$7.50	Dec.	Div. Hk. $0.25 a/c 1940	18-4-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	11.00	....	....	....	11.00	....	....	....	Kelly & Walsh Ltd.	45,000	45,000	$10	Feb.	In. $0.50 a/c 1940-41	19-3-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
44½	45.00	46.00	....	43½	44½	44½	....	47½	44.00	Metal Industries of China, Ltd.	2,000,000	500,000	$5	Dec.	Int. $2.00 a/c 1941	Pending	55 May	17.10 June	47½ Oct	24½ Apr	156,300	103,500	3,900,210	4,857,623
....	....	10.00	....	....	....	10.00	....	....	....	Millington, Ltd.	300,000	110,000	$4	Dec.	Fin. 15% = $0.60 (Mkg. $0.80 a/c 1940)	6-5-41	8.00 Mar	6.00 Sept	10.00 Oct	6.00 Mar	11,950	....	2,995	14,900
....	....	....	40.00	....	....	....	40.00	....	....	Moutrie & Co., Ltd.	10,000	9,970	$50	Mar.	Div. 20% a/c 1940-41	1-8-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
....	....	....	3.00	....	....	....	3.00	....	....	Office Appliance Co., Ltd.	80,000	60,000	T$.50	Dec.	Div. $1.00 a/c 1939	26-6-40	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
8.60	....	9.00	....	7.65	7.75	7.70	....	9.15	8.20	Paper Industries Ltd.	5,000,000	1,320,000	$5	Apr.	2nd Int. $0.30 (Mkg. $0.55 a/c 1941-42)	30-8-41	....	....	9.15 Oct	4.20 Apr	349,700	337,580	....	4,961,530
40½	40½	40½	....	37½	37½	37½	....	45½	39½	S'hai Exploration & Development Co., Ltd.	1,200,000	860,039	T2.50	Dec.	Int. $2.00, Bonus $2.00 a/c 1941	16-8-41	34 May	8.60 Jan	45½ Oct	18.60 Apr	305,280	330,884	9,922,252	9,840,133
....	....	2.30	....	....	....	2.30	....	....	....	S'hai Waterworks Fittings Co., Ltd.	500,000	301,765	T1	Dec.	Div. 15% a/c 1940	1-5-41	435 Apr	1.90 Jan	2.50 Apr	2.30 June	....	....	20,478	6,165
....	....	19.00	....	....	....	19.00	....	....	....	Union Brewery, Ltd.	500,000	200,000	T10	Dec.	Div. $1.25, a/c 1933 (Nil 1939)	27-5-34	10.30 Apr	4.25 Mar	19.00 July	9.00 Jan	....	....	39,325	41,475
										Bonds and Preferences														
95.00	....	100.00	....	95.00	....	100.00	....	....	....	American-Asiatic Underwriters, Cum. Pref. 8%	5,000	5,000	T100	Dec.	4% for ½ year ended 30 June 1941	30-6-41	120 Sept	85 Apr	100.00 May	100.00 May	....	....	262	117
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	do. Cum. Pref. 7%	7,500	7,500	T100	Mar.	3½ = $4.59 for ½ year ended 31-3-41	31-3-41	115 Aug	75 Feb	....	....	....	....	320	....
....	....	17.00	120.00	....	....	17.00	....	....	....	Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd. 8% cum. pref	100,000	80,000	T10	Dec.	Div. 4% = $1.12 for 1940	30-4-41	15 July	15 July	17.00 June	13½ May	....	....	950	1,475
3.50	....	3.50	....	3.50	....	3.50	3.50	3.02½		Ch. Finance Corp. Fed. Inc. U.S.A. (Pref.) 8%	600,000	205,135	T5	Dec.	Quarterly Div. Tls. 0.10 = $0.14, 1933	30-12-33	2.00 Dec	2.00 Dec	3.50 Sept	2.75 Sept	....	1,050	150	3,785
....	200.00	180.00	....	....	200.00	180.00	....	....	....	Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd. 8% cum. pref	10,000	9,000	T100	Dec.	Div. Tls. 8 = $11.19, a/c 1940	7-5-41	160 May	160 May	180.00 Feb	180.00 Feb	....	....	221	90
....	....	145	....	....	....	145½	....	145.00	144½	S'hai Power Co. Tls. 6 cum. Pref. stock	230,000	220,000	T100	Dec.	3rd Qr. Div. Tls. 1.50 (Mkg. Tls. 4.50 a/c 1941)	16-9-41	138½ Sept	120 May	145½ Oct	128 Feb	597	201	38,530	20,809
....	....	....	73	....	....	....	73	....	....	Shanghai Tug & Lighter Co., Ltd., 7% pref	10,000	10,000	T5D	Dec.	Fin. 3½% (Mkg. 7% a/c 1940)	28-3-41	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	39
....	....	15½	....	....	....	....	15½	....	....	S'hai Waterworks Co., Ltd. 7% cum. pref.	100,000	100,000	T10	Dec.	3½ = $0.49 for half year ended 30-6-41	30-8-41	15 May	13½ Apr	13.70 Mar	13.70 Mar	....	....	2,400	450
14.00	....	....	....	....	....	....	13½	....	....	do. 6½% cum. pref.	100,000	100,000	T10	Dec.	3½ = $0.45 for half year ended 30-6-41	30-8-41	14.20 Sept	13.50 Oct	15.00 Aug	13½ Feb	....	....	7,340	3,495
										Cottons														
17.10	17.20	18.50	....	16.70	16.80	16.80	....	19.00	17.00	China Cotton Mills, Ltd.	3,000,000	1,500,000	$10	Dec.	....	....	....	....	19.00 Oct	14.10 Sept	116,805	192,890	....	1,287,535
55½	56.00	61.00	....	54.00	54½	54	....	62½	55.00	Ewo Cotton Mills, Ltd., Ordinary	2,000,000	1,687,500	T5	Dec.	Fin. $4.50 (Mkg. $6.00 a/c 1940)	28-3-41	82 May	27 July	62½ Oct	31½ July	279,236	228,167	6,433,028	6,391,108
11.80	11.90	12.80	....	11.30	11.40	11.30	....	13.30	11.70	New China Textile Co., Ltd.	2,000,000	1,440,600	$5	Dec.	Fin. $0.75 a/c 1940	28-3-41	9.80 Oct	6.10 Oct	13.30 Oct	5.40 May	184,200	160,240	2,566,925	2,911,318
300.00	....	305.00	....	315.00	....	305.00	....	....	....	Shanghai Cotton Mfg. Co., Ltd.	240,000	240,000	$50	Apr.	Fin. $7.50 (Mkg. $15.00 a/c 1940-41)	30-5-41	244 May	154 Oct	315.00 July	185 Feb	....	....	7,859	7,891
9.40	9.50	10.40	....	8.65	8.75	8.65	....	10.70	9.50	Shanghai Worsted Mill, Ltd.	1,000,000	1,000,000	$5	Mar.	Div. $0.25 a/c 1940-41	7-7-41	7.35 Dec	6.60 Dec	10.70 Oct	6.75 Feb	215,760	224,155	684,455	1,925,994
....	....	90.00	....	....	....	90.00	....	....	....	Tung Yih Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	400,000	255,900	$10	Dec.	Div. $7.50 & Bonus $7.50 a/c 1940	12-3-41	83½ Dec	30 Aug	90.00 Jan	70.00 Jan	....	....	170	626
....	....	....	C.D.100	....	....	....	C.D.100	....	....	Zoong Sing Cotton Mills, Ltd.	200,000	150,000	$10	June	Fin. $30.00 (Mkg. $45.00 a/c 1940-41)	8-10-41	75 Aug	47 Jan	88.00 Aug	70.00 Jan	....	....	5,150	300
										Plantations														
....	....	73½	....	72½	....	73½	....	....	....	Alma Estates, Ltd.	70,000	70,000	(Tls. 9)£1	Sept.	Fin. $5.00 (Mkg. $8.00 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	61 May	35 June	73½ Oct	47½ Mar	200	....	24,694	4,899
....	25.00	25½	....	22½	23½	23½	....	26.00	24½	Anglo-Dutch (Java) Plantations, Ltd.	400,000	350,000	10s	Dec.	Fin. $1.50 (Mkg. $3.00 a/c 1940)	25-5-41	34 Feb	8.80 July	26.00 Oct	14.80 June	33,600	21,200	661,860	660,335
45½	45½	46½	....	43½	....	43½	....	47½	45.00	Anglo-Java Estates, Ltd.	500,000	496,000	10s	Dec.	Fin. $2.00 (Mkg. $5.00 a/c 1940)	18-7-41	61 May	18.20 June	49½ Jan	27 July	43,100	31,900	1,579,801	1,597,301
....	....	10.00	....	9.00	10.00	9.00	....	....	....	Ayer Tawah Rub. Plantation Co., Ltd.	500,000	335,499	T1	Sept.	Int. $0.50 a/c 1940-41	2-8-41	11.70 Feb	4.25 Aug	10.00 Oct	5.05 Apr	1,015	....	59,494	17,284
....	....	2.65	....	2.45	2.50	2.47½	....	2.70	2.50	Batu Anam (Johore) Rub. Ests., Ltd.	980,000	980,000	To.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.30 a/c 1940)	7-5-41	2.90 Feb	81 May	2.70 Oct	1.20 Feb	116,000	37,000	1,340,646	932,545
12.30	12.80	12.90	....	12.40	12.50	12.70	....	12.90	12.70	Bute Plantations (1913), Ltd.	500,000	353,698	T1	Dec.	Fin. $0.80 (Mkg. $1.40 a/c 1940)	2-5-41	15 Feb	6.00 May	13.20 Sept	5 50 Feb	3,000	2,500	180,980	177,572
....	....	3.70	....	3.45	3.50	3.47½	....	3.75	3.62½	Chemor United Rubber Co., Ltd.	1,200,000	956,804	To.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.30 (Mkg. $0.40 a/c 1940)	25-3-41	5.20 Feb	1.55 May	3.75 Oct	1.90 June	55,000	22,000	1,379,647	774,817
....	....	1.66	....	1.58	1.64	1.62	....	1.66	1.62	Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd.	1,095,850	1,051,438	To.10	June	Div. $0.15 a/c 1940-41	7-10-41	1.74 Jan	0.50 May	1.76 Sept	0.70 Feb	22,000	84,380	4,860,615	2,252,375
....	14.00	13.90	....	....	14.00	16.80	....	14.00	13.40	Consolidated Rub. Estates (1914), Ltd.	500,000	484,837	2/-	Dec.	Fin. $0.53 (Mkg. $1.23 a/c 1940)	2-5-41	14.50 Feb	8.95 May	14.40 Sept	5.90 Feb	4,700	4,420	560,685	329,340
....	17.00	16.80	....	16.20	16.70	16.40	....	17.00	16.80	Dominion Rubber Co., Ltd.	350,000	200,000	T1	Dec.	Fin. $0.80 (Mkg. $1.30 a/c 1940)	30-4-41	19.00 Feb	8.95 July	17.00 Sept	8.75 May	200	1,000	163,681	98,210
....	....	....	62.00	....	....	....	62.00	....	....	Gula-Kalumpong Rub. Ests., Ltd.	750,000	665,000	£1	Dec.	Div. 5% 1938 Less I/T (Coupon 35)	6-4-39	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
5.00	....	5.50	....	5.15	5.20	5.20	....	5.55	5.25	Java-Cons. Rub. & Coffee Ests., Ltd.	850,000	750,000	2/-	Dec.	Fin. $0.50 (Mkg. $0.75 a/c 1940)	14-5-41	7.70 Feb	2.15 June	5.55 Oct	3.20 July	3,000	20,000	935,271	341,490
7.80	....	8.05	....	....	8.00	7.50	....	8.10	8.00	Kota Bahroe Rub. Ests. (1921), Ltd.	500,000	461,804	To.75	June	Int. $0.20 a/c 1940-41	9-5-41	10.10 Feb	4.00 May	8.20 Sept	3.90 Feb	....	13,000	573,445	329,079
....	3.37½	3.40	....	3.10	3.30	3.17½	....	3.45	3.30	Kroewoek Java Plantations, Ltd.	2,200,000	2,200,000	To.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.15 (Mkg. $0.40 a/c 1940)	3-6-41	4.70 Feb	1.30 June	3.45 Jan	1.80 June	109,500	93,000	4,340,580	2,079,760
....	30.00	31½	....	28½	28½	28½	....	32.00	29½	Langkat	300,000	250,000	Gs.10	Oct.	Div. Guilders 0.10 a/c 1939-40	29-9-41	47½ May	12.50 July	37 Jan	19.60 June	40,500	38,600	1,854,788	1,681,771
....	3.90	3.85	....	3.50	....	3.65	....	3.90	3.72½	Padang Rubber Co., Ltd.	500,000	500,000	T1	Apr.	Fin. $0.30 (Mkg. $0.45 a/c 1940-41)	15-8-41	5.20 Feb	1.68 June	3.90 Oct	2.25 June	4,000	8,250	756,251	368,850
....	....	2.70	....	....	....	2.40	....	2.70	2.60	Permata Rubber Ests., Ltd.	350,000	317,219	$1	Oct.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.28 a/c 1939-40)	19-8-41	0.90 May	0.30 Feb	2.80 Aug	1.10 May	1,000	7,000	336,066	50,000
2.20	....	2.35	....	....	2.22½	2.20	....	2.35	2.22½	Repah Rubber & Tapioca Ests., Ltd.	1,350,000	1,350,000	To.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.12 (Mkg. $0.22 a/c 1940)	17-4-41	2.60 Feb	0.81 July	2.35 Oct	1.04 Feb	421,000	90,000	2,072,422	1,362,843
18.20	....	18.90	....	....	....	17.90	....	19.00	18.00	Rubber Trust, Ltd.	25,000,000	1,082,000	T1	Sept.	Int. $0.50 a/c 1940-41	16-7-41	....	16.30 May	6.20 July	19.00 Oct	8.00 Feb	18,273	29,374	2,053,924	329,384
3.10	....	3.10	....	3.05	3.20	3.10	....	3.20	3.07½	Samagaga Rubber Co., Ltd.	6,000,000	1,011,000	To.10	Sept.	Fin. $0.20 (Mkg. $0.35 a/c 1939-40)	27-12-40	3.55 May	1.28 June	3.20 Sept	1.36 Feb	1,000	4,800	1,003,635	546,060
....	....	2.50	....	....	2.42½	2.45	....	2.50	2.47½	Semambu Rubber Ests., Ltd.	900,000	900,000	To.10	Dec.	Fin. $0.10 (Mkg. $0.20 a/c 1941)	3-4-41	3.10 Feb	0.85 May	2.60 Aug	1.03 June	142,000	5,100	712,995	674,540
17½	....	17½	....	16.40	16.90	16.80	....	17.60	16.80	Shanghai Kedah Plantations, Ltd.	400,000	300,000	T1	Sept.	Int. $0.60 a/c 1940-41	4-7-41	18½ Feb	6.55 June	17.60 Oct	9.25 Apr	3,500	4,750	151,420	91,885
....	1.50	1.56	....	1.38

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

S. M. Orchestra:

Mr. Klestadt's Suggestions

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I will not answer the assault which Mr. SCOTTY makes against me in your newspaper as I think there is no place for it. By the way I may mention that perhaps Mr. SCOTTY misunderstands me, which may be due to my poor English (I have to translate my ideas from German to English).

Nevertheless I should always support suggestions of Mr. SCOTTY if I think them right.

To get along with the whole problem I make the following suggestions:

1. Not to abolish the orchestra because of its cultural value, but to try to decrease the deficit by diminishing the salaries and/or increasing the entrance fees, or by other means which persons more competent than I may decide.
2. The Municipality shall issue a loan of $500.000 only to meet the most urgent needs.

Taking the above mentioned items into consideration, it will give time for the taxation reform committee to study the many ideas that have been put forward to them.

MAX KLESTADT.

Shanghai, Oct. 10.

Japanese "War of Nerves" Technique Said Played Out

Bangkok, Oct. 10.

The Japanese war of nerves technique is more or less played out and those who let off trial balloons are doing a distinct disservice to Japan herself, said a neutral observer here yesterday, commenting on a Tokyo press despatch predicting that the British Minister to Thailand, Sir Josiah Crosby, was about to make certain demands on Thailand, and that failing compliance Britain would consider counter-measures against Thailand. With reference to this report, the British Minister yesterday stated that "there is not a single word of truth in this completely mendacious report."

As regards Britain, the neutral observer said she had more than once contradicted such assertions most categorically in the past. There could be no more convincing proof of Thailand's sincerity and anxiety to steer a middle course than the Premier's recent broadcast appeal to his fellow-countrymen to observe strict neutrality in letter and spirit.

If, despite these authoritative declarations, certain quarters persist in spreading such embarrassing stories, Thais may be excused if they draw the obvious inference that the reports aim solely at shaking their morale, the neutral observer added.—Reuter.

U.S. Talks With Britain Unfriendly To Japan—Ishii

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Cabinet Information Board, today characterized United States participation in Anglo-American conferences at Manila, Hongkong and other Far Eastern points recently as unfriendly to Japan.

Mr. Ishii said such participation was "an unfriendly act to Japan and a strange contradiction because the United States simultaneously is conducting negotiations with Japan."

Relative to Washington reports that the United States, Britain and the Netherlands East Indies had agreed to halt completely oil exports to Japan Mr. Ishii said "I cannot understand why such reports were released because an oil shipment to Japan was stopped two or three weeks ago."—United Press.

Chiang Appeals For All-out Effort

Chungking, Oct. 10.

In a message to the nation on the eve of the 30th anniversary of the Chinese Republic yesterday, General Chiang Kai-shek appealed for an all-out effort to win the war and achieve the task of reconstruction.

"Five years of resistance have laid the foundation for victory and given us steadily mounting repute in the opinion of the world. Co-operation of friendly Powers with us has taken on definite shape," the Generalissimo continued.

Reviewing affairs in the past year, he stressed two outstanding features: 1. Powers opposed to aggression closed their ranks and the peace-loving nations ranged themselves in the Pacific against Japan, forming a restraining cordon of defences about her and secondly, China crossed the threshold of equality with other nations. The century of unequal treaties may said to be closed with the British and American declarations of their intention to relinquish extraterritorial rights in China.

"Vast obstacles have yet to be oversome, but nothing can reverse the accomplishments already ours," General Chiang Kai-shek asserted.

In conclusion, he appealed to all citizens to make an extreme effort and to all officers and men to strive for the glory of China as a member of the anti-aggression front.—Reuter.

Ishii Reiterates That Japanese Evacuees in Singapore Ill-Treated

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Mr. Koh Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Information Board, at today's foreign press conference, confirmed reports printed in local vernaculars regarding the severe treatment of Japanese evacuees in Singapore by British officials as "the same story" received officially.

Asked about a report that Chungking had given the United States a 99 years' lease of all mining rights in south and central China, Mr. Ishii said, "First we must confirm the report" before the Japanese Government can take a definite stand.—Domei.

Daily Reveals Weakness of Income Tax Plan

A comparatively small number of local Russians pay their income tax regularly, the "Shanghai Zaria," leading Russian emigrant organ here, revealed yesterday in an article entitled "Russian Emigrants Should Realize the Necessity of Paying Their Income Tax." The paper stated that Russian emigrants, who do not fulfil their financial obligations to the Russian Emigrants' Committee, were only harming the good work of the necessary Russian establishments in the city, such as the hospital and schools, since they are depending chiefly on the Committee for funds.

According to the daily, the number of income tax payers for the last five months had varied from 1,775 to 2,117, while the sums received have been from $12,419 to $15,070 per mensem. These figures exclude the members of the Russian-Jewish community.

The above figures, states the paper, show that payments of income tax do not tend to increase and that only a small number of Russian emigrants pay their share. The chiefs of the Financial Department of the Russian Emigrants' Committee have also revealed, continues the "Shanghai Zaria," that some income tax payers pay less than they should. This is particularly noticeable among employees of large establishments and foreign firms, who calculate their income tax first from their basic pay and then from their high cost of living allowance. When summed up this produces a smaller figure than if the percentage were calculated from the total pay, since the scale of income tax payments has been instituted on the principle of a progressive increase of percentage.

An instance is given of a person, receiving $1,000 per mensem, who pays only about $10 instead of $30, the percentage for salaries of $1,000 being set at three. The person in question calculates his income tax first from the $300 that is his pay and then from the additional $700.

Two More Concerns Hit By Labour Dispute

Another slight increase in the number of strikes was reported yesterday. Two concerns—the Heng Song Silk Weaving Factory and the Kwei Jeu Handkerchief Factory—have been affected, thus bringing the number of strikers to approximately 700.

The strike at the Heng Song Silk Weaving Factory broke out yesterday morning when some eighty employees left their jobs after presenting the management with a demand for an increase of twenty per cent. in their pay. The factory is at 23 Heichow Road in Yangtszepoo. The strike at the handkerchief factory has involved twenty workers, who struck on Tuesday in order to enforce their demand for a thirty per cent. increase.

In the meantime, one dispute was settled on Thursday afternoon. This is at the Wei Dah Cotton Weaving Factory in North Shanse Road. The workers are expected to resume work this morning. They have been promised an increase of ten per cent. in their pay.

Among the 700 strikers are the employees of the Arts and Crafts Furniture Factory, Watson's Mineral Water Co., Peter's Brockade Weaving Factory, Dah Shing Laundry, and seven printing establishments in the Settlement.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION

F F Z

193 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai
TELEPHONE 80567

Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.
Short wave: 24.80m., 12.09mc.

Daily broadcast in four languages

Time table

12.00 Classical music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Light music.
2.00 Chinese music.
4.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.10 French lesson for Chinese students.
5.30 Annamite programmes.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Riviere.
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

Selections from modern French operas. Bruneau: The attack on the mill; Chabrier: King against his will: Thomas: Mignon: Halevy: The Jewish girl; Berlioz: The Damnation of Faust; Massenet: Manon.

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XGDN

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Medium Wave 208m. Frequency 1440kc.
Short Wave in the 25 metre band.
P. O. Box 483, Shanghai
Telephone 16967

To-day's Programme

7.30-12.10 Chinese Programme
12.10 Indian Programme
12.30 Piano and Violin Solos
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00-4.30 "Much Ado About Nothing"—Jimmy Ladd's Session
4.30-7.00 Chinese Programme
7.00 Greek Programme
7.30 English Lesson—Intermediate
8.00 Relay from the B.B.C.
8.30 Star Discs
9.00 News in English
9.20 Talk by John Harford
9.30 Kenneth Mackenzie's Request Programme—Tel. 16967
10.30 Special U.S.S.R. Red Cross programme
11.00 Late News Summary
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese
(Programme Details and short wave Schedules in Radio Flash)

XMHD 760kc.

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD
CONCISE
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XMHD broadcasts news in English daily at 12.45 and 9 p.m. and news in Chinese daily at 12.30 and 9.15 p.m.

MAILS COMING AND GOING
EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS
WEATHER REPORTS
LOCAL EVENTS OF THE DAY

At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.

Free Frenchmen with Wings

Many Frenchmen are still making their way to England from all over the world and even from the occupied territories, to join the Free French forces. Hundreds have learnt to fly British aircraft to fight the common enemy. The picture shows some of these fliers learning the English language with the assistance of British friends in their Mess.

$100,000 Wanted To Aid Child Welfare Work

An annual campaign for $100,000 was started yesterday by the National Child Welfare Association of China. It will last for a period of three weeks.

The N.C.W.A. was organized by Christian leaders in Shanghai in 1928 in response to a movement started by a welfare organization for children in New York with the object to advocate, protect, and ensure the rights of the children of China, and to promote, in every possible way their well-being.

Since the outbreak of the present hostilities in 1937, the relief work of the Association has become more acute as millions of children have been rendered homeless and parentless. To facilitate the relief work in interior places, the Association's head office removed to Chungking while the headquarters in Shanghai was made as the Shanghai Office. In Shanghai, the Association is maintaining three institutions. They are the Child Welfare Home, Refugee Babies' Nursery and Refugee Babies' Nursery.

Eleven Years' History

The Child Welfare Home with a history of 11 years is located at 1231 Rue Lafayette. This institution is to receive homeless orphans between the ages of 6 and 12. In the institution are about 140 boys and girls. The Refugee Babies' Nursery established shortly after the outbreak of the present hostilities is to take care of unclaimed babies from birth to 4 years of age. This institution is now located at 33 Wangkasha, Carter Road with 40 babies. The Refugee Children's Camp is another institution opened after the present war. The camp is a home for refugee children from 4 to 14 years of age mercilessly affected by the present war. It is now housed in the Bethel Hospital in Nantao.

The children in the institutions are taught to read and write, and to learn how to be healthy and to live happy. Some of the children of older age are to receive manual training beside usual education. When advisable, they are placed out in homes as adopted children and as apprentices to trades. The children have five hours of studying daily six days a week from 9 to 12 o'clock in the morning and from 2 to 4 o'clock in the afternoon. They receive 45 minutes of physical exercises after they get up at 6 o'clock in the morning. They take baths daily in summer and twice a week in winter. Three meals are served.

At present, the average cost for each child, including food, clothing and education for one month is approximately $30. This is an increase of $8 over the average cost of the last year for each child each month, which was $22. In view of the mounting expenses due to the rapid rise in the cost of living, the Association is now having a campaign for $100,000 to meet a shortage in the present year's budget which requires $350,000. It is earnestly hoped that the members and friends of the Association will give a sizeable contribution toward the campaign as they have generously given before.

Donations may be sent to the Association's headquarters, Room 208, Chung Wei Bank Building at 147 Avenue Edward VII. (Tel. 82273).

CHURCH SERVICES

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—Oct. 12.—18th Sunday after Trinity. 8 a.m Holy Communion (also in Bubbling Well Chapel) (Communicant's Fellowship) 10.15 a.m. Morning Sunday School—Cathedral Girls' School. 10.30 a.m. Mattins and Sermon. Psalm: 103. Lessons: Jeremiah 26; Luke 12, 1-34. Stanford in B flat. Anthem: "Sing Praise to God" (Whitlock) Hymns: 34, 249, 193. Preacher: Rev. P. C. Matthews, M.A. 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon Psalm: 114. Lessons: Jer. 30, 1-3, 10-22; John 13. Hymns: 313, 242, 299, 21. Preacher: Rev. G. A. Scott 6 p.m. Bubbling Well Chapel: Preacher: The Dean (Mattins at 10.30 a.m. will be broadcast from Cathedral over stations XMHC., 700 kc., XGDN. 1440. kc., and daily noon day intercessions at 12.10 p.m. from XMHC. only).

St. John's Pro-Cathedral. — Jessfield Holy Communion in English at 7.30 a.m. Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock Preacher: Rt. Rev. W. P. Roberts.

Union Church. — (International and Inter-denominational.) 107 Soochow Road, (Near the British Consulate-General.) Officiating Ministers—Rev. C. W. Allan. 10.20 a.m. Prayer Meeting in Vestry. 10.45 a.m. Divine Worship conducted by Rev. George R. Osborn Methodist Missionary Society, Hankow. 10.45 a.m. Children's Services in Church Hall.

Sacred Heart Church (260 Nanzing Road) Tel. 41428 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6 and 7 a.m.

Saint Peter's Church (Avenue Dubail) Tel. 80725 Sunday: Masses at 5.15 6, 7, 8, 9.15, a.m. Benediction at 3.30 and 6.45 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.15, 6, 6.45 and 7.30 a.m.

Saint Theresa's Church (370 Tatung Road) Tel. 39359 Sunday. Masses at 6.15, 7, 8 a.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6.15, 7 a.m.

Our Lady's Church (694 Baikal Road) Sunday Masses. at 7.30 and 9 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 7.30 a.m.

Church of St. Aloysius Gonzaga (734 Kiaochow Road.) Tel 32313 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.30, 6 and 6.30 a.m.

Saint John Bosco's Church (740 Hangchow Road) Sunday Masses at 7, 8.30 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 6.30 a.m.

Saint Joseph's Church (Rue Montauban) Tel. 85353 Sunday: Masses at 5.15, 6, 7, 8.15 and 10 a.m. Benediction 4 p.m. Weekday: Masses at 6 and 7.30 a.m.

Foreign Y.M.C.A. — Informal Sunday Evening Service, 6 p.m. in the Junior Division Room, (Mezzanine Floor) Speaker. Mr. J. A. Eggo. All welcome.

Shanghai Free Christian Church.—(Evangelical) 5 Tifeng Road, (Near Jessfield Road) Sunday 11 o'clock. Morning Worship: Preacher: Rev. H. E. Blair. Afternoon 3 o'clock, Sunday-school and Bible Class. Evening 6 o'clock, Gospel Service. Preacher; Rev. Thos. Cook, D.D. During the week: Monday 8 p.m. Young People's Meeting. Thursday afternoon 5.45 o'clock Prayer-meeting.

Society of Friends (Quakers).—A meeting for worship to which all are welcome will be held at 6 p.m. on Sunday in room "D" at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., 150 Bubbling Well Road.

Endeavourers Church.—Morning service will be held at 9.30 a.m. in the hall of the Shanghai Free Christian Church. No. 5 Tifeng Road. The speaker will be Rev. Frank England. Mid-week prayer meeting will be held on Wednesday at 5.30 p.m. in room 305. Missions Building, 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

Bethesda Gospel Hall.—(International) 729 Yu Yuen Road, Shanghai Gospel Services are held in: German: on Sundays Breaking of Bread Meeting at 3.30-4.30 p.m.; on Sundays Bible Class at 5-6 p.m.; on Wednesdays Bible Class for Ladies at 4-5.30 p.m. Chinese: on Sundays Breaking of Bread Meeting at 10-11.30 p.m.; on Sundays Gospel Meeting at 2.30-4 p.m.; on Tuesdays Prayer Meeting at 7.30-9 p.m.; on Thursdays Bible Class at 6-7 p.m. English: on Fridays Prayer Meeting at 5.30-6.30 p.m.

Community Church.—53 Avenue Petain. Rev. George R. Osborn, English Methodist Mission, Hankow will preach in Community Church Sunday at 11 a.m. Mr. R. V. Dent will be at the organ. The church choir will sing "O Saviour of the World" by John Goss. Myra Bancroft Olive and Capt. W. H. Wilterdink will sing the duet, "O How Amiable Are Thy Dwellings" by J. H. Maunder. Junior and primary departments of the Church School will meet at 9.30 a.m. The Navy "Y" will have its programme for Service men at 6 p.m.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Shanghai. 1647 Avenue Road Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "Are Sin, Disease, and Death Real?" Sunday School 9.45 a.m. Testimonial Meeting Wednesday, 6 p.m. Reading Room at the Church open Monday, and Friday from 10.30 to 12.30, Wednesday from 4 to 6 p.m

Shanghai Hebrew Mission.—Ford Lane 56, Sunday 10 a.m., Rev. R. T. Haskell. Wednesday 3.30 p.m., Rev. H. M. Bruen. 703 N. Szechuen Road, Alliance Hall, Sunday 10.00 a.m. Rev. J. Y. Crothers. Wednesday 3.30 p.m. Rev. A. S. Gillespie.

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Kondo Warns That War May Spread

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

Commander Shinichi Kondo, Chief of the First Section of the First Bureau of the Cabinet Information Board in a nationwide radio broadcast last night declared that "because of the developments of the past few months war is likely to spread to other regions at any moment."

He said he would deliberately avoid commenting on possible Pacific developments in the event of war but reviewed Britain's alleged failure to control German submarines in the Atlantic.

"American entry into the war would bring ruin to civilization and interruption of maritime commerce, and invite a deadlock—even to America who already is blessed with plentiful resources," he added.

The statement renewed speculation on the possibility of a new Japanese move in the Far East in the event of collapse of Soviet forces.

The new warning of possible war moves in the Pacific came as Prince Fumimaro Konoye, Premier, went to the Palace to report to Emperor Hirohito on the general state of Affairs.—United Press.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF OCTOBER 11, 1871

A meeting of the Union Insurance Company 1871-73 was held at Hongkong on September 29. The accounts for the first six months of the term, to June 30 last, show a balance in hand of $197,000, besides the paid up capital of $249,000. The losses during that period have been $56,000. It was stated, with reference to the term 1868-70, that, after laying aside $40,000 to meet all possible claims, there would remain a further balance of $80,000 for distribution. Anxiety is felt concerning the fate of the Helen Black, which left Hongkong for Foochow on August 30, and has not since been heard of.

A PERSONAL NOTE
Special permission of General Sutton and original publishers has been given to Anderson Brothers, in response to many requests, for the re-print of:
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It is now time to order your Attractive Christmas Greeting cards with your name printed on them for mail abroad. All at competitive prices.
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Tientsin and Axminster carpets, rugs, upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, day beds, blankets, brass and bronze ware, wine glasses, vases, lamps, pictures, coffee percolators, electric massage set, medical instruments, electric dry shavers, balance scale, radio sets, table fans, flute, mah-jongg set, table badminton, hand vacuum cleaner, microscope, concertina, camera, tripod, leather suit cases, hang bags, gun cases, portable gramophones, records, mirrors, clocks, books, telegraphic codes, music books, bookcases, roll and flat top desks, desk chairs, filing cabinets, carved teakwood and blackwood furniture, teapoys, card tables, flower stands, gent's bicycle, child's pram, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, bedsteads, willow furniture, kitchen cupboards, doll house, linen, electric waffle iron, oil paintings, etc.
1 12-Bore double barrel hammerless ejector gun by W. E. Pape with case
1 20-Bore double barrel hammerless ejector gun by Herstal-Liege with case
1 20-Bore double barrel hammer gun by Cogswell and Harrison with case
1 20-Bore double barrel hammerless ejector gun by N.E. Davis & Sons
1 Large "Valentine and Bulter" Steel safe w/keys and 1 small safe with keys
1 Large "Acme" cooking range, 1 "Singer" treadle sewing machine
1 "Gestetner" Duplicating machine No. 6, 1 "Woodstock" Typewriter
1 Set of 51 volts Harvard Classics, 1 Roll 80ft. garden hose with nozzle and stand
1 "R.C.A. Victor" 5-tube all wave combination radio-gramophone 110/220V
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1 Large "G.E." double door electric refrigerator
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1 Large bronze statue, 1 White marble bust with pedestal
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CA 27

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the new columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

GERMAN CLAIMS

If the German stories of what is happening in Russia are to be believed the Russian armies have by now been completely annihilated for the fourth time. Dr. Otto Dietrich, German Press chief, claims that Russia's military destruction has been completed, but, then, the German high command have done this so frequently that it is becoming almost a habit. The history of the past four months show that the Germans have consistently lied. In the first offensive the Stalin line was smashed in many places and in July it was declared that the road to Moscow had been forced open. Then Marshal Voroshilov's armies were said to be entrapped in Leningrad. The fact is that road and rail communication with the former Russian capital was still possible a day or so ago, and there is as yet no claim it has been cut. Marshal Budenny's armies were claimed to have been destroyed. It was even alleged that he had been executed. He is still in command, and still able to make effective resistance to the forces of Marshal von Runstedt, which by now should have been in the Caucasus if the German claims had been correct.

Dietrich in the midst of his boasting does a little hedging which may prove significant. "If we consider," he says, "that the armies of Voroshilov are enclosed in Leningrad and the armies of Budenny practically settled, there can be no doubt that the whole of the Soviet front is smashed." If these claims were correct, something approaching Dietrich's conclusion would be probable, but based as it is on an important "if" it may still be far too early to give them much heed. That the fighting in western Russia is severe; that the Germans have made some headway; and that the Soviet armies have been undergoing a considerable mauling, is to be assumed from the reports which have come to hand, but there is evidence that the German pincer-movement with which they sought to envelope Marshal Timoshenko's centre, instead of closing, shows a disposition to open wider than before. The Russians are fighting with astounding bravery, and their power of recuperation which has already been displayed in this campaign justifies the belief that they will continue to wreak havoc upon their enemy.

Dietrich seeks to convince the world that the German losses are indeed small, by stating that up to the present Germany's military casualties have been five per cent. of those suffered in the last war. Then Germans killed totalled 2,050,466, and wounded 4,202,028, and if Dietrich is correct, and he most obviously is not, then German losses so far amount only to about 102,500 killed and 210,000 wounded. He may be able for the time being to delude his own people with such fantasies, but the outside world will accept such statements with all the scornful disbelief they deserve. Hitler did not mention German casualties in his last speech simply because he dared not reveal their proportions, which quite clearly must be large, in view of the stern resistance of the Russians which the Germans themselves have emphasized in their communiques. Neither does Dietrich dare, though he goes further than his leader by making allegations which the latter was far too astute to make. It is more than probable that the Russian claims in this respect are more close to the facts than anything which has been said by any Nazi official.

It is clear from the foregoing that all German statements as to the progress of the fighting and the damage inflicted upon the Russians need to be regarded with the utmost suspicion. No one for one moment would deny the seriousness of the Russian position, or the fact that this latest German offensive is on perhaps a greater scale than its predecessors. But Russian claims that where withdrawals have been made they have been in good order can be accepted as true in view of the fact that the Soviet Press makes no attempt to minimize the seriousness of the situation, one Red newspaper going to the length of exhorting the citizens of Moscow to prepare themselves for a life and death struggle. The Germans may reach Moscow, but unless they can bring about the utter annihilation of the Russian forces, and there are nothing but unsubstantiated German claims regarding that at the moment, victory will still not be theirs. The position today is just about the same as when this offensive was opened, and as one commentator then remarked, if Germany loses this fight she loses the war; if Russia meets with a reverse, she will still be able to carry on.

SKILLED LABOUR

The debate in the House of Commons on manpower ended on a cordial note, criticisms of the Government being taken in as good part as the Government's explanations. It was obvious on both sides that the object of ensuring that the skilled labour of Great Britain should be employed to the greatest advantage to the nation's war effort was paramount in the minds of the critics and the Government. How this should be done is a question which bristles with complications. The old days, when it was "Tommy this, and Tommy that, and Tommy where's your gun?", passed long ago. The army of today is an army of men skilled not only in killing but in the mechanics of the weapons which skilled men in the factories turn out for them. The men in the services and the men in industries are, in fact, complementary. The best weapon in the world is useless when it is put in the hands of a man who does not understand it, cannot keep it efficient, and cannot repair it when need be. And on the other hand the most courageous man in the world is of little use when he is stuck at the wrong end of an automatic gun which his enemy will not hesitate to use. The labour of the skilled man in the munitions factory is useful only when it is exploited by a skilled man in the face of the enemy. And the difficulty which those planning this war have to determine is the proper proportion between the two. In a world where adjustments could be made as simply as a wave of the hand, there would be no problem. When men were needed more in the firing line than in the factories they could be transferred to the front; and when men were more urgently needed in the factories, they could be withdrawn from the firing line. Things are unfortunately not like that.

The British Army is at present enjoying a comparative fighting lull. But it would be a mistake which every member of it would hasten to correct at once, if it were assumed that it is resting. As Mr. Churchill pointed out not long ago, the Army is being forged into a magnificently tempered weapon—not large in numbers, but of the highest quality throughout. To ensure this end, the men are kept at it, training all the time in conditions as closely resembling those on active service as it is possible to contrive. By the time a recruit has gone through all the training that has been prescribed for him, it may be said that he is a highly skilled man. It is possible that he is also a skilled industrial hand in some factory in which he was employed before the war. In a case like this the value of his services has to be carefully weighed. Would he be able to do more towards winning the war if transferred back to his civilian job than if he is retained in the army? In seeking an answer to this question it is necessary to take the long, not the short, view. Some of the criticism which the Government has had to endure in the press has seemed to suffer from the delusion that a soldier can be made just so efficient and no more. That is to say, when a man has passed through certain tests, he has little to do than to sit idly by until the opportunity arises during which he can show that he has learned the business of being a soldier effectively. This is, of course, very far from being the truth. A soldier, properly commanded and employed, increases his efficiency steadily. His field of progress is probably wider than that which opens before the industrial worker. In what circumstances, then, would it be wise to take him from his military environment and return him to his old one? His work in the factory would doubtless be of great value; but would it be great enough to raise the level of general efficiency in this employment—not simply keep it at the same standard? These are important questions which have a bearing on the ultimate one—is the soldier more valuable than the worker in wartime?

The comparative value of the soldier and the worker in wartime turns naturally upon the calls made upon them. The size of a modern army is dependent upon the number of workers who can keep it in the field, and it is thus economically limited. It would appear to follow logically, therefore, that when heavy outside calls are made upon the workers, such as calls to supply arms to Russia, the size of the home army they normally supply should be reduced in proportion with the extra numbers of men they must supply in other lands. But the logical sequence is in this case absurd. What must be adapted is the standard of efficiency of the general supply, and those whose duty it is to govern the country must see to it that the standard is allowed to decline no more than is absolutely necessary, and that expansion should be pushed to make the decline only temporary. There is naturally room for a great deal of difference of opinion as to how far this efficiency can be allowed to decline without seriously impairing national safety. It may be argued that other countries, even the Germans, have somewhat similar sacrifices of efficiency to make, when costly offensives call for the urgent replacement of lost or damaged material, and that therefore the decline in efficiency may be considerable without harming the comparative effectiveness of the fighting services. This argument is a dangerous one, yet it seems to be behind much of the agitation for the switch over of men from the fighting to the producing services to meet the greater demands made upon the producers by the extension of the war. But it is to be sincerely hoped that it will not be allowed to influence the judgment of those who take the long view of the war and are working for a sure and steadily-increasing pressure upon the enemy, consolidated upon a firm foundation wherever progress has been made.

New Editor of "The Times"

Last month, Mr. Geoffrey Dawson retired from the editorship of "The Times," his assistant-editor, Mr. R. M. Barrington-Ward, succeeding him. The British "News Review", commenting on the change, pointed out that though it is the favoured organ of British statesmen, with all its power and prestige, "The Times" is as modest as a Victorian maiden when it comes to personal publicity:—

> An inconspicuous notice that "Thomas Barnes, Esq.," had died "in the 56th year of his age" was "The Thunderer's" first mention of the potent journalist who was its Editor from 1817 to 1841.
>
> Because Editors of "The Times" are carefully handpicked, changes are few. Only sixth in succession to Thomas Barnes is scholarly Etonian and Oxonian Geoffrey Dawson, whose retirement next September was modestly announced last week.
>
> One of the late Lord Milner's "Young Men," Editor Dawson, who changed his name by Royal Licence from Robinson, became "The Times" Editor in 1912. When sensational Pressiord Northcliffe acquired control of the sacred organ in 1919, Geoffrey Dawson left, returning when "The Times" changed hands in 1923.
>
> Most notable happening of Editor Dawson's reign was in September, 1938, when, in a leader, he boldly advocated handing over the Sudetenland to Adolf Hitler. Though the British Government disclaimed responsibility for "The Times" utterances, Foreign Secretary Halifax invited Dawson to lunch next day as a mark of respect.

Mr. Dawson retires at the age of 67 years having been born in 1874. After leaving Oxford he entered the Colonial Office where he remained from 1898 to 1901. For the next four years he was private secretary to Lord Milner in South Africa, and in 1905 entered journalism by becoming editor of the Johannesburg "Star", a position which he held until 1910. It was two years later that he joined "The Times" as editor. His successor, aged about fifty is the son of a Cornish rector and has four brilliant brothers. His eldest brother is a magistrate, one an Oxford tutor, another a surgeon and the fourth a railway specialist. Mr. Barrington-Ward was educated at Westminster and Oxford; became editorial secretary to "The Times" in 1913, served throughout the war in France and Belgium, and was awarded the D.S.O. and the M.C., as well as being mentioned in despatches three times. After the war he joined "The Observer" on which he was assistant editor from 1919 to 1927.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Oct. 10.—There must be very few people who are not fond of Violets *(Viola odorata)* there are not many flowers more popular and the fact that they may be had in bloom during the winter renders them still more valuable. We admit that during late spring, huge bunches may be purchased on our roads for a mere song, but this does not detract from their beauty. For winter crops, an unheated frame is necessary and growers will be well repaid for any expenditure they may incur in providing a rich, well cultivated soil. In poor soils, flowers are invariably small, while in soil that has been enriched by the addition of well-decayed manure, a crop of large flowers on long stems may be expected. The level of the soil in the frame should be raised so as to bring the tops of the plants quite close to the glass, if the frame is too deep, the plants will become "drawn." After planting, a good watering should be given and only a little ventilation allowed for the first week or so; this treatment and the daily syringing of the plants with water will result in quick root action. As soon as the Violets are established, more ventilation may be given and the lights removed entirely on bright days: much depends on growing the plants as cool as possible. During winter, a drier atmosphere should be maintained to prevent attacks of rust, that orange-coloured fungus that affects the leaves; foliage and flowers also damp easily if the air is kept too moist on cold days. Hot and dry positions are not suitable for growing violets in the open, but a frame facing south is most useful for early flowers, the plants may suffer from dryness during the summer, but this state of affairs is easily prevented by the judicious use of the water-can. At this time of the year, we like to remove practically all leaves from plants required for furnishing flowers during winter and early spring. This work makes plants look unsightly for a time, but it does give us a chance to fork over the soil and incorporate a little manure. For growing in the open, a location where there is a free passage of air should be chosen if possible and if the plants can have the benefit of shade during the hot afternoon sun, so much the better. Transplanting can be carried out during the next few days; but it is advisable to complete this work as early as possible so as to allow the plants a chance to become properly established before the cold days of winter arrive.—W.J.K.

A PARSON'S LOG

From a Correspondent

One of the greatest passages in all religious literature, written some 725 B.C., is found in the writings of Micah, a man of the country and not of the great city. He is musing on one of the eternal problems: How may the favour of God be won? Why is it that He seems to evade earnest seekers after Him?

The people ask:—

'How shall I enter the Eternal's presence, and bow before the God of heaven? Shall I come to him with sacrifices....? Would the Eternal care for rams in thousands, or for oil flowing in myriad streams? Shall I offer my first-born son for my sin....?' The futility and weariness of the whole system of religious observances have caused the people to despair.

The prophet answers:—

'He hath showed thee, O man, what is good; and what doth the Lord require of thee, but to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God?' The prophet's answer expresses an ideal of religion to which no subsequent century has ever been able to add either beauty or tenderness. It is one of those timeless sayings which meet the doubts and fears of every age.

Let us translate the heart's questionings into modern terms: Wherewith shall I come before the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, and bow myself before the God who is love? Shall I come before him with elaborate ritual and gorgeous music? Will the God of all mercies be pleased if I am punctilious in attendance at public worship and say my prayers morning and evening? Shall I give generously to the church and subscribe to different charities and thereby make amends for my wrongdoing? He hath taught thee, O man, what is good; and what doth the Heavenly Father require of thee, but to be just and kind and to walk humbly with thy God? Religious observances are not condemned, they are subordinated to the moral and spiritual condition of the seeker. God's favours are not won, He does not elude those who earnestly desire Him. He bestows His gifts freely upon and comes to those who live in just and helpful relations with their fellows. Raymond Lull, who, after a life of splendid usefulness, was stoned to death in North Africa in 1315, urging his "sweet and reasonable appeal" for Christ, put a primary truth into worthy words: "He who would find Thee, O Lord, let him go forth to seek Thee in love, loyalty, devotion, faith, hope, justice, mercy, and truth; for in every place where these are, there art Thou."

'To do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with God' are what the Eternal asks of mankind. Much could be written about these three demands but there is space to delineate mercy only, and today how much the world needs men who 'love mercy' which will triumph over hatred, envy and malice.

It is the aim of the Divine mercy to reproduce itself in the spirits of men. It has two parts, pity and active goodness. We are enjoined to love not in word, neither in tongue, but in deed and in truth. This is the teaching of Jesus: "Go ye and learn what this meaneth, I desire mercy and not sacrifice." The same emphasis is seen in such parables as the Good Samaritan, the Sheep and the Goats, and that of the Unmerciful Servant. From these we learn that if gratitude to God does not make men merciful to one another, they will be dealt with by penalties. This right disposition of the heart is a product not so much of enlightenment of the mind as of experiences such as touch the springs of affection. Selflessness, and the constraint that Christ's love lays upon us, are the important features of one's behaviour in this matter of mercifulness. The Apostle Paul writing to the Corinthians says: "I will very gladly spend and be spent for you; though the more abundantly I love you, the less I be loved." "The love of Christ constraineth us." And to the Romans: "I am debtor both to the Greeks, and to the Barbarians;....as much as in me is, I am ready to preach the gospel to you that are in Rome also." John writes: "We ought to lay down our lives for the brethren." When we look at Christ's own life we find the readiness of an unreserved surrender to His Father's will. "I came not to do mine own will, but the will of Him that sent me." And when His enemies crucified Him Jesus said: "Father forgive them, for they know not what they do." In the concrete example of Christ and of men possessed by His spirit we see that the emphasis in Jesus' teaching is all thrown on the duty of being merciful. In The Merchant of Venice, Shakespeare has enshrined the beauty of this God-like attribute:

> The quality of mercy is not strained;
> It droppeth, as the gentle rain from heaven
> Upon the place beneath; it is twice blessed;
> It blesseth him that gives, and him that takes:....
> It is enthroned in the hearts of kings,
> It is an attribute to God himself;
> And earthly power doth then show likest God's
> When mercy seasons justice.

IN PARENTHESIS

General Required

RETIRED colonel requires capable general over 30.—Advt. in "The Friend."

Lady whose "good companion" must be put to sleep offers real country home to young bitch.—Advt. in "The Times."

* * *

Quotation

RALPH Waldo Emerson, on England, 1847:—I see her not dispirited, nor weak, but well remembering that she has seen dark days before; indeed, with a kind of instinct that she sees a little better in a cloudy day, and that in the storm of battle and calamity she has a secret vigour and a pulse like a cannon.

* * *

Hurt Feelings

THERE is something which hurts our best feelings in the success of a man whom we heartily despise. It seems to imply, which is intolerable, that our penetration has been at fault, or that merit—that is to say, our own conspicuous ability—is liable to be outstripped in this world by imposture.—Leslie Stephen.

* * *

Phone Payments

AFTER an unidentified advertiser finished dictating a classified ad. to the clerk of the "Waterbury (Conn.) Republican" over the telephone he asked:

"How much will that be?"

"Sixty cents," the classified clerk replied.

Then—"ding, ding, ding."

The clerk was puzzled until the voice at the other end said:

"O.K. There it is. I just dropped it in the coin box."

* * *

"Shoot Him!"

SCENE: A contented camp, with snores from the sergeant's tent.

"Halt! Who goes there?" called the sentry.

In an authoritative manner the C. O. explained who he was.

Sentry. "Must have the password, Sir."

C. O.: "Don't you understand—?"

Snores inside the tent cease, and an angry voice: "Don't stand there arguing—shoot the blighter."

The power of fortune is confessed only by the miserable, for the happy impute all their success to prudence or merit.—Dean Swift.

* * *

True Story

JOSEPH A. Taddeo, desk editor for Wide World Photos for five years, had some explaining to do to clients recently after he bade them farewell in his last caption and then discovered that he was to remain with the organization when it was acquired by Press Association, Inc.

When news of the merger got around, Taddeo didn't know where he was going from there, so he thought he'd say good-bye and let it go at that. So he attached this memo to his last Wide World caption:

"Note to picture editor: Since Wide World has been absorbed by the AP, this is probably the last feature you will be receiving under the 'i' signature. We have always tried to anticipate your needs but if you have found the layouts sufficiently interesting to use, it was satisfaction enough. At any rate, it was swell working with all of you—30—. (J. A. Taddeo)."

Joe was embarrassed a week later. He was still getting out his Wide World picture feature from the AP offices, and he must have felt like the late Harry Lauder on a U.S. tour after a "farewell" trip the previous year.

Never at a loss for an idea, Joe sat down and composed the following note to editors:

"Like Mark Twain, I feel that the announcement which accompanied my last feature layout to you was somewhat premature. At that time I had no way of foretelling my next landing spot. However, here I am, in the same batting lineup but under new club ownership. It will continue to be swell to work with you again...." ('i').

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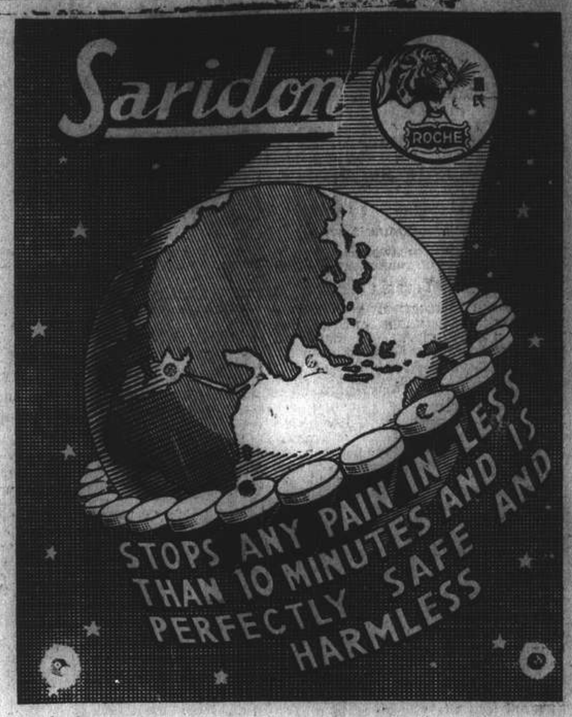

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Frostylight Wins 40th Race To Set New Record; Defeats Classy Field in Fast Race

By "The Chaser"

A NEW local racing record was created yesterday afternoon when Frostylight streaked past the post first in the Republican Stakes to win the 40th race of his seven-year racing career. In winning his 40th race he has broken the long standing record of the yester-year favourite, Old Bill. Despite having pounded the turf for seven years without being lame once, the speedy old blue dun and darling of the "Cire" stable is today as good if not better than he ever was.

In his race yesterday he put a magnificent run all the way to stave off whatever opposition the field of classy middle-distance ponies chose to put up to snatch the supreme laurels by a neck. He won the seven-furlong race in the excellent time of one minute and 47 seconds which is only one and four-fifth seconds slower than the record.

Unaccountable Betting

Responding to Jockey Francis Noodt's riding with ruge strides, Frostylight drew away from the field soon after the last furlong post was reached and for a while it seemed that Slow Motion, who had suddenly appeared into the picture from now-here, would overtake him as he was moving right through the field like greased lightning. But the tried and true blue dun kept his head in front and shook off Slow Motion's challenge with determination.

His stable mate, Charrylight, curiously enough attracted stronger support from the public in the win and place pari-mutuels and was in fact made the favourite for the race. Perhaps it was because of his second to Hindhead which led the punters to thinking that he was better than his more illustrious mate. He justified his popularity to a certain extent by filling the third position half a length away.

Rye was also very heavily supported by the betting public but again he failed to do what of expected of him. After running well up most of the way and flattering for a while at the top of the straight he was quickly eclipsed by the spurting field to finish nowhere.

White Parade Wins

In the other "quality" race White Parade made a successful autumn debut by running away with the Commemoration Stakes from Northwood and Vim who filled the minor positions. Having won this race he is now qualified for the Autumn classic but on yesterday's running there is no much hope of his winning it.

The greater portion of the public were of the opinion that Northwood should really have taken premier honours in this race. Their contention is that Northwood had conceded too much distance to White Parade at the last quarter as he was tailing the field, not including The Ruff and Merry Dick who were trailing far behind, and was at least ten lengths behind the leader. White Parade led from the three furlong mark and entered the final stretch with a length to spare and would have been a fairly easy winner had it not been for Northwood. Northwood, as it were, streak through on the rails and despite being boxed in at the top of the straight managed to get through and finish only one length behind the winner.

Punters Humoured

Yesterday's programme comprised of thirteen events and Jim Pote-Hunt took top riding honours by winning three of them. Gabor Renner was also in the spotlight as he piloted two winners during the day while novice-jockey honours fell to Jack Kay who rode Phantom to victory in the Sunport Novice Stakes.

Punters had little cause for complaint yesterday when favourites and well fancied pony kept running into the money during the day while the few upsets that were seen were all of the minor nature. The biggest fly in their oitment was Clunieburn who chalked up a dividend of $90.60 when he won the ninth race. .

The Express is on Time

Ye Olde Traine, Night Express, was to the fore again yesterday when he displayed his tremendous strength by slugging his way over eleven furlongs to win the Sunflower Stakes by two clear lengths. Though still not in his finest fettle he was able to shake off the field early in the race to go out and establish his customary huge lead.

By the time he had reached the three-quarter mile mark he was about twenty lengths to the good and there was no doubt then in the minds of his supporters regarding the eventual outcome. Merrylight, who tried to keen up his sizzling pace in the first mile shot his bolt soon after the half mile post and was under whip at the Monument.

Feud Settled

The bitter feud between the two generally recognized outstanding "X" sub-griffins. White Midget and National Spirit, should now be settled once and for all. The two twelve-handers clashed for the third time yesterday and it was the latter who finished first —and in the most convincing style too! Taking the lead at the Monument, White Midget entered the last quarter with two lengths to spare and when challenged by National Spirit increased his lead to win by four lengths. Meanwhile, hopelessly beaten, was Wedding Candy, third by many lengths.

A thrilling neck-and-neck duel was seen when Dunhuang and Morning Star tore down the home stretch literally neck to neck. Despite carrying penalties of six-pounds, the pair left the field standing at the top of the straight to fight out the finish between them. Stride after stride the two gallant racers battled it out until the winning post and the verdict of dead-heat was a fitting one.

A Photo Finish

Another photo finish was seen when Speedking and Scorpio had their race. Here again the winners left the field standing at the turn to race towards the winning posts by themselves. The former had a slight edge all the way and Haimovich did well in riding a hard finish to keep his advantage and win by the bare margin of a short-head. Many lengths away was Clansman third. Merry Sportsman was left by ten lengths at the start but soon pulled his way up to the field to finish fourth again.

1.—THE SUNRISE PLATE. 7 furlongs.
Island Colonel (Island) 156 C. Y. Wong 1
Dunpootoo late April Fool (Dun) 151 J. Pote-Hunt 2
Furio5o (Petria) 153 H. J. Holden 3
Also ran:—National Leader (T. Y. Tung), News Printing (A. C. Ching), Merry Bowman (T. Y. Woo), National Commander (H. Huang), Captain So Big (C. B. Moller), Cremston (Tommy Chi), Island Captain (V. G. Sung), Spring Day (P. L. Chiu), Huntley Worker (Y. S. Chang).
Won by ½ length; ½ length.
Time, 1.56§ sec.
Win, $23.80. Places, $8.60, $11.60, $7.40

2.—THE SUNBEAM STAKES. 1¼ mile.
Lucky Sonny (Lucky) 158 T. C. Woo 1
Petruska (A. V. S. & S. W.) 155 G. P. Gram, D.H. 2
Little Joe (Lawson) 154 T. L. Wong, D.H. 2
Also ran:—Cripylight (C. B. Moller), Bouboule (H. Huang), Ancient Ensign (Tony Liang) Non-starter, Playboy (Tommy Chi), Island Chief (C. Y. Wong), Stanmore (M. W. Chang), Ideal King (R. Morgan), Goldie (Gabor Renner), National Bank (P. Y. Vong).
Won by 3 lengths; dead heat.
Time, 2.45§ sec.
Win, $11.80. Places, $6.80, $8, $11.60.

3.—THE SUNSHINE SPRINT. ½ mile.
Mug's Luck (Kid) 149 M. Hazzard 1
Fez (K. H.) 146 P. L. Chiu 2
Joey (Sing Lee) 158 C. B. Moller 3
Also ran:—Shyton (Tommy Chi), Black Market (T. Y. Tung), Lochranza Bay (H. Azadian), Corbylight (P. P. Botelho), Asia Victory (T. L. Wong), Sahib (A. C. Ching), Smokey (J. Pote-Hunt), Charming Companion (V. A. Haimovitch), Omaha (G. P. Gram), Runaway (A. Noodt), Al Capone (R. Morgan), Great China (Y. S. Chang), Ganton (O. N. Panoff), Cobbler (Duncan Fraser), The Skimmer (H. J. Holden), Pearlray (V. H. Oliveira), Halberdier (F. Noodt), Blue Serpent (V. G. Sung).
Won by 3 lengths; 2 lengths.
Time, 1.09 sec.
Win, $68. Places, $20, $48, $9.

4.—THE SUNSPOT NOVICE STAKES. ¾ mile.
Phantom (C. S. Franklin) 153 V. H. Oliveira 2
Don Federico (Whyteleafe) 146 H. Azadian 3
Also ran:—Twylight (G. M. Sokoloff), Levenvale (C. W. Wong) Non-starter, Chatterbox (M. Hazzard), Colorado Kid (F. P. Bunn), Luckyton (Y. H. Chou), Cherrybey (C. W. Wong), National Pride (C. Y. Chiu), The Swan (Duncan Fraser), Purpleray (Tony Liang), Red Ike (E. A. Toeg).
Won by a neck; ½ length.
Time, 1.31§ sec.
Win, $12.40. Places, $8.20, $20, $11.20.

5.—THE SUNFLOWER STAKES. 11 furlongs.
Night Express (R. H. McNair & Gabor Renner) 156 Gabor Renner 1
The Blackpool (Winsome & Hasty) 161 H. J. Holden, D.H. 2
Ashridge (A. S. Henchman) 152 C. Encarnacao, D.H. 2
Also ran:—Hill Song (Y. S. Chang), Merrylight (C. B. Moller), Charming Swift (T. Y. Woo), Bober (O. N. Panoff), Un-Un-Un (J. Pote-Hunt).
Won by 2 lengths; dead heat.
Time, 2.56 sec.
Forecast Pool on Winning Combination 8/1. 8/4, Div. $92.80, $51.60.
Win, $32. Places, $8.20, $11.20, $9.

6.—THE SUNNYSIDE STAKES. 7 furlongs.
Smart Guy (McLaurin) 149 G. P. Gram 1
Bachelor Prince (Jim) 152 C. Encarnacao 2
Diligence late Pivot Boy (J. K. Brand) 152 J. K. Brand 3
Won by ½ length; 1 length.
Time, 1.51½ sec.
Win, $14. Places, $7.60, $11. $11.40.

7.—THE SUNBIRD PLATE. 9 furlongs.
White Midget (A. V. White) 156 J. Pote-Hunt 1
National Spirit (National) 156 T. L. Wong 2
Wedding Candy (Candy) 145 H. P. Chanson 3
Won by 4 lengths; many lengths.
Time, 2.30§ sec.
Forecast Pool on Winning Combination 8/7. Div. $15.20.
Win, $6.80. Places, $5.60, $5.80, $7.60.

8.—THE REPUBLICAN STAKES. 7 furlongs.
Frostylight (Cire) 158 F. Noodt 1
Slow Motion (M. Z. Liu) 155 Y. S. Chang 2
Cherrylight (Cire) 158 C. B. Moller 3
Also ran:—Magic Circle (Gabor Renner), Clunieglen (V. L. Xavier), The Frigate (H. J. Holden), Rye (A. F. Clark), Mr. Bubbins (O. N. Panoff), Benjamin (J. L. Kay), White Willie (J. Pote-Hunt).
Won by a neck; ½ length.
Time, 1.47 sec.
Win, $31.60. Places, $9.80, $11, $8.60.

9.—THE SUNRAY STAKES. 9 furlongs.
Clunieburn (Clunie) 156 Gabor Renner 1
Aabee (Kid) 149 M. Hazzard 2
Don Blanco (Whyteleafe) 152 A. Noodt 3
Won by 1½ length; 1½ length.
Time, 2.23§ sec.
Win, $90.60. Places, $24, $25.25, $14.80.

10.—THE SUNDOWNER CUP. 9 furlongs.
Sunmaid (Myfred) 153 C. B. Moller 1
Golden Hen (Golden) 146 Y. S. Chang 2
Girl O'Speed (W. W. Fowler & J. T. S.Reed) 153 J. Pote-Hunt 3
Won by a head; 5 lengths.
Time, 2.01§ sec.
Forecast Pool on Winning Combination 7/5. Div. $51.80.
Win, $13.40. Places, $5.80, $6, $5.60.

11.—THE DOUBLE-TENTH PLATE. 11 furlongs.
Speedking (Speed) 149 V. A. Haimovitch 1
Scorpio (Zodiac) 164 C. B. Moller 2
Clansman (Three Star) 152 J. Pote-Hunt 3
Won by short head; many lengths.
Time, 3.03§ sec.
Win, $72. Places, $10.40, $7, $16.80.

12.—THE COMMEMORATION STAKES. 1¼ mile.
White Parade (A. V. White) 155 J. Pote-Hunt 1
Northwood (A. S. Henchman) 156 A. F. Clark 2
Vim (Vitality) 155 M. Hazzard 3
Won by 1 length; 2 lengths.
Time, 2.39 sec.
Forecast Pool on Winning Combination 8/5. Div. $79.40.
Win, $43.20. Places, $9.40, $6.40, $7.40.

13.—THE SUNSET PLATE (Section I.) 9 furlongs.
Morning Star (Star) 161 H. J. Holden, D.H. 1
Dunhuang (Dun) 161 J. Pote-Hunt, D.H. 1
Hamilton Park late Tornado (Park) 149 Tommy Chi 3
Won by dead heat; many lengths.
Time, 2.31§ sec.
Win, $6, $5.40. Places, $6.60, $5.80, $12.

13A.—THE SUNSET PLATE (Section II.) 9 furlongs.
National Hall (National) 149 P. Y. Vong 1
Agonist (Anvil) 144 Duncan Fraser 2
Opston (Jewell) 155 Tommy Chi 3
Also ran:—Jamestown (R. Morgan), Ciro's (T. C. Woo), Merry Craftsman (T. Y. Woo), Point Blank (V. G. Sung), Brandwine (V. L. Xavier), Grand Slam (C. Encarnacao), Washington (A. Noodt).
Won by ¾ length; 3 lengths.
Time, 2.31§ sec.
Win, $59.60. Places, $12.60, $14.20, $7.20.

Race Club Donates Toward Soviet Fund

It was learned yesterday that the Shanghai Race Club had donated $3,367.77 toward the fund for gifts to Russian soldiers now defending their country against the Nazi invasion. A cheque for this amount, from last Saturday's and Monday's takings, was yesterday handed over to Mr. V. A. Chilikin, publisher of the "Russian Daily News" and sponsor of the movement. It is understood that similar donations will be made by the Shanghai Race Club in future.

Two Soccer Games Set for Week-end

With the opening of the football season only a week away, local teams are taking all available opportunity of warming up for the bitter contests that are expected to feature the battle for the city's supremacy this year. Two matches are known to have been set for today and tomorrow, with both able to indicate the strength of the favourites for this season's crown. This afternoon, the S.F.X. will meet the French Forces in a friendly encounter at the American School in Avenue Petain at 3 p.m.

The Saints, reinforced by such players as Jimmy Ward, "Tiger" Remedios, Honniball and possibly Collet, should encounter little difficulty in the match with the soldiers, although the latter are still an unknown quantity as far as the First Division is concerned. The team possesses several first class players, who did sterling work in the International Cup series last season. These players are Sinh, Vinh, Heloyan and Le Bras. Another player to impress last year was Levy, their goalie, who plays a wonderful game under pressure. Levy incidentally has had some experience with senior players in Shanghai, having played mini-soccer against teams like Lido, Seaforths and Unison Trip Party a year ago.

The schoolboys did not show up very well in their match against the French Police Club a few days ago when the best they could do was to eke out a 2-1 victory over their Second Division opponents. This, however, should not be taken as criterion for their future performances, since the match was their first of the season and many players showed pre-season staleness.

Police *v.* J.R.C.

The match on Sunday will bring together the Shanghai Minicipal Police, last year's champions, against the Jewish Recreation Club. This will be played at the Kinchow Road ground at 4.30 p.m. The police are expecting to field almost the same line-up that took them to the top of the ladder last season, with one or two changes made possible by the acquisition of Laskovski, former right wing of the S.F.X., and Seska, of the Russian Auxiliary Detachment, who left many fans thrilled with his brilliant defence work in the Shanghai-Tientsin friendly matches last January.

Incidentally, the Police have this year the largest complement of football players, having acquired practically the entire Russian Auxiliary Detachment team. This team, it may be recalled, captured the Tsz Ling Cup from the highly-touted Three Cultures notwithstanding the fact that the Chinese had K.S. Suen and several other Lido players in the line-up.

Just what team the Police will field tomorrow afternoon is not known as yet, but chances are that they will defeat the J.R.C. with comparative ease. Their last engagement last season ended in a one-sided victory for the lawkeepers.

The Jewish team is at present the same as the one they had last season. The players include Kohn, Kramer, Sommer, Meyer, S. Levy, Waldmann, R. Levy, Jacob, Rosenzweig, Eis and Defris. Waldmann did not play soccer last year, but may be recalled for his performances on the team the season before when they ended just below the Area Details in the Second Division. Eis has had one or two games in the First Division. Others who may play are Arbeit, Friedlander, Donath and Lambert.

Golf Starting Times

Seekingjao

SUNDAY

10.36 Evans/Uyama
10.44 Beveridge/Miss. Ross
10.48 King/Mrs. Wentworth
10.52 Drysdale/Miss Unite
2.36 Piper/McCants (4 Ball Cup Final)

Recreation Ground Golf Course

ON SUNDAY, OCTOBER 12

7.00 Arai/Torii
7.16 Momma/Tsurruda
7.24 Palmer/Berthet
7.36 Drazil/Colleco
7.48 Davidson/Evans
8.00 Brisk/Spiegler
8.12 Ozorio/Kilene
8.36 Lorenzi/Lapeyre
8.40 Kinoshita/Yamaura
8.48 Higuchi/Kifune
8.52 Richardson/Grew
9.00 Hirota/Yamagiwa
9.04 Klausner/Sennitt
9.12 Ephgrave/Stancil
9.16 Miss G. M. Wilson/W. Wright
9.24 Page/Sidebotham
9.28 Committee of Management
9.36 Carter/Edelston
9.40 Watson/Pickering
9.44 Broad/Mrs. Broad
9.48 Gunn/Fukabori
9.52 Hartley/Sonnleitner
10.04 Royster/Mrs. Bradbeer
10.16 Beattie/Miss Parsons
10.28 Alferieff/Toone
10.40 Davison/J. P. Davies
10.52 Walker/Wigton
11.16 Daintrey/Mrs. Daintrey
11.20 Goodwin/Mrs. Troianovsky
11.28 Watt/Scrimgeour
11.52 Yamana/Yacure

Hindhead Expected to Start Again Today; May Find Opposition in White Night

By "The Chaser"

WITH only the afternoon to hold our racing in, today's programme will consist of only nine events. The saddling bell for the first race will be rung at 1.15 promptly. There are two open races this afternoon to hold the interest of those who like to gamble on this particular type of ponies while those who prefer the "Aussies" will also have what they want in three events.

The first of the two open races is the fourth race and it is understood that Hindhead will be starting in it. A field of about twelve may be seen weighing out but if the autumn champion should elect to run today there is nothing to touch him irrespective of his six-pound penalty. White Night ran a magnificent seven-furlong race on Monday and if he can repeat the same performance with his burden of 161 pounds then Hindhead may have to shake a leg to win. However, these two ponies should finish first and second respectively while Slow Motion who was second yesterday may fill the remaining place.

Cluniehill Again

In the other open race we will see Bagshot and Cluniehill clashing for the second time this season and despite his penalty of three pounds I fully expect to see latter emerging victorious again. Bagshot is again his most dangerous rival here and is a certainty for a place while V for Victory might be able to edge out Vim and fill the third position.

The day's racing will start with the Virginia Stakes, over a mile, and here we may expect to see a field of nearly 30 ponies lined up at the start unless the Stewards should decide to run the race in two sections which would be a brilliant idea. On his recent performance I think Phantom should be able to add this race to the two he has already won this autumn. Bachelor Prince and Lively Morn are his most dangerous threats.

The Australians

The second race is for Australians and I do not think it is necessary to look any further than Mistral for the winner of this race. Fancyray can always be counted upon to give the best a run and appears to be the one pony Mistral will have to look out for. Bluegrass should be good enough to take third place.

The next race is for the "not so hot" Australian ponies. I think Maryland should be able to make the grade here and win from Aucklandlight. Stardust ran a good third on Monday and I understand that he is likely to improve on that performance today in which case he is still good for a place. If Pamlico is well he will make the winners in this race step lively and, who knows, he may even find himself filling one of the minor berths.

Come what may I take Daintyfoot for the fifth race. Taking his second to Star Turn as a criterion I cannot see anything to come within ten feet of him today. The distance, however, is a triffe too long for him, but he should nevertheless win. Tanda and Gold Star should be on his heels when he flashes past the winning post.

Golden Hen Favoured

The mile and a half race for fourth class ponies should go to Fiery Guy despite his having to carry the terrific weight of 164 pounds which is really quite a lot in a race over this distance. Dazara and Autumnlight should be able to make things hum for him however and give him a good run. A likely outsider here is Libertylight. He is essentially a sprinter but he might be able to break into such a big lead that none will be able to catch him.

On her running yesterday I think Golden Hen should be able to account for the Ohio Stakes, over the distance of a mile and a half. It will not be an easy thing for her, however, as there is Sunmaid who beat her by a head yesterday. Girl O'Speed appears to be a pretty good place bet here.

The last race may see Luckyton leading the field home. Don Pedro, if started is good for a place while Purpleray, who is really better over the middle distances, may also finish among the first three.

The Chaser's Tips For Today

1st Race—1. Phantom, 2. Bachelor Prince, 3. Lively Morn, Outsider: White Lord.
2nd Race—1. Mistral, 2. Fancyray, 3. Bluegrass.
3rd Race—1. Maryland, 2. Aucklandlight, 3. Stardust, Outsider: Pamlico.
4th Race—1. Hindhead, 2. Slow Motion, 3. White Night.
5th Race—1. Daintyfoot, 2. Tanda, 3. Gold Star, Outsider: Albanylight.
6th Race—1. Fiery Guy, 2. Dazara, 3. Autumnlight, Outsider: Libertylight.
7th Race—1. Golden Hen, 2. Sunmaid, 3. Girl O'Speed, Outsider: Andover.
8th Race—1. Cluniehill, 2. Bagshot, 3. V for Victory.
9th Race—1. Luckyton, 2. Don Pedro, 3. Purpleray, Outsider: Steve Brodie.

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A U.S.S.R. Production
Admission $1. any seat

Golf Starting Times

Kiangwan

SUNDAY

10.00 Hall/Mrs. Hall
10.08 Hall/Mrs. Hall
10.16 Hall/Mrs. Hall
10.24 Hall/Mrs. Hall
10.32 Hall/Mrs. Hall
10.40 Hall/Mrs. Hall
10.48 Hall/Mrs. Hall
10.56 Hall/Mrs. Hall
11.04 Hall/Mrs. Hall
11.12 Hall/Mrs. Hall
11.20 Hall/Mrs. Hall
11.28 Hall/Mrs. Hall
11.36 Hall/Mrs. Hall
11.44 Hall/Mrs. Hall
11.52 Hall/Mrs. Hall
12.00 Hall/Mrs. Hall
12.08 Hall/Mrs. Hall
12.16 Hall/Mrs. Hall
12.24 Hall/Mrs. Hall
12.32 Hall/Mrs. Hall
12.40 Hall/Mrs. Hall
12.48 Hall/Mrs. Hall
12.56 Hall/Mrs. Hall
1.04 Hall/Mrs. Hall
1.12 Hall/Mrs. Hall
1.20 Hall/Mrs. Hall
1.28 Hall/Mrs. Hall
1.36 Hall/Mrs. Hall
1.44 Hall/Mrs. Hall
1.52 Hall/Mrs. Hall
2.00 Hall/Mrs. Hall
2.08 Hall/Mrs. Hall
2.16 Hall/Mrs. Hall
2.24 Hall/Mrs. Hall
2.32 Hall/Mrs. Hall
2.40 Hall/Mrs. Hall
2.48 Hall/Mrs. Hall
2.56 Hall/Mrs. Hall
3.04 Hall/Mrs. Hall
3.12 Hall/Mrs. Hall
3.20 Hall/Mrs. Hall
3.28 Hall/Mrs. Hall
3.36 Hall/Mrs. Hall
3.44 Hall/Mrs. Hall
3.52 Hall/Mrs. Hall
4.00 Hall/Mrs. Hall
4.08 Hall/Mrs. Hall
4.16 Hall/Mrs. Hall
4.24 Hall/Mrs. Hall
4.32 Hall/Mrs. Hall
4.40 Hall/Mrs. Hall
4.48 Hall/Mrs. Hall
4.56 Hall/Mrs. Hall

Chateau la Rose 2nd in Newmarket St. Leger

London, Oct. 10.

Classic horses and Cesarewitch candidates made one of the most interesting days at Newmarket yesterday, with Owen Tudor vindicating his Derby triumph by winning the Newmarket St. Leger. This Hyperion colt from Mary Tudor II beat Chateau la Rose by two lengths, with Mazarin a head away third. Run over one mile and three-quarters, the classic strength of the field saw interesting wagering, no fewer than seven of the nine runners attracting attention. Mazarin was favourite at 7—2; Owen Tudor started at 11—9 and Chateau la Rose, owned by Mr. H. E. Morriss of Shanghai, at 4—1. Trained by Darling and ridden by Harry Wragg, Owen Tudor drew clear 300 yards out and quickly left the field behind.

Sun Chariot Wins Easily

Then followed the race for the Middle Park Stakes, generally regarded as the two-year-old' championship. The great expectations of a battle between the King's unbeaten filly Sun Chariot and Lord Derby's Watling Street were never realized, for Watling Street finished last of the four runners, Sun Chariot winning easily from Mr. Allnatt's Ujiji, which won the last three races. Three lengths separated them, while Mr. Jelli's Gold Nib was a short head behind. Terrific cheering greeted the result, and the jockey, Harry Wragg, was able to look round before the winning post, so easy was his win. Watling Street lost a few yards by a faulty start, but it is likely that the filly would have won in any case.

Cesarewitch Entries Prominent

The day opened with Cesarewitch candidates, participating in the Autumn Handicap over one mile and three-quarters, and they claimed the first two places. The winner was Major Cayzer's Jenny Dang. Starting at 7-1, Jenny Dang easily beat the 15—8 favourite, Mr. Weeden's Love Tin by five lengths.

Twenty-nine from the original entry of 65 accepted for the Cesarewitch to be run at Newmarket on October 22. Neither the Aga Khan's Winter Halter, which originally had been given topweight, nor Lord Glanely's Dancing Time, the famous filly, winner of the One Thousand Guineas, accepted. Of the acceptors, Long Riggan, Lord Portal's gelding by Prince Galahad out of Demi Mondaine, will carry topweight with nine stone two pounds.

The Manchester November Handicap will be run at Manchester on November 1 over one mile and a half and attracted 46 entries.—Reuter.

Margaret Sullavan has returned to Hollywood from a four weeks' shopping tour in New York, and is busy with costume-fittings, script conferences and other preliminaries to filming Universal's "Appointment for Love," in which Miss Sullavan co-stars with Charles Boyer. "Appointment for Love" is the Sullavan-Boyer team's second co-starring picture for Universal and like "Back Street," their success of early spring.

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James Cagney and Ann Sheridan
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PARC DES SPORTS (AUDITORIUM)
HAI-ALAI
TO-DAY: SOIREE at 8 p.m. only
(No Matinee)
TO-MORROW: MATINEE at 2.30 p.m. only
Added Attraction:
AMATEURS GRAND PARTIE

SHANGHAI RACE COURSE
To-day, at 1.15 p.m.

SECOND DAY 9th EXTRA RACE MEETING
A PROGRAMME OF NINE FLAT RACES
From this day's Racing the Club will forward a donation to British War Funds.
CASH SWEEP TICKETS
All through chances for Sweeps on Seven Races at $20 each.
Special Sweep on the Champions, Race No. 9, 4th Day, Autumn Race Meeting, November 12, 1941. $10 each Ticket of Eleven (11) Sections. Single Sections $1 each.
10% OF THE GROSS SWEEP WILL BE DONATED TO CHARITY.
For further information regarding Sweeps apply to A. W. OLSEN, 304 Mohawk Road.

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HE WROTE HISTORY IN GUN SMOKE...
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ROBERT TAYLOR as BILLY The KID
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Ian HUNTER · Mary HOWARD
Gene LOCKHART · Lon CHANEY, Jr.
Screen Play by Gene Fowler
Directed by DAVID MILLER · Produced by IRVING ASHER
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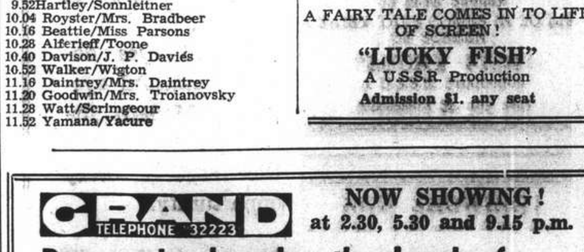
Pat-a-cake Invades the Land of... the Tom Tom!


152 MORE LAUGHS (count 'em) THAN "ROAD TO SINGAPORE"
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BOB HOPE
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"ROAD TO ZANZIBAR"
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They're all at sea and you'll be all a-glee!
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DICK POWELL
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CLAIRE DODD DICK FORAN
You'll Boogie-Woogie to: "We're in The Navy" "Hula-Ba-Lana" "Gimme Some Skin" and sing and swing to other sensations!
A NEW UNIVERSAL Picture
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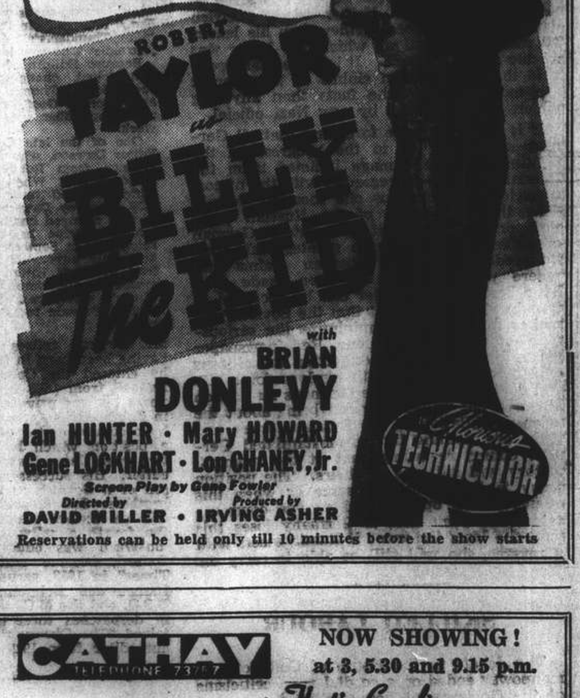
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War's Lighter Side Expressed In Letter Of Local Boy

THE ready comradeship of units in the field and the determination to do their best of the lads in Africa are reflected in the letter of a local boy on active service to his parents in Shanghai. The letter, which gives a good picture of life in the army, shows that war has its compensations. The writer like many others has an unswerving faith in his leaders and is anxious to give a good account of himself in battle. Extracts from the letter follow :

"Here is my news since my return from my trip to Alexandria. It is much the same story as my previous letters from the desert. A tale of erecting and maintaining telephone routes over miles and miles of scrubby, stony sun-burned desert, and of visiting test points in my fifteen hundredweight truck over distances as far as 150 miles apart.

Ever-present Petrol Tin

"At each of these test points there is a group of men in shelters of various descriptions, ranging from Western Desert tents to shelters made from petrol tins and corrugated iron. Each is a little bit of the Army on its own. An improvized but very practical cookhouse at each, with the inevitable petrol tin doing duty as stew-pot, frying-pan, food-container, oven, while in other parts of the little camp it is found as a latrine, a wash-basin, and in my office tent at Section H.Q. it appears as a tray for the ever-present "bumph" which is an indispensable (why, no one knows!) part of the Army.

"And so I bump and lurch from place to place gazing at telephone routes and working out what needs to be done to improve them and how it is to be done with the seemingly everlasting shortage of transport and essential tools to do it with. However, the lads manage pretty well and are a hard-working crowd and it's not often that line communication over these important routes is interrupted by any lapse on their part.

Visits to Groups

"My batman—a cheery young Nottingham lad, ex-furniture store manager—and I, visit these little groups, taking them letters, clothes, stores and such news of the outside world as we can get, for they are an isolated band more often than not. We were lucky enough to be on a construction job up till August 26, and the majority of the section were then camped near a field ambulance who have several wireless sets between them. In the evenings I went to the officers' mess, while the lads went to the canteen to hear the news and see some new faces.

These medicals are an awfully nice crowd—a T.A. Unit hailing from Newcastle and district, and I found we had much in common as a large part of my heart is in a place very near Newcastle! I was sorry when our job was over and the section had to split up again, for it meant moving to a spot all on our own. However, I have got a test point at the old camp and have already been up to see them and spent a night with these cheery medicals who are a vastly better crowd than the R.A.M.C. personnel of 63rd. General Hospital days. The dental officer, one, Donald Robertson, knew Hampstead well and had worked with Mr. Messenger at Guy's so we used to have some long chats, and into the bargain I got my teeth looked at.

A Cheery Sing-Song

"So the war has some good features, and the ready comradeship of units in the field is one of the finest. I think. And so we go on, doing the job to the best of our ability and getting as much fun as is possible We had a grand sing-song in the moonlight the other night. Several of the lads are accomplished musicians and we had a violin, clarionet, ukelele and two mouth organs on the job at our little concert.

A Scots lad visited us that evening and we two gave a spirited rendering of "The Road to the Isles," "Loch Lommond," "Roamin' in the Gloamin". "I Love a Lassie" and many other Harry Lauder favourites, which I think was very much appreciated by the lads.

The cook had made some tongue sandwiches, sausage rolls and an alleged treacle tart, and we managed to get some beer in, so altogether a good time was had by all and the war was forgotten for a few hours, which isn't a bad thing now and again.

"Well, that then is my story up to date, and it boils down to the fact that I am doing my job to the best of my ability like many thousands of others out here. There is much I don't agree with and much I dislike, but as there is a war on hand somehow or other it's got to be won, it isn't worth worrying about the rights and wrongs of the army as a machine. We must just have faith in our leaders, and hope that when we really have to give an account of ourselves in battle, the account will be a good one, and I am sure it will be.

"There it is. We must just go on doing our best to bring an end to it all. Much may happen before the year is out, and let us hope that the terrific hammering the R.A.F. are dishing out to Germany, coupled with a stalemate to Russia, may bring about the end more speedily than seems likely at the moment."

Chinese Celebrate Republic Day

The Chinese population in Shanghai's foreign areas showed their steadfast loyalty to the Chungking Government yesterday when China celebrated the Double Tenth, the thirtieth anniversary of the Republic of China. All the streets in the International Settlement and French Concession were beflagged, and only on a very few buildings were the yellow pennants, the distinction between the Chungking and Nanking Governments, seen.

Practically the entire police force was turned out into the streets. Another force that was kept busy was the Russian Auxiliary Detachment who supplied sentries to Avenue Edward VII street corners and Soochow Creek bridges, besides doing their regular duties.

International forces, garrisoned in Shanghai, were standing-by yesterday, with American and Italian Marines patrolling their sectors. The French troops were also turned out to guard the Nantao-French Concession boundary, which was barricaded with barbed wire. Russian members of the Auxiliary Detachment of the French Concession were busy doing foot and bicycle patrols in the Concession, while armoured cars were also on patrol.

Business Houses Closed

Strict curfew enforced on Thursday, continued throughout last night. The usually crowded down-town sectors were almost deserted on Thursday and last night.

The Chinese population, although not making any especially visible signs of patriotism, devoted a greater part of the day collecting cash contributions for "winter clothing", a movement started in recent years by loyal Chinese in Shanghai. According to local Chinese circles a telegram was sent to Gen. Chiang Kai-shek by the Chinese public bodies here expressing their respect.

Except for the police and military forces doing their various duties in the streets, Shanghai presented the normal appearance of a holiday. All the banks, offices and shops were closed for the day and the absence of cars on the Bund and the other streets was striking. The lesser Chinese banks on Szechuen Road, which in the past two days were crowded with people, were also closed and no transactions whatever were carried out. The cinemas, as on all Chinese holidays, did good business and most of them had the "House Full" signs out long before the beginning of the performance.

Day Passes Quietly

The day passed quietly and nothing unusual was noted. Pro-Nanking regime pamphlets were distributed in the International Settlement and French Concession. These were printed on yellow and pink sheets of paper and both asked the population to help in the rehabilitation and reconstruction of the country through peace with Japan and to co-operate in strengthening the government in Nanking. Concluding with the patriotic words "Long live the Chinese Republic," the pamphlets also stated that China was on her way to peace and prosperity. Propaganda sheets, with the Nanking regime flag, were also seen stuck to Settlement trams.

The officials of the Nanking regime held several functions during the day. In the morning, middle and primary schools held an athletic meeting at Hongkew Park, while at 9 a.m. the Shanghai City Government held in its halls a reception for local officials. In the afternoon, school children paraded in the Western District with Nanking regime flags. In the evening, dances and plays were presented at the Chung Hwa Theatre in Hongkew.

First Church of Christ, Scientist

"Are sin, disease, and death real?" is the subject of the Lesson Sermon to be read in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, throughout the world on Sunday. Golden Text :—Jer. 17:14. "Heal me, O Lord, and I shall be healed : save me, and I shall be saved: for thou art my praise." Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon is the following from the Bible :—"Oh that men would praise the Lord for his goodness, and for his wonderful works to the children of men. "For he satisfieth the longing soul, and filleth the hungry soul with goodness...."He brought them out of darkness and the shadow of death, and brake their bands in sunder. "Oh that men would praise the Lord for his goodness, and for his wonderful works to the children of men ! "For he hath broken the gates of brass, and cut the bars of iron in sunder.

"Fools because of their transgression, and because of their iniquities, are afflicted "Then they cry unto the Lord in their trouble, and he saveth them from their distresses. "He sent his word, and healed them, and delivered them from their destructions."

The Lesson Sermon also includes the following passages from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy :—

"All reality is in God and His creation, harmonious and eternal. That which He creates is good, and He makes all that is made. Therefore the only reality of sin, sickness, or death is the awful fact that unrealities seem real to human, erring belief, until God strips off their disguise. They are not true, because they are not of God."

"We are sometimes led to believe that darkness is as real as light; but Science affirms darkness to only a mortal sense of the absence of light, at the coming of which darkness loses the appearance of reality. So sin and sorrow, disease and death, are the suppositional absence of Life, God, and flee as phantoms of error before truth and love." pages 472,215.

Hurricane Reported Off Cape Hatteras

Miami, Oct. 10.

The Federal Hurricane warning system yesterday at 9.30 a.m. E.S.T. reported a tropical disturbance with its centre about 275 miles south of Cape Hatteras and moving slowly south-eastward, attended by gales over a small area.—United Press.

U.S. Military Mission In Chungking

Chungking, Oct. 10.

The United States military mission, headed by Brigadier-General John Magruder, arrived by air from Hongkong at midnight.

The Mission was met by a number of Chinese officials, including General Shang Chen, representing Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

Members of the mission that arrived last night include Brigadier-General John Magruder, Colonels E.E. MacMorland, J. O. S. Twitty, Edwin Sutherland, George Sliney, Major W. F. Courdray and Sergeant-Major John Gradley.—Reuter.

9th Troop Wins Scouts' Jamboree

The 9th Troop, Western District Public School Scouts, won their first Jamboree yesterday afternoon at Millington Camp with a total of 85½ points. The winners were presented with the Rotary Shield by Mr. L. M. Pharis, vice-President of the Rotary Club, who made an appropriate speech and invited the winning troop to lunch at the next weekly meeting of the Club.

A capacity crowd of interested spectators were at hand to see the Annual Jamboree, which went off smoothly. Present at the gala event were, Mr. A. H. George, H.M. Consul-General, Captain H. G. Reed, Major N. S. Jacobs, Mr. A. H. Gordon, Mr. W. C. Cassels, Col. G. H. Mann, Mr. Hans Berents, Capt. R. E. Smith, Mr. H. A. Crickmer Mr. M. Leitao, Mr. E. K. Berents, Mr. R. Davison, Mr. M. Loewy, Mr. F. A. Inglis and Mr. J. Goldman.

An interesting feature of the day was the inclusion of Mr. Tarby's Amateur Band, which provided the spectators with music throughout the entire afternoon. The musicians' fine performance was fully appreciated by the several hundred who were present there yesterday afternoon.

3rd Troop Second

Runners-up for the Rotary Shield were the 3rd Independent Troop representatives, who garnered a total of 73½ points. The Catholic Troop, winners of the Rotary Shield last year, came in third with a total of 72¾ points to their credit. All three Troops gave an excellent account of themselves and showed keeness as well as ability.

The Annual Jamboree started with a 24-hour camp which began on Thursday and concluded at 2.15 p.m. yesterday with tent striking. Inspection of the Scouts was next on the programme, following which pitching and striking of tents took place. The events of the day were rounded out with flag staff building, and two surprise events.

The entire Jamboree was run off with excellent co-ordination and spirit on the part of all Scouts present, who included the 9th Troop, 1st Land Scouts, 2nd Troop, 3rd Troop, 5th Troop and 6th Troop.

Fine Turn-Out Seen

Mr. W. C. Cassels, Commissioner of Scouts, introduced Mr. Pharis to the Scouts and spectators and following the presentation of the Rotary Shield to the 9th Troop, called for three cheers in honour of the Rotary Club's representative who was kind enough to spend the entire afternoon at the Jamboree.

A fine turn-out was recorded by the Chinese Scouts who went on the field with the largest troop. Smartly attired, the Chinese boys, some of very tender years, presented a neat appearance and showed themselves remarkably well.

The Jamboree was concluded with the "Last Post" the British flag being lowered at exactly 5.45 p.m.

Russian Professional Unions Increase Here

Influenced by the financial crisis of the past two years and by the necessity of a united defence of professional interests, the number of Russian professional unions has increased considerably, it is reported by the Russian press.

The tendency toward forming these unions has been noted in the past two or three years and it may be definitely stated that professional work in the Russian colony faces a bright future. This is confirmed by the ever increasing number of unions.

The oldest Russian professional organization was formed in 1923 by doctors, although the Russian Chamber of Commerce has been in existence almost as long, taking into consideration the first union of Russian merchants under a different name

The Russian Technical Society has existed since 1932, while Russian artists, musicians, actors and authors have had an association since 1934. Other Russian societies have been established since the beginning of the Sino-Japanese hostilities. The latter include the association of Russian bookkeepers, the association of Russian teachers, the association of employees of commercial establishments, and the union of watchmen and bodyguards. All these were established in 1938. Last year, local Russian lawyers formed a society.

It may be thus seen that almost all the Russian professional groups have their unions. The only hitch encountered so far has been the inertia of Russians, who are slow in joining up, and all the responsibility has therefore been borne by the initiative minority, but this difficulty is being favourably solved.

Fire Destroys Wool Shipments to U.S.

New York, Oct. 10.

Fire of undetermined origin yesterday destroyed an undetermined quantity of wool and hides in the hold of the Norwegian steamship, ss. Astri, which arrived here on Wednesday from Cartagena.—United Press.

Successful Garden Party Given By Engineering Society

THE need for engineers as a body to take steps to secure a greater appreciation by the public of the work of the engineer, which was becoming more evident in many quarters today, was emphasized by Mr. W. P. Rial President of the Engineering Society of China in an address of welcome at a garden party given by the Society yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Rial. The occasion was the first gathering of the Society's 1941-42 season and it was well attended. Among other guests invited, apart from the members of the society present, were :

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Porter, Mr. J. H. Liddell, Mr. and Mrs. A. de C. Sowerby, Dr. H. G. Earle, Miss E.M. Hinder and Messrs. H. G. W. Woodhead, Hope, A. E. Thornton and Ewing. Tea was served in the spacious grounds of the Rial home after which entertainment was provided by the conjuring troupe of the Sincere Company more popularly known as the Chien Ping Cheng troupe. In an address of welcome Mr. Rial said:

Work of the Engineer

"It is my pleasant duty on behalf of the Engineering Society of China to welcome our guests here today on our first gathering of the 1941-42 season and to have the opportunity to say a few words about the relaion of engineers to public service.

"Engineers generally are so engrossed with technical problems and their multifarious immediate tasks that they have in the past neglected the social and economic issues of their work, but it is now being realized in many quarters that engineers as a body must take steps to secure a greater appreciation by the general public of the works of the engineer.

"How many people appreciate that the growing demands of a faster moving world and higher standard of living have only been met by the exertions of engineers, who have built the railways and highways, provided the water and electric power supplies without which our great cities would not exist for more than a few days, constructed the dams for irrigation of water power, spanned rivers and harbours with great bridges or tunnelled underneath them, thus improving the means of enjoying life in this modern world. Dr. Bush, speaking recently before the American Engineering Council stated :

A profession exists only as the people allow it to maintain its prerogatives by reason of confidence in its integrity and belief in its general beneficence.

"To the individual engineer the significance of this lies in the ideal of meeting the needs of the public, which makes the difference between the routine carrying out of necessary duties and the setting of an imprint of his work of professional character and quality, his skill being directed by the trust obligation of ministering to his fellow men. So long as the engineer acknowledges this guidance as paramount, he will live up to his best possibilities and will be part of a true and worthy professional body.

Part of Constitution

Similarly the public organization should become one of the primary objects of an engineering society, purely technical activities, useful though they are, are not sufficient. No society can hope for lasting strength and influence unless ministration to the public is a living part of its constitution.

Fortunately, there is no lack of the public ministering ideal among engineers. Consciousness of the profession's responsibility is a very real thing and forms the only inspiration of engineering work, but it still remains for engineering societies everywhere to place in the forefront of their programmes, the need to educate the public to their reliance on the engineer and thus gain for the profession recognition of its true place in the structure of society which will enable it to perform greater and wider service in the public interest than any which it has rendered in the past.

It only remains for me to thank those who by their kind assistance have done so much to render this occasion a success; The General Electric Company and the China Electric Compan[illegible]

Russian Arrested By Police on Gambling Charge

Acting on information obtained from the questioning of Serge Elralidze and the three Chinese operators of the gambling den in Burkill Road, which was raided by the gambling squad of the Shanghai Municipal Police last Saturday afternoon, detectives from Headquarters arrested another Russian, Shalva Badridze, on Bubbling Well Road at about 1 a.m. yesterday.

Badridze, it was learned, was implicated by the arrested men, but could not be found by detectives, having evaded detention by hiding in Chinese hotels. He was finally located near Ciro's yesterday morning.

The arrested man, said to be one of the principal conductors of the raided gambling den, will be brought to the First Special District Court this morning when he will be charged with operating a gambling den and with fraud. The second charge will be based on the fact that the gamblers operated a magnetic wheel.

As already reported in this journal, detectives investigating this case discovered wires under the table. This and the finding of a magnet in the den led to further investigations, which revealed that the roulette wheel had another magnet attached to its centre and that the base of the wheel had been wired from the brims to the centre.

It was believed that these two magnets, when in contact with each other, caused the mechanism under the wheel to place the magnet under some unbacked number and the magnet, in its turn, would cause the magnetized ball to stop just there. Just how the operators knew how to place the magnet under the number (the mechanism being invisible) is still a mystery.

Serge Elralidze and the three Chinese operators were sentenced to imprisonment at Ward Road gaol by the First Special District Court on Tuesday, with the Russian receiving five months for his part in the affair.

The Nuffield factories and Viscount Nuffield personally have between them sent to the Minister of Supply, Lord Beaverbrook, £10,000 for a cruiser tank to be named "Nuffield Crusader."

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

New York Stocks

Thursday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 9.

Weak conditions were witnessed on Wall Street today, with stock quotations generally closing from fractions to about two points down.

Russian war news continued to dominate speculative considerations, virtually to the complete exclusion of domestic problems. The long list was sold off, under the leadership of steels. However, there were occasional attempts at a rally but the market lacked buying power, although it closed a trifle steadier.

Aviations, oils, coppers, rubbers and communications lost about one point.

The volume of business done totalled 720,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	124.06	122.18	122.53	—1.60
20 Rails	28.75	28.35	28.42	—0.43
15 Utilit.	18.06	17.85	17.94	—0.13
40 Bonds	—	—	90.18	—0.28
11 Commod.	—	—	81.19	—0.87

	Oct. 8	9		Oct. 8	9
Adams Exp	7⅛	7⅛	Int T & T	12½	*2⅛
Alleg Lud	21⅛	21¼	John Man	64½	63½
Allis Chal	28½	28¼	Kenn Cop	34⅝	33¾
Amer Can	83¼	83½	Lib O F	28¼	27⅞
Amer Cyan	38⅜	38	Lock Air	27½	26⅝
Am Fr Pr	0⅜	0¼	Martin	27⅜	26½
„ $7 pfd	26	24½	Loew's	37⅜	37½
Am Loco	12	11⅝	Mont War	33	32½
Am Metal	*20½	20½	Nat Avia	9½	9½
AmRadtr	5⅞	5⅝	N C Bank	*26⅜	*26½
Am Radtr	5⅞	5⅝	Nat D Pro	15½	15½
Am S & R	39⅝	38⅜	Nat Dist	24⅝	23½
Am Sug	21	20½	Nat P & L	4	4
Am T & T	153⅜	153½	Nat Sup	6¼	6¼
Am Tob	71⅛	71¼	N Y Cent	11¼	11⅛
Am Wtwk	4	3⅞	Niagara	2½	2⅜
Anaconda	26⅜	25¼	Nt A Avia	13⅝	13¼
Atchison	28⅜	27¾	NthAmer	12⅜	12¼
Aviation	3⅛	3⅛	Nthrn Pac	6⅜	6⅛
Bald Loco	14⅝	14½	Packard	2⅛	2⅛
Balt & O	4½	4	Pan Oil	4⅞	4⅝
Barn Oil	9½	9¼	Paramount	14⅝	13⅞
Bendix	37⅛	36⅝	Penn R R	22¾	22½
Beth St	64⅛	62¾	Phil Pet	45½	45
Bliss	*16½	16⅝	Pull Inc	25¼	25¼
Boeing	20½	19¾	Pure Oil	10⅛	9⅞
Borg War	19⅞	19⅝	Radio	3⅜	3⅜
Briggs	20	19½	Reading	15⅛	15⅛
Budd Mfg	3⅝	3⅜	Rem Arm	*4⅛	*4⅛
Can Pac	4⅞	4⅝	Rep Avtn	4⅛	4⅛
Cel Corn	23⅜	23	Rep St	18⅜	17⅞
C N Bank	*39	*29½	Rey Tob	30⅜	30
Ches & O	36⅞	36½	Schenley	16⅜	15⅞
Chrysler	57⅜	56½	Shell U Oil	14⅛	13⅜
Col G & E	2⅛	2¼	Soc Vac	9⅞	9⅝
Col Cred	23⅛	23¼	Sthrn Pac	13	12⅝
Com & Sth	0⅝	0⅝	Sthrn Rly	30⅜	29⅜
Cons Edi	16	16	Spicer Mfg	34	34⅞
Cons Oil	6¼	6⅛	St Brand	5⅝	5½
Cop Steel	*14	13⅜	Stand Oil	41⅛	41
Curtiss	9⅛	9⅛	St G & F	16⅜	16⅛
Dist Corp	*17⅜	17⅛	Studebak	5⅛	5⅛
Douglas	73¼	71⅛	Swift Int	23⅝	23
Du Pont	150⅛	149⅛	Technicol	9⅝	9⅛
E P Lead	*8⅛	*8⅛	Texas Corp	40⅝	40⅜
E A Lite	28⅜	27⅞	Transamer	4⅛	4⅛
Elec B & S	2	2	Tw Cent	9	8⅞
„ $5 pfd	60½	59½	Un B & P	10⅜	10
„ $6 pfd	66	65	Un Pac	75¼	75
Elec P & L	3⅝	3⅝	Un Air	37	36
Flintkote	13⅛	13⅜	Un A Line	13⅜	13⅜
Gen Elec	30⅜	30⅛	Un Carp	68	0.7
Gen Motor	40⅜	40⅛	„ $3 pfd	29⅜	29⅜
Gen Rly	13⅜	13⅜	Un Gas Imp	6⅞	6⅞
Gen T & R	12⅝	12⅛	U S Rub	24⅛	23⅛
Goodrich	20⅜	20	U S Steel	53⅜	52½
Goodyear	18⅜	18	Vanadium	23⅛	22
Gt N I O	16⅛	16⅛	Vultee	9⅜	9
Gt Nt Rly	25⅜	24⅜	Walworth	4⅛	4⅛
Gt W Sug	25	25	War Br Pt	5⅜	5
Int Nick	28⅜	27⅞	West Elec	82⅞	82⅝
Int P & P	18	17⅛	Wood Ir	*24⅜	24½

BONDS

Am & Fr P	66⅜	66	Erie	31⅛	30⅜
Aust Com	75⅜	75¼	Int. T & T	50⅜	49⅛
Brazil	29⅛	27⅜	N E G & E	68⅛	68
„ 6½%	20	20⅛	Sthrn Pac	49⅞	49⅛
C S P & L	96⅛	96⅜	St G & E	*86⅜	86⅜

*—Bid. †—Subject to Confirmation

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices moved lower on increased trading today as a result of the German drive on Moscow and President Roosevelt's message. War stocks were the hardest hit. Liquidation of Consolidated Edison was due to expectation of a further cut in the dividend.

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices were under severe pressure during most of the past week and at the close on Thursday the market as a whole was at its lowest level since July 1. On Tuesday and Thursday the industrial average registered losses of $1.40 and $1.60 respectively, the largest for single sessions since April 18, and numerous market leaders such as Bethlehem Steel made new lows for the year. The turnovers of 600,000 and 720,000 shares, while larger than the recent average, were still relatively small and indicated that there was no widespread liquidation. The reactionary trend was attributed to a variety of causes, chiefly technical and political the failure of the recent strength of rails to attract a following in other sections; uncertainty over price controls and new taxes; President Roosevelt's request for the arming of merchantmen; the all-out German offensive in Russia which appeared to be making progress and the less optimistic view concerning the outlook in the Far East.

The commodity market also displayed a downward trend due to the war news and Administration efforts to curb inflationary tendencies. Wheat, corn and rye registered losses despite proposed increases in parity figures to $1.17⅛ for wheat and 78.9 cents for corn. Considerable storage congestion is reported at important terminals. Cotton broke sharply on Wednesday when the crop was estimated by the Government at 11,061,000 bales, much larger than the 10,597,000 bale average of private estimates. Consumption was estimated at around 10,500,000 bales. The parity for cotton may be reduced slightly to 19.58 cents. On Thursday lard was at its lowest price since August 19 while pepper was at a new low since the July 4 holiday.

Business activity in most lines was little changed from the previous week and well ahead of the corresponding period last year. The steel industry which is planning a $1,250,000,000 expansion program is already running short of scrap. Iron ore shipments thus far in 1941 totalled more than 66,000,000 tons in comparison with was the record year. William S. Knudsen, head of the OPM estimates that by June 30, 1943, United States will be devoting 50 per cent. of its total factory production to war materials. Railroad earnings for the third quarter are expected to be good and freight rates are likely to be raised to compensate at least partiall for any wage increases granted employees. The additional Lend and Lease appropriation of nearly $6,000,000,000 will probably be passed by the House of Representatives this week.

THE MARKET IN FIGURES

	Thursday Oct. 2	Oct. 9	Change
D.-J. average for 30 Indust.	126.15	122.53	—3.62
D.-J. average for 20 Rails	28.90	28.42	— .48
D.-J. average for 15 Utilit.	18.28	17.94	— .34
D.-J. average for 40 Bonds	90.34	90.18	— .16
D.-J. 11 Commodity Index	83.00	81.19	—1.81

COMMODITY INDEX

Chicago Wheat	122⅝	118⅝
Corn	81¾	77¼
Cotton	17.23	16.78
Rubber	22.48	22.50
Hides	14.85	14.90
Sugar	2.45	2.44
Cocoa	7.94	7.69
Lard	11.10	10.35

BUSINESS

	Previous	Latest
N.Y. Times Business Index	128.3	128.2
Steel operations (% of capacity)	96.9	96.1

U.S. Commodities

Thursday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 9.

The cotton market opened indecisively, with quotations ruling from 1 to 4 points down. Later, prices sagged on commission house liquidation, local and New Orleans selling, adverse Russian war news, apprehension over the Far East and in sympathy with the weakness of securities. Finally, the market rallied partially on short-covering to close steady, with quotations ranging from 4 to 10 points down from the previous final levels.

The Chicago Wheat Pit declined on general liquidations, the latest Russian developments and the weakness of the edible fats and oil markets. However, mills support appeared on the scale-down, but the rallying power was feeble and ultimately the market closed easy, with quotations ranging from 2⅛ to 2¼ cents down.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
Oct.	16.57-57 —09		
Dec.	16.78-78 —06	Dec.	22.50 B unc
Jan.	16.84 N. —06	Mar.	22.30 B unc.
Mar.	17.03-03 —05		
May	17.20-20 —06		
July	17.28-28 —10		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
Jan.	2.92-95 —03 B/A	Dec.	2.42B-44A —7
		Mar.	2.40B-40½A —5
May	2.82-87 —03 B/A	May	2.39B-40A —6

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
Dec.	118⅝-118½ —2¼	Dec.	77¼-77¼ —1¾
May	123⅝-123⅝ —2⅛	May	83⅛-83⅛ —1⅝

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Thursday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 9.

London Tin: Standard, cash, buyers £256 unch; sellers £256¼ unch; 3 mths del. buyers £259¾ unc; sellers £260 unc. —Reuter.

London Bullion

London, Oct. 9.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce; 168/-, unchanged.

London Silver: Market very dull. No business was done.

Spot	23½d. unch.
Forward	23⅝d. unch.

—Reuter

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Oct. 9.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

N. Y.	332¾-332¼	London	1/5⅜
Shanghai	19 N.	2 mths „ sellers	1/5⅜
Hongkong	85	„ buyers	1/6 1/32

London £ Sterling T. T. on.

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3 3/32d.
Madrid	40.00	Bombay	1/6⅛
Berne	17.30	Hongkong	1/3 1/32
Bel. Congo	176½	Singapore	2/4 1/16

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Brazil	5.05
Paris	2.30	Shanghai	5.40/55*
S'zerland	23.32	Hongkong	25.31
Sweden	23.85	Hungary	19.85
Montreal	88.625	Manila	49.85 N.
London			4.03¾
Buenos Aires Paper „ „ „ market rate			29.78 23.43
Montreal on London			4.55⅛

N—Nominal *—Nom quoted.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:		Oct. 9.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 mths.	1 1/16%-1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 mths.	1 1/16%-1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 mths.	2½%-3%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 mths.	3%-3½%
Call Money		¾-1%

New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0⅛%B 0⅞%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0⅛%B 0⅛%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Oct. 10	Sales 9.45 a.m.	Price p.m. Closing
Acoje Mining	.38	.41
Amalgamated Mineral	.06¾ B	.07
Atok	.53 B	.56
Antamok	—	.05¾ B
Paguio Gold	.16 B	.16½
Batong Buhay	.0060 A	.0058
Bid Wedge	.65 B	.68
Coco Grove	.06¼ B	.06¼ B
Consolidated Mines	.0059	.0057
Demonstration	.035 B	.035 B
East Mindanao	.06½ B	.07
I. X. L.	.23 A	.21
Ipo Gold	.006 B	.0062 B
Itogon	.21½	.22½
Mambulau Con.	.011 A	.011 A
Masbate Cons.	.06¼ B	.03¼ B
North Camarines	.035 A	.035 A
Paracale Gumaus	.24 B	.25 B
San Mauricio	18½ B	.19½ B
Surigao Cons.	.20 A	.19 B
Suyoc	.13½	.13½
United Paracale	.20½ B	.21
Mindanao Motherlode	.56 B	.59
Manila Hai-Alai	9.50 A	9.50 A
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.80 B	—

Turnover 224,800 Pesos.
Shares Index 59.93.
B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

U.S. Car Loadings Advance

New York, Oct. 9.

Car Loadings last week totalled 917,516 cars, 1,994 cars less than the previous week's total but 111,547 cars more than the total for the corresponding week of 1940, the Association of American Railways announced today.—United Press.

Carloadings (carloads)	920,000	918,000
Elec. power prod. (kw. hrs.)	*3,233,000	*3,290,000
Aver. daily oil prod. (bbls.)	4,060,000	3,861,000
Automobile output (cars)	78,535	76,830

*000 omitted.

Stock Outlook: The long term outlook for further inflation has not changed and the Bureau of Agricultural Economic forecasts a general price advance during the next twelve months. Against such a background agricultural commodities appear to be a very attractive purchase during periods of weakness like the present. As to stocks, it will be recalled that between May 1 and July 28, there was an advance in the industrial average from 115.30 to 130.06. Such upswings are usually followed by technical reactions representing from one-third to two-thirds of the ground previously gained. A one-third reaction has already been witnessed and the fact that the August 15 downside resistance level of 124.90 has now been broken through suggests that the decline may approach a two-third retracement which would mean a figure around 120.

German-Turkish Pact Signed in Ankara

Berlin, Oct. 10.

Germany and Turkey yesterday noon at Ankara signed the new economic pact governing trade relations between the two countries, German authorized sources announced.

(Reliable Ankara circles said M. Sukru Saracoglu, Turkish Foreign Minister, had informed the British that the Turks at the last minute had decided to modify their counter-proposals, offering the Germans 90,000 instead of 100,000 tons of chrome, and that the Germans accepted this offer.)

German authorized sources said the new pact will run until March 31, 1943. It was signed by Herr Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Turkey, Dr. Karl Clodius, Reich trade expert, M. Sukru Saraccglu, Turkish Foreign Minister, and M. Menemencioglu.

These sources said the pact provides for an exchange of German manufactured products and war materials for Turkish raw materials and minerals valued at 200,000,000 Reichmarks on both sides.

Authorized sources said that signature of the pact will be announced in a joint German-Turkish communique.

The pact provides that Germany will furnish manufactured products, particularly iron and minerals. Turkey will supply raw materials, foodstuffs, cotton, tobacco, olive oil and materials.

Asked whether the pact also provided that Turkey furnish such ores as chromium, authorized sources said that pact was a long-term agreement and minerals were included. They said that simultaneously a German-Turkish payments agreement was concluded.—United Press.

London Stocks

Thursday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 9.

The Russian war news was responsible for the appreciable further downward trend on the London Stock Exchange today, though a steadier tendency was in evidence towards the close.

British gilt-edged securities and home rails showed generally moderately losses, while industrials were featured by further recessions in recently active speculative favourites, especially shippings.

Oils also receded sharply, but rubbers were well held with enquiry finding stock short.

Kaffirs were flat, while Japan bonds lost up to 1½ points.—Reuter

	Oct. 8	9
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£106¼	106
3% Defence Loan	101⅜	101⅜
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	48	48
4½% Anglo-French Loan	46	46
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	29½	29½
5% Reorg Loan, 1913	38	38
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	10	10
5% Honan Rly., 1905	14	14
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	15	15
5% „ „ „ (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	13	13
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	17	17
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly., B.	13	13
5% „ „ G.	13	13
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	13	13
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	13	13
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	13	13
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	60	60
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	26½	25
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	29	27½
BANK AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	9½	9½
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	82	81
„ „ „ (Col. Reg.)	88 N	88 N
Mercantile Bank of India	12⅜	12½
National Bank of India	34¼	34¾
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	10/10½	10/9
B'tish American Tobacco	93/9	93/9
Dunlop Rubber	36/10½	36/7½
Imp. Chem. Industries	32/7½	32/6
United Steel	22/9	22/7½
Woolworths	56/3	57/6
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	15/6	15/6
Chosen Corp.	5/6	5/6
Marsman Investments	7/9	7/9
Pekin Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	142/9	142/6
Western Holdings	17/7½	16/9
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	41	40½
Gula Kalimpong Rubber	15/7½	15/7½
London, Midland & Scot.	15¾	15½
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/9	13/9
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	53/11½	51/10½

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Oct. 10.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange on the industrial average fell to new lows today for the period since June 21. Wheat was two cents lower a bushel while bonds were off more than one point.

The fall was attributed to the unsettling effect of the German drive on Moscow, coupled with President Roosevelt's plea to permit the arming of merchantships.

Trading increased on the decline, making the widest break in stocks since April 18, and dealings were the largest since September 25.

Stocks which appeared to be hardest hit were Bethlehem Steel, down 2⅜ points, United States Steel, off two points, Wright Aircraft, off four points, Consolidated Aircraft which dropped three points, Douglas Aircraft, down two points, and Glen Martin and Boeing, which were each more than one point lower.

Union Pacific dropped one-half point, New York Central was off ⅜ of a point, Santa Fe and Atlantic Coastline and Southern Railway Pfd. were off.

Market experts had not turned bearish on the stock list today but continued to warn against over-extension of commitments. Developments on the eastern front where the Germans were smashing toward Moscow came under the closest watch for clues as to the future of the war. Otherwise, commentators feel that the list has discounted almost anything that can be expected at present.

In the meantime, business reports made good reading and numerous records were being established.

Experts point out that other things being equal, such glowing reports from industry would set off the tendency of the market toward an upturn, but they asserted that high taxes and fears of further Government entry into industry today were restricting interest in the market.—United Press.

U.S. Iron Output High

New York, Oct. 9.

The magazine "Iron Age" reported today that steel production last week was at 98 per cent. of capacity. The Magazine reported that strikes, slowdowns, shortages of materials and priorities regulations overshadowed efforts being made to increase industrial capacity for national defense.—United Press.

Drastic Building Decree Issued In America

Washington, Oct. 10.

Declaring that no new public or private construction projects can be started unless they are essential for defence, or for the health and safety of the people, the all-powerful Supply Priorities and Allocations Board yesterday issued a drastic ruling designed to conserve defence materials.

The S.P.A.B. ruling consisted of a policy announcement stressing the impossibility of constructing essential warships, planes, tanks and other war materials if certain scarce materials are used unnecessarily in building projects which are not essential to defence.

Private Homes Affected

The ruling would affect private projects including office buildings, apartment houses and even private homes using any appreciable quantities of vital materials. It also would affect public projects including work on rivers, harbours, highways and canals.

The new policy means that on all future building projects two tests will be applied: firstly, does construction involve use of appreciable quantities of critical materials, and secondly, is construction directly necessary for national defence or clearly essential for the health and safety of the civilian population.

The announcement said "this applies to public projects whether federal, state or local, such as the building of post offices, court houses and similar structures; to construction of roads, highways; to river and harbour improvements, flood control and power projects. It applies to construction of factories, lofts, warehouses, office buildings and all other commercial construction. It applies to residential construction or to construction for public utilities."

Unfinished Construction

The S.P.A.B. said that where construction actually has been started and a substantial portion is completed, efforts will be made to provide critical materials needed to finish the job.

The board urged all federal, state and local agencies to refrain from issuing permits or other authorizations for construction work on which priorities aid would have to be denied. It also urged that building programmes in many cities requiring use of excessive amounts of critical materials be suspended during the emergency.—United Press.

Persecution of Axis Legation Officials Denied by Moscow

London, Oct. 10.

Replying to German charges that the German Legation in Iran had been subjected to persecutions of various kinds while leaving the country, Moscow radio said last night:

"In reality the entire staff of the German Legation was permitted to cross the border between Iran and Turkey with all their diplomatic documents and personal luggage which was not even inspected. In addition to the staff of the German Legation in Iran, the staff of the Italian Legation left at the same time, accompanied by a representative of the Japanese Legation in Teheran. The treatment of the Axis Legations as they left the country was unexceptional. In the presence of Turkish frontier guard officers and the Japanese Legation representative, the Italian Minister thanked the Soviet commissar for the correct treatment the Italian Legation had received at the hands of the Soviet military authorities."—Reuter.

U.S. to Requisition Goods Going to Axis

Washington, Oct. 10.

The United States is to requisition large supplies of war materials which have been discovered at various storage points throughout America consigned to Axis-dominated countries, the Vice-President, Mr. Henry A. Wallace, announced yesterday.

He said: "A preliminary survey of the port of New York alone indicated that as many as one thousand carloads of critical materials were involved."

In a formal statement issued as head of the Economic Defence Board, Mr. Wallace revealed such discoveries as 500,000 pounds of aluminium, 500 tons of tin plate and 1,500 tons of iron and steel products in a single railway yard in New Jersey.—Reuter.

Yen Bloc Trade to be Controlled by New Organ

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

The Japan-Manchoukuo-China economic liaison conference in its third-day meeting held in the Cabinet Planning Board conference room decided to establish a central control organ which will plan and regulate all trade between the Yen bloc area and third countries, it was learned today.—Domei.

Commodity Index Gains

Washington, Oct. 10.

The Department of Labour's all-commodity index of wholesale prices during the week ended October 2 advanced .4 per cent. to 91.6 per cent. of the 1926 average. This was compared to 91.2 per cent. for the week ended September 25 and 77.8 per cent. for the corresponding week of 1940.—United Press.

Prisoner Exchange Breaks Down

Berlin, Oct. 10.

D.N.B., official German news agency, reported yesterday that the Anglo-German negotiations for exchange of wounded war prisoners had broken down. The agency blamed the British for the breakdown, which occurred even after German prisoners had been loaded aboard the hospital ship in England.—United Press.

U.S. Worried Over Nazi Interception Of FDR's Letter

Washington, Oct. 10.

Administration officials were concerned yesterday over reports from Berlin that the note from President Roosevelt to M. Joseph Stalin had fallen into German hands.

These officials wondered whether an espionage coup had enabled D.N.B., official news agency, to publish the letter before it was announced that it had been sent.

It was learned here that the letter was transmitted through regular diplomatic channels from the White House to the United States Embassy in Moscow where Mr. William A. Harriman, chief of the United States delegation to the Tripower Conference, received it for delivery to M. Stalin.

Somewhere between Washington and Moscow, or in the ether, the German espionage obtained a copy of the letter.

The principal concern here was the possibility that papers of greater importance might have reached Nazi hands by the same means. Authorities refused to say if the letter had been radioed to Moscow in code. If it had, the Germans probably succeeded in deciphering one of this nation's secret codes. And if copies of the letter were obtained here or in Moscow, existence of dangerous espionage would be indicated.—United Press.

New Way of Protecting Convoys From Air Attack Revealed

London, Oct. 10.

Details of the better protection recently provided shipping convoys are given in an Admiralty communique.

"New methods for the protection of shipping have been put into operation in order to deal with long-range enemy aircraft which attack ships and report the movements of shipping to U-boats," the communique says. "Certain ships have been fitted with catapults, and provided with fighter aircraft which can be catapulated into the air to deal with enemy aircraft shadowing or attempting to attack.

"After shooting down or driving off enemy aircraft, the fighter lands at a shore base if there is one within range. If not, the pilot has to land in the sea as close to the ship as possible in order to be picked up.

"Fighters are piloted in some cases by pilots of the Fleet Air Arm, and in others by pilots of the Fighter Command of the R.A.F. who have volunteered for this special duty. This new method of trade defence has proved successful already in destroying long-range German aircraft."—Reuter.

Germans May Be Using Long-Range Subs

Washington, Oct 10.

Informed sources here yesterday said that Germany may be using long-range submarines a few hundred miles off the Atlantic seaboard to "spot" Britain-bound convoys which latter would be attacked on the other side of the Atlantic, thereby trying to avoid a clash with the United States navy.—United Press.

Burma's Premier Takes Present to Churchill

London, Oct. 10.

The Prime Minister of Burma, U Saw, will arrive in Britain today on a mission of good-will. He will present Mr. Winston Churchill with a case of the famous Burma cheroots —a personal present from the people of Burma.

U Saw is the first Burmese premier to come to Britain, and the third to hold office since Burma separated from India in April, 1937.—Reuter.

No Relaxation in Blackout, Says Home Secretary

London, Oct. 10.

Announcing in the House of Commons that there will be no further relaxation in black-out restrictions, Mr. Herbert Morrison, Home Secretary, stated that recently there had been much argument that the black-out should be relaxed, firstly because there were not so many air raids, secondly, because there are many road accidents owing to the black-out, and thirdly because production is greatly hampered.

Mr. Morrison said that the proposal that streets should be lighted above the standard now admitted ignored the danger that by doing so the enemy would be given a ready made map. He said that the decision was largely guided by the air authorities.

As to the suggestion that arrangements might be made at night to extinguish lights on the receipt of a warning, as in Moscow, the Home Secretary said that apart from the fact that this would involve a considerable amount of electrical work which could not be carried out rapidly under existing conditions, this scheme would probably lead to an increase in road accidents after the lights were suddenly extinguished.—Reuter.

Chungking Said to Have "Voice" In Washington

Washington, Oct. 10.

The "Washington Merry-Go-Round," well-known syndicated column conducted by Mr. Drew Pearson and Mr. Robert Allen, asserted yesterday that owing to difficulty in obtaining material from the United States, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek had hired Mr. Thomas G. Corcoran, former New Deal "Brain Truster" and close friend of President Roosevelt, to act as lobbyist for the Chinese Government.

The columnists reported that China wants long-range bombers, cannot stay on the defensive indefinitely and wants to send "Flying Fortresses" over Tokyo and Osaka.

Value of Raids

Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, according to the column, claimed that such an offensive would make the Japanese reconsider their new plan to drive into Thailand toward Singapore.

Mr. Corcoran, it was stated, so far had not been successful since Mr. Harry Hopkins, Lend-Lease Administrator, holds that the big bombers should go to Britain and Soviet Russia first.—United Press.

House Committee to Act on P.I. Bill

Washington, Oct. 10.

The House of Representatives Insular Affairs Committee yesterday reconvened its hearing on the Philippine Defence bill, heard expert testimony and then adjourned the hearing for action on the bill.

The Senate Insular Affairs Committee, meanwhile, formally reported on the bill. The report said in part that the committee was "convinced that all the money possibly obtainable from both excise payments on Philippine sugar and gold revaluation repayments will not be sufficient to maintain the Philippine Army in service of the United States for the period of time that the army will be in the federal service and therefore it is deemed wise to authorize appropriation by Congress from the federal treasury of such additional moneys as future necessities may require.—United Press.

Economic Expert Leaves for America

Hongkong, Oct. 10.

Dr. Henry F. Grady, special United States Treasury Department expert surveying the economic situation in the Far East left here this morning on a Clipper plane for the United States. He was accompanied as far as Manila by Mr. T. B. Wilson, local manager for the American President Lines.—United Press.

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NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES: Ampenan, Bandjermasin, Bandoeng, Banj

FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. and Mrs. D. E. Hoste returned yesterday from Chefoo where they have been spending the summer.

MR. Wm. L. Bond, Vice-president of the China National Aviation Corporation, has returned to Hongkong after a visit to Manila.

MR. B. Eliot Common has been appointed Regional Port Director for the north-eastern area of England, comprising ports from the Tweed to the Tees.

BRIG. Reginald G. W. Rimington, previously reported missing, believed captured, is now reported to have died of wounds in a field hospital as a prisoner of war.

THE 17th annual meeting of the Société Astronomique de Chine opened in Lanchow on October 1. More than 30 Chinese astronomers were present.

THE annual general meeting of St. Andrew's Society will be held on October 24, at 4.45 p.m., in the Board Room of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd., 27 The Bund.

CEREMONIES marking the third anniversary of the founding of the Shanghai Special Municipality will be held on Thursday, October 16, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

CAPT. G. E. Ruggles-Brise, R.A., younger son of Col. Sir Edward Ruggles-Brise, M.P. for Maldon, is one of fourteen officers reported prisoner in a War Office casualty list.

THE American Committee for the Defence of British Homes has received a rifle and 100 rounds of ammunition to be forwarded to David McLean, the Scottish farmer who captured Rudolf Hess.

THE King's Daughters' Society wish to thank the public for the splendid response to their rummage sale and to all those who so kindly helped. As a result of the sale a sum of $3,237.50 was realized.

DREDGERS deepening the Delaware channel near Philadelphia navy yard believe they have found the wreckage of the British frigate Merlin, which when sunk in 1777 was supposed to have on board between £250,000 and £500,000 worth of gold.

A SMALL Chinese girl sustained laceration of forehead when she fell from the drying stage of a Chinese dwelling at the corner of Yu Ya Ching and Amoy Roads at about 11.20 a.m. yesterday. She was removed to St. Elizabeth's Hospital in an S.F.B. emergency ambulance.

THE committee of the "Limbless Fund" are holding a rummage sale on November 6, at the Union Church Hall and are urgently in need of gifts of clothing or articles of any description for the sale. Parcels may be left at the Union Church Hall from now on marked "Limbless."

THE Fortuna Restaurant, at 818 Peking Road, was the scene of a small fire yesterday morning at 10.38 o'clock when a pan of cooking oil was overturned, resulting in the blaze and causing slight damage to a small portion of decorative woodwork. The fire was put out by firemen from Central Division in about fifteen minutes.

PROF. Chao Mei-Pa's musical programme over XGDN has been changed to tomorrow from 6.30-7 p.m. instead of the usual Saturday afternoon. The change was made since the installation of short wave. An interesting programme has been arranged, in commemoration of the National Anniversary. A violin solo, a piano solo, two vocal solos and a vocal quartet will be presented.

AT the annual dinner of the Tientsin Cricket Club held in the Tientsin Club on October 2, the president, Mr. E. J. Nathan, bade farewell and au revoir to Messrs F. H. Whitamore, K. H. Bichard, vice-captain, and J. L. R. Mair, who were about to leave for different destinations. He thanked them for their contributions to the success of cricket in Tientsin, and wished God-speed and a safe return.

PREPARATIONS were made in Changsha to celebrate the National Festival yesterday as well as to commemorate the recent Hunan victory, a Changsha despatch reports to the "Cheng Yien Pao." A gigantic torch parade was planned and, beginning from yesterday, a three-day exhibition of war booty will be staged in the city. The booty will afterwards be transported to other cities for exhibition, the report states.

THE American Military Mission to China arrived at Chungking by aeroplane from Hongkong at 11.30 p.m. on October 9, according to a special message from Chungking to the "Cheng Yien Pao." An earlier despatch from Chungking says that the American Mission was scheduled to arrive at the Chinese wartime capital on October 9, and all Chinese newspapers have published special articles welcoming them.

GOVERNMENT revenues from all kinds of taxes during the present fiscal year far exceed those of last year, states the "Cheng Yien Pao." The Ministry of Finance is planning to set up an Internal Revenue Bureau in every province in order to further increase tax receipts. No exact figures were revealed but it is stated that revenues from direct taxes for the present year surpass the figures for last year by 200 per cent.

THE Chinese National Government in a special mandate issued recently formally awarded gold medals to a number of Chinese individuals and organizations abroad in recognition of their patriotic contributions to the Chinese Airplane Fund. Recipients include more than ten organizations in ten localities in the Philippines, the overseas Chinese War Relief Association in Burma, and Chinese in Perak, each contributed $100,000 or more, states the "Hongkong Daily Press."

SPECIAL memorial services will be held at the auditorium of the Shanghai Special Municipality at 3 p.m., today, under the leadership of Mr. Cheng Kung-po, Mayor; Major-General Jinkuro Ochiai, Vice-Director of the Central China Liaison Office of the Asia Development Board, and Mr. Tateki Horiuchi, Japanese Consul-General, for the late Mr. Fu Siao-en, former Mayor of the Shanghai Special Municipality, who was assassinated by terrorists exactly one year ago, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports.

ANOTHER Chinese Products Exhibition will be held at the open lot in front of the Peninsula Hotel, Kowloon, on December 22, according to a decision reached at a meeting of the Chinese Manufacturers Union in Hongkong on October 3. A preparatory committee was created with Messrs. Chan Lu-sheung, Sam Tsoy-wah, Wong Kwok-wei, Chan Kee-yat and others as members. This will be the fifth annual exhibition, the previous four having won wide acclaim and attracted huge numbers of visitors, states the "Hongkong Daily Press."

R.A.F. Brings War Home to Italy With Grim Reality

BY WING COMMANDER L. V. FRASER
Special to the N.C.D.N.

London, Oct. 10.

WITH her African Empire shaken, and much of it lost, Italy now finds war being carried with determination to her homeland. After a respite, enforced by weather and long days, the R.A.F. is again attacking. Heavy bombers with bases in Britain now have darkness in which they make a round trip. Bombers with bases in the Middle East come in from the other side. Italy is being bombed from both ends and the middle.

The offensive against Italy, her empire and lines of communication is considered a campaign. Every bomb is directed against some nerve centre or supply base. At the end of September, for example, a series of attacks had Genoa, Turin, Aegean, Sicily and Sardinia as objectives. Bombers made low level attacks. A substantial part of the industrial area of Genoa has now been damaged by R.A.F. raids. A big factory in Lagnanoa (Milan, one of Italy's largest textile concerns engaged in cloth for the army) was destroyed and a thousand men were out of work.

Naples has suffered even more extensively. An oil refinery was hit, oil tanks exploded, petrol tanks set afire and the blaze lasted for two days. A railway station was damaged and a large number of casualties was caused among military personnel. A textile factory suffered considerably. In Catania between 30 and 40 aircraft were burned in one hangar and wrecked and damaged in a raid on the aerodrome. Thousands of citizens scurried to the country where they could not find accommodation, in order to escape the bombing.

Across Mediterranean

Across the Mediterranean Italy's ports suffer even more. None of her ships are safe, whether in their home ports or on the sea or in Tripolitan harbours. Some certainly get through. The passage to North African ports is short and while many ships are sunk, some escape. For those that reach port, however, danger and destruction are just as great. The R.A.F. never leave Benghazi or Tripoli long undisturbed; as soon as there is a target it is dealt with. Thanks to the greater and daily growing strength of the Royal Air Force in the Middle East it is possible to maintain a steadily increased pressure.

While bombers from Britain fly their 600 miles across enemy and enemy-occupied territory and make attacks on Northern Italy, other bombers come in and smash at the south. Weather limits the scope of attacks in the north but knowledge that the attack may come at any time is far from pleasant for the Italians. The south, however, takes its share of R.A.F. bombers which by day and night plaster ports and harbours from which the Axis convoys put out for North Africa. The dangers of a journey begin before ships are cast off from wharves. Soldiers making for the transports are liable to be bombed or machine-gunned on their journey. In a harbour, as at Palermo, their ships may be sunk before sailing. Such as do sail, run the gauntlet of attack before they reach a haven that is anything but safe.

Benghazi and Tripoli are bottlenecks of supplies and what happens when the R.A.F. pay their customary visits is well illustrated by the recent raid on Tripoli. Bombers come in over the port, the leader making a dive from about 4,000 feet to attack the tanker. Stick bombs fell true and a brilliant flash followed by belching clouds of black smoke. The resulting fire acted as a beacon for the other bombers coming in to attack and cargoes of high explosives were dropped on other ships, lighters and barges in the harbour. It must have been one of the most spectacular sights that even experienced pilots have seen, for oil battered from the tanker spread like a blazing blanket over the waters of the harbour. The attack lasted for two hours and when the aircraft left, the crews could see fire shining through smoke and haze from many miles away.

Imperative Need of Axis

Another point to be considered in the offensive against Italy is the maintenance of air ascendancy in Libya. It is an imperative need of the Axis to build up adequate forces to take the offensive in Libya and to be furnished with tanks and human material sufficient to offer a chance of success. Against this effort the R.A.F. is operating with regular success. Tripoli and Benghazi are the bottlenecks. The more they are choked the less efficient they are made. These are the greater difficulties the Nazis and Fascists have to face. These two ports are not fully sealed. Repair and rebuilding goes on, ships come in and out. They don't all go to the bottom, but efforts are costly.

Communication Lines Hammered

When men and supplies are landed the adventure is by no means finished. To bring up supplies from ports along the thousand miles of communication to the front, there is still the hazard of attacks to be run. Medium bombers harass shipping and mechanical transport in the daytime. On the roads the R.A.F. pilots are maintaining their ascending through attacks on everything they see. A road tanker set on fire and exploded: other lorries were lifted off the ground by bombs. When troops jumped and ran for cover they were machine-gunned. The persistence and variety of the R.A.F. offensive in the Mediterranean is not lost on Italians. Their morale, never very robust, does not take kindly to attacks on the homeland. The knowledge that their relatives across the Mediterranean are also suffering must provide bitter thoughts.

Demands for adequate protection increase. The Duce must send us Italian fighters, must provide more and more ground defences. The R.A.F. must be stopped. But the R.A.F. won't be stopped. Instead, the bombers return. They come down most high or skim the tops of trees to make sure. While soldiers struggle in the sands and clamour for supplies and more strength, civilians at home talk, and talk spreads. A recent visitor to Palermo was told that some of the inhabitants had cleared out "as otherwise our children would become ill from fear, worse than last year. It is too dangerous in the city." Another said "we are in greater danger than the soldiers. We are all terrified. We cannot go to bed and rest. This life is unbearable. . . . let us hope in the name of our Lady of Sorrows that it will finish and that my dear son may return. I feel done up physically and mentally."

Wang Says China Must Cooperate With Japan

Nanking, Oct. 10.

Mr. Wang Ching-wei, addressing an impressive gathering at Dr. Sun Yat-sen's mausoleum on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Chinese Republic by Dr. Sun Yat-sen, declared that the only path for China to achieve complete independence free from foreign bondage was to co-operate with Japan in the establishment of a new order in East Asia.

Citing Dr. Sun's up-hill battle for recognition as a fitting object lesson to all, Mr. Wang asserted that the "spirit of revolution shall never die."

Mr. Wang declared that the future of the Nanking Government was tied up solidly with Japan, and asserted that "the salvation of China is linked with a new order in East Asia, and conversely a new order means the salvation of China."

Monument to Wang

Commemorating the visit of Mr. Wang Ching-wei to Japan in June, the Chinese Embassy erected a monument which was unveiled today on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Chinese Republic.

Dr. Chu Min-yi, Ambassador to Tokyo, presided at the ceremonies. Meanwhile, representatives of Japan, and other nations recognizing the Nanking regime lunched at the Nanking Embassy in honour of the founding of the Chinese Republic, while more than 200 leading Chinese residents will dine there this evening.

Dr. Chu Min-yi was also expected to make a nationwide radio broadcast this evening.—Domei.

Guns On Merchant Vessels Must Outrange Raiders

New York, Oct. 10.

If we arm our merchantmen as President Roosevelt has requested, the guns to be put on them should be of a size and range to give the merchant vessels a fair chance to fight off any submarine or small surface raider.

That is, the range of the guns on the merchantmen should be sufficient to reach the enemy.

In the last war, many of our merchantmen were armed with guns that were out ranged by those of enemy submarines.

To place guns on merchantmen of smaller calibre than those used by the enemy obviously is folly.

Keep Off Enemy Planes

Likewise, the guns should have sufficient range to keep enemy planes at a height where a miss would be more likely than a hit.

Such guns should be capable of destroying dive-bombers before the bombers could let loose their deadly loads.

If we arm our merchantmen, of course Chancellor Adolf Hitler will have a legal excuse to attack them, but I believe, and most Navy men will agree with me, that it is better to arm than to resort to subterfuges such as placing American ships under Panamanian registry.—United Press.

Thailand Warned of Britain's "Wiles"

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

In an editorial captioned "Can Thailand Maintain its Neutrality," the "Chogyo Shimpo," leading metropolitan commercial daily, warned Thailand against the wiles of the United States and Great Britain, asserting that Japan would never force it to join the East Asia prosperity sphere against its will.

Japan was well aware of the fact that Thailand had long been economically dependent upon Britain and the United States, the editorial declared in warning against allowing "these economic ties to bind it so that its independence is threatened."

The paper bluntly declared that if Thailand could not break away from Britain and the United States, it was not because of economic needs, but rather that dependence upon these nations had become a habit and tradition.

"Thailand, realizing its position as a member of East Asia, must throw off the yoke of Britain and the United States," the paper declared, adding, "Even if Thailand fails to join the East Asia prosperity sphere at the instance of Britain and the United States, Japan will proceed with its avowed policy of the creation of a New Order in East Asia. If Thailand looks to the future, however, it cannot avoid cooperating with Japan."—Domei.

Grady Denies U.S. to Exploit China Mines

Manila, Oct. 10.

Dr. Henry F. Grady, special United States Treasury Department expert surveying Far Eastern economic conditions, today chuckled and denied Japanese reports that he had signed a 99-year concession with the Chinese Government for exploitation of Chinese mines.

Dr. Grady said that he had not signed any new agreements with Chungking for minerals. He explained that United States contracts covering antimony, tungsten and other vital raw materials were long existent.

Dr. Grady added that the purpose of his trip last week to Chungking was to speed up the delivery of the various strategic materials needed by the United States in the manufacture of war equipment. He stressed that deliveries of the minerals already were good, but he received assurances from the Chinese that they would make every effort to expedite the deliveries.

Japanese reports claimed that he had obtained a 99-year concession from the Chungking Government to exploit tungsten, tin, silver, copper, iron, aluminium and phosphorus mines in China in return for a loan of US$200,000,000. The reports also alleged that American experts would operate the mines under Chinese administration.—United Press

Roosevelt to Shock Country With Poor Health Reports

Washington, Oct. 10.

President Roosevelt will present at his press conference today selective service statistics to "shock" the country into correcting the conditions which cause half the young men in the United States to be unfit for military service.

He may even initiate a programme to make medical and dental supervision and examination available to a larger proportion of the population.

His advisers, however, indicated that the President was a long way from approving proposals by the Federal Security Administrator, Mr. Paul McNutt, that the Civilian Conservation Corps be used as a voluntary or mandatory conditioning agency for rejected selectees.

Dental Defects Stressed

Colonel Leonard Rowntree, chief of the selective service's medical division, after a conference with the President, Colonel Henry Stimson, War Secretary, General George Marshall, Chief of Staff, and General Lewis Hershey, acting head of the selective service, emphasized that the majority of service rejections resulted from hidden defects—disabilities of which the subject was not aware. He said that dental defects were the major cause, followed by poor eyesight.—United Press.

Winant Deplores Inactivity

Edinburgh, Oct. 10.

Deploring the fact that everybody has not yet realized the necessity of self-preservation in the fact of brute forces of conquest, Mr. John G. Winant, United States Ambassador to Britain, emphasized that defeat in this war would mean that British and American institutions and the way of life in the two countries would be retarded permanently if not entirely destroyed.

"Even the language we speak will be 'verboten,'" he declared, stressing that freedom of the individual is the greatest issue in the war.

Mr. Winant received an honorary degree of Doctor of Laws and Literature from Edinburgh University, and then was given freedom of the city.

"A short while ago we were living in a world, partly cynical and at the same time generously naive, a long time before we recognized we were compelled, not by choice but as a matter of self-preservation, to face the brute forces of conquest and all of us have not yet realized it," he declared.

"Until the elements of democracy actually are snatched from man, few of us value the heritage. There are too many who have forgotten the hard road that led to freedom and democratic Government and too many who are willing to walk with democracy only when it appears in silver slippers, in the sunshine, and with applause."—United Press.

THE CINEMA

"My Life With Caroline"

Anthony ..... Ronald Colman
Caroline ..... Anna Lee
Bliss ..... Charles Winninger
Paul ..... Reginald Gardiner
Paco Del Valle ..... Gilbert Roland
Helen ..... Katherine Leslie

Although almost unbelievable in theme, "My Life with Caroline," which opened at the Cathay Theatre yesterday is a lively comedy of marital troubles experienced by the debonnair Mr. Ronald Colman with his romance-seeking wife, played by Miss Anna Lee, an old favourite of the British screen, who makes her American debut in this film. The majority of cinema-goers will enjoy the picture, although there will be a number—and a great number at that—who will wonder how the hero can forgive his wife continually for her love affairs even if she is innocent as the script would have one believe. The redeeming features of the picture are the situations and the acting of its principals, who from the star down to the last bit player perform creditably. Mr. Colman, despite his years, is still Mr. Colman, and this should satisfy all who have seen him in the course of the last decade or so. Miss Lee has undoubtedly scored a success and fans may be assured of seeing her in more American films. The girl is beautiful and talented, enacting her role so naturally that one wonders if any other Hollywood actress—of greater repute—could have done better. Fine performances are also given by Messrs. Charles Winninger and Reginald Gardiner, with the former simply delightful as the heroine's father, chiefly "concerned with a place to live" and not with whom he will live. Mr. Gardiner is the "other" man and he, too, scores in his largest role to date. The main feature is preceded by the pictorial record of the Joe Louis—Billy Conn world championship fight that is a thriller from the beginning to the fatal thirteenth round when Conn throws all caution to the winds in an effort to knock the Brown Bomber out—only to be counted out because he made the mistake of trading punches with the champion. Up to that round, Conn definitely led on points and had Louis reeling in the twelfth.—T.M.

"In The Navy"

Smoky ..... Bud Abbott
Pomeroy ..... Lou Costello
Tommy Halstead ..... Dick Powell
Dorothy Roberts ..... Claire Dodd
Dynamite ..... Dick Foran
and the Andrews Sisters

The insanity cycle in comedy is back again. Otherwise how can one account for the tremendous popularity of that hectic partnership of Mr. Bud Abbott and Mr. Lou Costello. The team returns in "In the Navy," which opened yesterday to capacity houses at the Nanking Theatre. They were even more hilarious than they were in "Buck Privates," if such a thing is possible. But the two comedians are by no means allowed to monopolize the limelight; they receive stiff competition from Mr. Dick Powell—who has now developed into a more personable actor—from the three Andrew sisters, from the pretty Miss Claire Dodd and from Butch and Buddy, the two diminutive nuisances. The presence of Mr. Dick Powell and the Andrew sisters gives only a hint of the musical side of the picture: "Oceana Roll," crooning numbers and "boogie woogie" pieces—they're all there. For ninety minutes of light-hearted distraction, nothing could be more attractive for the theatre-goer than a visit to the Nanking Theatre. Mr. Bud Abbott and Mr. Lou Costello have now been in the army and the navy; their next logical choice will probably be the air force. God help the air force.—E.P.A.

F. R. Russell, son of Sir John Russell, director of the Rothamsted Experimental Station, Harpenden, is a prisoner of war. He was serving with the Australian Expeditionary Force, and was wounded.

Tokyo Diplomats Face Cold Winter

Tokyo, Oct. 10.

The American and British Embassies and the Canadian Legation have failed in effort to obtain Japanese permits to purchase oil with which to operate heating plants this winter, it was learned here today.—United Press.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

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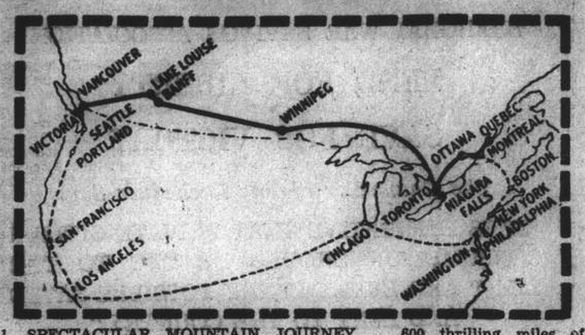

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SHIPPING NEWS

After being delayed for one day, the freighter **Norse Carrier**, Jardine, Matheson Co., Ltd., arrived in Shanghai on Thursday from Palembang with 4,200 tons of coal for discharge.

* * *

Operated by Wallem and Co., the Filipino freighter, **Florence D.**, will leave Shanghai on Monday morning bound for Manila. The vessel arrived here from Manila on Thursday with a cargo of lumber.

* * *

After a stay of five days, the **Capella** is scheduled to sail from her berth at lower buoys 19 and 20 tomorrow morning direct to Bangkok with a considerable amount of cargo. The freighter is operated by the Tung Cheng and Co.

* * *

The **Kobe Maru**, T.K.K. express liner, will sail on her return trip to Nagasaki and Kobe at 9.30 a.m. today. Passengers leaving are requested to board the vessel half an hour before sailing time. The ship arrived in Shanghai yesterday.

* * *

The freighter **Pluto**, East Asiatic Co., Ltd., is scheduled to sail from her berth at lower buoys 23 and 24 on Monday morning on her return trip to Port Courbet. The freighter arrived here on Tuesday from the same port with a consignment for coal for discharge.

* * *

The **Tientsin Maru**, D.K.K. Line, is due in Shanghai about 9 a.m. today from Dairen by way of Tsingtao. She will dock alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf. She is bringing many passengers and a consignment of cargo as well as the next northern mail for discharge.

* * *

The arrival of the frighter **Thepsatri Nawa**, flying the Thailand flag, has been delayed and the vessel will come into port tomorrow morning instead of yesterday as previously announced. She is coming straight from Palembang with 4,268 tons of coal for the Shanghai Power Company.

Vessels Sailing

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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Antai	Hainkong	Chung Hua
Sanko M 11	Tientsin	T.K.K.
Tangahan M.	Tientsin	T.K.K.
Takunan M.	Keelung	Y.K.K.
Kobe M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Tyson Lykes	New Orlean	A.P.L.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Tachi M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Pelkong	Jap.	Showa S.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
E. Carlotto	It.	Gbt.	Garden Jetty
Eritrea	It.	Gbt.	1-2 B.
Lepanto	It.	Gbt	1-2 B

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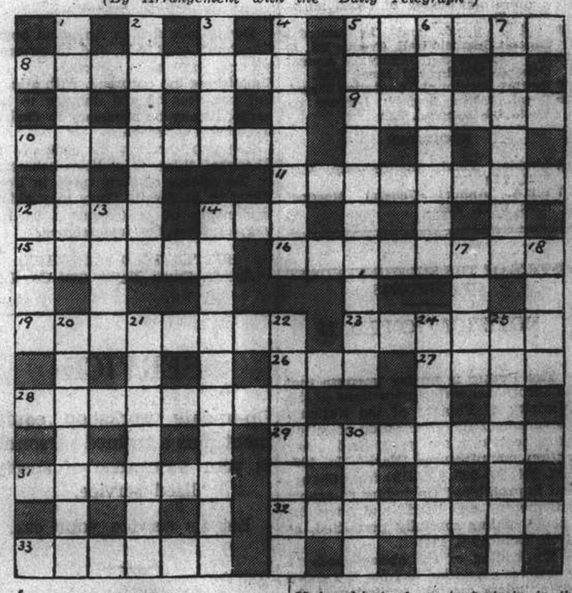
(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph")



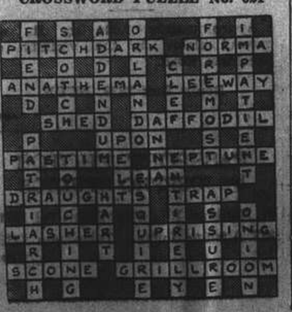
ACROSS

5 This girl is often to be heard in church
8 A phase of war of which speed is the very core
9 It's the change, of course, that would make this man wander
10 This country sometimes drops the seond letter
11 Not an excessive representation of style and allowance
12 An effort to win the game?
14 This dent does not deface a penny
15 An unimportant figure, possibly
16 No, the sailor does not keep his "shanties" herein
19 Branch of mathematics that accounts for the Y.M.C.S.'s din
23 Quite ordinary, with choice of letters first
26 This den is not at all obvious
27 Monkeys made this recess
28 This can result in one's getting too much of a good thing!
29 This is laid down as being essential on many boards
31 The whitest of the white, this fellow
32 A subject of constant strain in the kitchen
33 Thi sword never was much used, and is going out

DOWN

1 Waste away, like a prize
2 No small reminder of a past age
3 Cut with masculine start
4 Some cairn!
5 From this structure one gets sporting observations (two words)
6 Methodical arrangement of dry lore
7 This does not make for activity
12 A fish
13 Instruction for internal examination
14 Disloyal, to put it mildly
17 An indication of a somewhat violent meeting
18 On a lake this would mean only a mere disturbance
20 Festive fuel, this (two words)
21 A long step towards riding, in a way
22 Shakespearean character
24 Not a good-tempered fence
25 Put on
30 Invalid

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 621



PROFITTABLE COMMERCIAL STATIONERY

A moment of reflection may sometimes save you money. Should you require any printing done, it is always wise to consult a printing house of repute, for it will pay you in the long run—both in economy and quality. The "North-China" Printing Department will be pleased to help with your problems.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephone 11035, Extension 1

TRANSFER
16
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TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Fine and cloudy weather with fresh south-easterly to south-westerly winds around Shantung. Cloudy to overcast at times with rather fresh south-easterly winds over our regions and the eastern sea. Local rain to the south of the Yangtze.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 63.0 max. 78.5	min. 62.6 max. 81.1
„ same date last year	min. 60.0 max. 77.0	min. 57.2 max. 78 1

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

DEC 24 1941
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AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Oct. 11, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with P.A.A. trans-Atlantic Air service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Oct. 11, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary.

Shanghai-Tsingtao Air Mail close on every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 6 p.m.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail close on every Monday, Tuesday and Friday at 6 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Oct. 31, 1941.

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1941 (21st day of 8th moon)

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
Single copies 40 cents

Shanghai delivery .....6 mos.	$60
China, Korea and Japan ..... „	64
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Postal Union Countries ..... „	124

NORTH-CHINA HERALD
EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the North-China Daily News
Single copies $2

Shanghai, China and Japan ..6 mos.	$42
Hongkong and Macao ..... „	44
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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald, Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

BIRTH

TRIBE.—On October 10, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Pauline, wife of Geo. I. TRIBE, a son. -4697

DEATH

KOPELMAN.—On Friday, October 10, 1941, at his residence, 505 Grosvenor House, OSSIP KOPELMAN, beloved husband of Helen and father of Rudolph. Funeral will take place in Baikal Road Cemetery, at 11.30 a.m., Sunday, October 12. No flowers by request. Hongkong papers please copy. -4639

FUNERAL

The Funeral of the late CHARLES SASSOON GUBBAY will be held at the Mohawk Road (Jewish) Cemetery, on Sunday, October 12, 1941, at 12.30 p.m. No flowers by request. Donations to charities will be appreciated. -4627

CHANGES OF ADDRESS

Dr. and Mrs.
WILLIAM JOHN ISENMAN
to
400 Avenue Haig (Haig Court)
Flat 42.
Telephone 22428.
11767

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

OCTOBER

11 Exhibition of Paintings by M. A. Radik, Cath. Boys School, 39 Myburgh Rd. 1-6 p.m.
11 Light Opera vocal concert. Salle des Fetes. 11 Rte. Vallon. 8.30
11 Y.M.C.A. founded (1844)
11 Sun Yat-sen imprisoned in Chinese Legation, London (1896)

COMING EVENTS

OCTOBER

12 Exhibition of Paintings by M. A. Radik, Cath. Boys School, 39 Myburgh Rd. 1-6 p.m.
13 Schumann's Dichterlieder sung by Robert Stuart, XGDN, 9.30
15 Bill Hegamin and His Gang, XGDN, 9.30
16 Russ. L. Opera, Holland Girl, 8.45 Lyc.
16 Royal Asiatic Society. Mr. Voigt, Lecture on 'A Chinese Lake.' 5.30.
17 'The Londoners'—A Dramatic Sketch, XGDN, 9.30
18 8th Co. Girl Guides Fun Fair Entirely in aid of British War Fund. Cathedral Girls' School, 2
19 Dramatic Readings by Thomas Lyell, XGDN, 9.30
20 Engineering Society of China Meeting, 5.45
23 'EJAS' Vocal and Instrumental Concert, Masonic Hall, Avenue Rd., 9.
24 St. Andrew's Society: Annual General Meeting, 27 Bund, 5.45.
26 Rowing Regatta at Tungkadoo Wharf.
30 Royal Asiatic Society, Lecture on 'Buddhist Temples', 5.30.

NOVEMBER

6 Limbless Fund, Jumble Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30
7 B.R.A. Annual General Meeting, Race Club, 5.30.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF CUSTOMS

NOTIFICATION No. 13

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that in accordance with instructions of the Ministry of Finance of the National Government the exportation of cotton yarn, cotton piece goods and other cotton manufactures (Tariff No. 192-197, 261, 206-208, 210-213) from Shanghai is prohibited (including re-export shipments, ex bond and transhipment), unless specially permitted, as from October 8, 1941.

No loading of the above goods to vessels is permitted as from the above date, unless special permission is obtained even though other Customs formalities have been fulfilled.

LI CHIEN NAN.
Superintendent of Customs.

Shanghai, October 8, 1941.
11795

A PERFECT SEAT

can be acquired by being expertly taught by one of the following instructors:

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by giving to

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11709

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After We Sell—WE SERVE

SS. "PAKHOI", CARRYING CARGO EX "MENTOR", "STENTOR" FROM U.K. TRANSHIPPED AT HONGKONG

This vessel met with a casualty on her voyage on 3rd October and owing to expenses having been incurred in bringing her into port and damage having resulted to her cargo it will probably be necessary to declare a General Average.

Consignees of cargo by this vessel may obtain particulars from the undersigned with regard to the formalities to be complied with in securing delivery.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents
OCEAN STEAM SHIP COMPANY LTD.
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAV. CO., LTD.
11761

SS. "Anshun" on voyage S'hai, Amoy, Hongkong, Straits Ports, left Shanghai 30.9.41, on fire at Amoy 2.10.41.

Owing to a fire in Amoy on board "Anshun" on 2.10.41, and to extraordinary expenses incurred in extinguishing the outbreak, with attendent sacrifices of and damage to her cargo, it may be necessary to declare a General Average.

Shippers desiring to complete in Shanghai those formalities necessary to the release of their cargo in Hong Kong or at Straits Ports may obtain particulars of requirements in this respect from the undersigned.

BUTTERFIELD and SWIRE,
Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
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937 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 72387
11709

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FOR SALE

Over the years you have probably collected a lot of stuff you do not want and cannot use. Perhaps these despised chattels are just what someone else does want. Advertise them for sale in our classified columns and do yourself a double service

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	Oct. 9 16.00	Oct. 9 21.00	Oct. 10 4.00	Oct. 10 9.00
Barometer (inches)	30.26	30.30	30.27	30.30
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.04	+0.05	+0.01	0.00
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	+0.00	0.00	+0.01	0.00
Wind (direction)	E	E	E/S	ESE
„ (miles per hour)	12.4	1.9	2.5	11.2
Temperature (Fahr.)	74.3°	65.7°	64.4°	74.3°
Humidity (per cent)	55	74	90	73
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	3	3	1	5
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Oct. 9	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.28	+0.05	30.07
Temperature: min. 57.9° max. 80.6°	69.3°	—0.3°	65.7°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	56.82	—	39.17

Time and Tide	11/10	12/10	13/10	14/10	15/10	16/10	17/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.53	5.54	5.54	5.55	5.56	5.56	5.57
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.28	17.27	17.26	17.25	17.23	17.22	17.21
Moon rises at Shanghai	21.33	22.21	23.12	—	0.07	1.05	2.04
Moon sets at Shanghai	10.42	11.30	12.13	13.03	13.47	14.28	15.09
Flood makes Shai. (day)	12.00	12.40	13.51	15.25	17.16	6.44	7.51
Ebb. makes Shai. (day)	6.01	6.30	7.15	8.25	10.01	12.15	13.13
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	14.46	15.35	16.45	5.56	8.08	9.22	9.55
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	8.50	7.35	6.60	5.52	6.92	8.40	9.40

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 9th:—High and steady pressure over China and Japan. Fresh northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Cloudy, fine and cool weather in China.

State on the morning of the 10th:—Fine weather. Easterly breezes. High and steady pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

SATURDAY, October 11. *Reg.* *Ord.*

Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*19.00	7.15
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Ningbsien (Ningpo)	10.30	11.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. India & Suez via Hongkong	x 18.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
SUNDAY, October 12.		
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	10.00	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

*The night before.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

Next parcel mail for U.S.A. closes on Oct. 31, 1941.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore via Hongkong on Sept. 11, at 7 p.m. for registered and at 8 p.m. for ordinary.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking daily at 10.30 p.m. (Except Saturdays.)
Hankow at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.
Anking and Kiukiang at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays.
Tsingtao at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Thursdays.
Tientsin and Peiping daily at 10.30 p.m. (Except Saturdays.)
Haichow, Kweiteh, Tungshan, Tsinan, Kalgan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shihkiachwang, Changte, Sinsiang, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen at 10.30 p.m. on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Canton, Swatow and Hoihow at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong by the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 9.30 p.m.
Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
T.P.R. north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kokiao and Shaoshing daily at 1 p.m.
Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Portuguese Benevolent Society

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Hongkew Golf Club	140
IN MEMORY OF FRANCISCA G. DA COSTA	
Collaco	$10

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USED cars, trucks, bought and sold 365 Avenue Foch, telephone 83317, ask Mr. Rosenblum. -4419

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 11619

1932 Fiat, four-door sedan, four-cylinder, in good condition. Telephone 76990 office hours. -4811

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Animals

FOR SALE, spitz, German police pups and pedigreed doberman pinchers. 967 Avenue Joffre, House 16. -4836

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470 Seymour Road, 12 Pacific Gardens. One room facing south. Excellent food. Telephone 30376. -4748

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Positions Vacant

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THOROUGHLY competent Chinese male stenographer for journalistic work, very fast and accurate in dictation, experience not necessary, but an advantage. Box 2852, NCDN. -4853

WANTED, experienced Chinese salesman and salesladv for shop, with perfect knowledge of English. 695 Avenue Joffre. -4817

WANTED bar-girls, fixed salary. 990 Bubbling Well Road, telephone 33644 from 4 p.m. to 10 p.m. -4835

WANTED stenotypist with perfect knowledge of English and French. Apply stating experience and salary expected. Address Box 2822, NCDN. -4778

WANTED by foreign firm, Chinese or foreign girl stenotypist. Apply stating experience if any and salary expected to Box 2793, NCDN. -4712

Business Opportunities

EXPERT bookbinder wants partner, foreigner or Chinese, able invest $30,000-$50,000. Box 2764, NCDN. -4865

BEST rates offered U.S. Dollar drafts and cheques. Address Box 2823, NCDN. -4777

Educational

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A. photographic classes (still pictures and movies), for amateurs and advanced pupils starting Tuesday, October 14, 7 p.m. Apply Educational Office, Telephone 92250. 11695

WANTED lessons in English conversation and commercial correspondence, from experienced English/American teacher, by Japanese businessman. State terms. Address Box 2845, NCDN. -4822

LADY speaking Italian and French, gives German and English lessons. Address Box 2801, NCDN. -4728

GERMAN conversation, grammar, commercial correspondence, shorthand lessons by experienced lady teacher. Best Shanghai references. 884 Bubbling Well Road, Apartment 117. Telephone 33833. -4818

SINGING teacher, qualified pedagogue, (Allied national), gives lessons in concert, operatic and general vocal training at moderate fees, at pupil's residence. Free audition and consultation. Box 2819, NCDN. -4764

FRENCH and Italian lessons, grammar and conversation, by experienced, elderly gentleman teacher. Box 2774, NCDN. -4684

HANDWRITING lessons given by experienced teacher. Surprising results in few weeks. Box 2762, NCDN. NCDN. -4683

FRENCH private lessons, grammar, conversation, literature, by experienced French lady-teacher. Address Box 2278, NCDN. -3768

FRENCH lessons wanted from experienced French lady or gentleman. State details to Box 2840, NCDN. -4809

WANTED, English-speaking, qualified teacher, school subjects, girl 11 years, 9 to 12 daily, at pupil's home, commencing January. Box 2816, NCDN. -4757

CHINESE lessons by well-educated Chinese lady, speaking English, French. Telephone 77190 mornings or after 4 p.m. -4693

Lost

LOST, Holt's Wharf sub-delivery order No. A3047 for 23 x 300 lb. drums bleaching powder. Declared null and void. Tai Han Kee (發源記). -4796

NOTICE is hereby given that Share Certificates of Messrs. Vigorwheat, Limited (in voluntary liquidation), numbered 25, 28 and 33, covering shares numbered 4513 to 4558 and 4479 to 4578 and 4879 to 4889 respectively, are lost and declared null and void by the undersigned in whom the foregoing interest had been vested and by whom application will accordingly be made for benefits accrued thereon. Young Chung Sheng, 49 Hwa Kee Avenue, Shanghai, October 11, 1941. -4832

LOST native pass No. NAe 17406 N in triangle 204 bags of rape seed cakes import date 27/6/41 D/R No. 482407. Declared null and void. Higuchi & Co 11749

LOST, Customs Identification Cards Nos. 1496 and 334 for "Slave Ship" and Movietonews Vol. 21-60 respectively, declared null and void. Twentieth Century Fox. -4717

Cameras

BEFORE evacuating: wanted Leica or Contax, with accessories if possible. Box 2720, NCDN. 11663

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A. photographic classes (still pictures and movies), for amateurs and advanced pupils starting Tuesday, October 14, 7 p.m. Apply Educational Office, Telephone 92250. 11695

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET, four-roomed house, two-roomed flat, modern conveniences, steamheating with big garden. Apply Lane 42, 19 Tunsin Road. 11780

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, 1ift 374 Kiangse Road. Apartment 30, second-floor. -4807

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.80.

BUSINESS college graduate with no previous experience, seeks position. Small remuneration for start. Box 2841, NCDN. -4810

EXPERT British accountant, holding excellent references, will control or keep your books, compile balance sheet, profit and loss etc. during or after office hours. Very moderate fee. Box 2847, NCDN. -4831

ALLIED national, aged 28, seeks position. Experienced general office work, accountancy, organisation, correspondence. Best references. Box 2760, NCDN. -4681

KINDERGARTEN teacher from Vienna speaking German, French and playing piano is looking for employment with children or as lady's companion. Address Box 2770, NCDN. -4798

QUALIFIED mechanical engineer, Russian nationality, 31, experienced in practical and office work appertaining to the trade, requires responsible position. Box 2759, NCDN. -4689

EXPERIENCED children's nurse. Good references. Back from Australia. Outport no objection. Reply Box 2832, NCDN. -4791

YOUNG intelligent Russian, technical education, experienced property caretaker, seeks position. Address Box 2833, NCDN. -4792

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GOLF clubs, wanted for lady and gentleman, preferably complete sets. Telephone 70210. -4772

POLARIMETER or polariscope, new or used. Apply to Dah Teh Shing Oil Mill, 105 Kiangse Road, Second Floor, Telephone 18571. -4784

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